"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day and to-morrow; light west winds.

VOL. LVII...NO. 18,377. NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 18, 1908.—SIXTEEN PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark, ONE CENT Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

GERMAN STAFF AIDS PARIS AUTO RACER

Sends $5,000 to Koeppen and Tells Him to Take Protos Car to Victory.

DE DION FELL INTO RIVER

Scarfoglio Tells of Adventures in Japan —French Crew Anxious to Finish the Race.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 17.—According to a private dispatch to the Matin from Vladivostok the General Staff of the German Army has just cabled to Lieut. Koeppen, who is in charge of the German Protos car in the New York to Paris race, the sum of 20,000 marks, (about $5,000,) with the exhortation to him to carry the German flag to victory.

As the French De Dion and the Italian Zust cars have now been definitely withdrawn from the race, the Protos and the American Thomas cars are the only competitors left. The Thomas car is expected at Vladivostok to-morrow.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 17.—In a dispatch from Tsuruga, Japan, which will be printed in to-morrow's Daily Mail, Antonio Scarfoglio of the crew of the Italian Zust car gives a picturesque description of the trip across Japan in the New York to Paris race before the departure for Vladivostok, where the De Dion and Zust cars have been ordered to withdraw from the race. It is interesting to note Scarfoglio's quotation of the French crew's intense desire to go on.

"We arrived in Yokohama ten days ago," cables Scarfoglio, "and are now about to depart from Tsuruga by boat for Vladivostok. The French De Dion car arrived with us at Yokohama, but was condemned to inactivity by the owners. Hence the three brave Frenchmen were wandering through Yokohama worried, hungry but steadfast. They will go on living by selling postcards, fortune telling, or anything, but will drive on to Paris or die in the attempt.

"When we started from Yokohama, on May 6, the De Dion car started with us, its occupants having miraculously overcome the financial difficulties.

"After leaving Atami we were for twenty-four hours continuously ascending mountains, not like the toilsome yet friendly slopes of the Rockies, but only goat tracks covered with stones.

"The De Dion broke down a bridge and fell into a river. As the engines were exhausted we had to be pulled out by a host of coolies. We covered three miles in one day and a night.

"We started on the morning of May 11 for Tsuruga from Otsu. Before us was a bridgeless river without fords. We built a bridge ourselves. At night we were 110 miles from Tsuruga, which we were obliged to reach Tuesday noon in order to catch the steamer for Vladivostok.

"A disaster met us when our acetylene generator was smashed against a tree. However, we got along with an oil lamp, and at daybreak sighted the port, where, some hours later, we put up our car in a temple. The crowds which gathered made no protest against the mud-covered car profaning the sacred precincts."

ZUST CAR SURELY TO RACE.

Will Carry Italian Colors in the Double Transcontinental Contest.

A cablegram was received yesterday from the Zust Motor Company of Milan saying that one of its cars will certainly be entered in the race from New York to San Francisco and return, proposed by THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The dispatch said that a final agreement had been entered into with Il Progresso, whereby that newspaper will have an interest in the entry of the Zust. "Our car will represent the Italian colors in the contest," the cablegram closes.

TENEMENT SET ABLAZE.

Oil-Soaked Rags Found in the Hallway of a Bronx Building.

Tenants in a four-story tenement house at 140 Lincoln Avenue in the Bronx were thrown into a panic about 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning when a fire of incendiary origin was discovered in the hallway on the second floor. The police arrived in time to extinguish the flames and found evidence that a deliberate attempt to burn the building had been made.

Mrs. Joseph Mall, who lives with her husband on the second floor, was awakened by the crackling of flames in the hallway just outside their door. The room was filled with smoke. She opened the door and then ran screaming to the front window. Her husband was awakened, and he ran for a bucket of water and threw the contents on the flames.

Policeman Murray of the Alexander Avenue Station heard the woman scream, and as he ran into the house he met a score of terror-stricken tenants coming down the stairway in a panic. Others were climbing down the fire escape. There are ten families living in the house, and all were awakened by the time Murray reached the second floor. He and Mall succeeded in getting the flames under control with buckets of water.

Near the place where the fire started the police found a stone jug which had contained oil, also a bottle in which traces of oil were found, and a half-burned white sweater, which had been saturated with oil and put against the woodwork of the building. The articles were taken to the police station, and Detective Bernstein of the Alexander Avenue Station was sent to the house to watch it for the rest of the night.

AERONAUT AT STORM'S MERCY

Was Driven Helplessly by a Fifty-Mile Gale, but Lands Safely.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—After being buffeted about while four miles above the earth in a gale that bore him northward fifty miles an hour, without motor or steering gear, and with a large hole ripped in the envelope, John Berry, a St. Louis amateur aeronaut who made an ascension here to-day, landed safely at Orchard Farm, Ill. The distance as the crow flies is forty-five miles, and was covered in less than ninety minutes, but it is estimated that seventy-five miles was made by the balloon before the descent.

A dirigible balloon was used, but the steering apparatus had to be abandoned and the aerial journey made in the envelope which left the aeronaut entirely at the mercy of the wind. When the storm centre was struck the gas bag was hurled hither and thither uncontrolled.

This morning Berry, to test his dirigle, took the bag to the roof of his workshop, a three-story building. He had already run a gas pipe to the roof, and there he inflated the envelope. A strong wind, the forerunner of a storm which uprooted trees and frightened the people who feared a cyclone, was blowing, and as the envelope filled it tugged at its moorings, the wind almost tearing it from the grasp of the men holding it.

WON'T DISCUSS RACE IN AIR.

Wright Brothers Have Nothing to Say About Farman's Challenge.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., May 17.—"Thanks," said Wilbur Wright when the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES delivered a message to him this afternoon at Manteo, N. C., advising him that Henry Farman had challenged the Wright brothers to a speed, time, and distance flying machine race in France for stakes of $5,000.

Asked whether the challenge would be accepted, Mr. Wright smiled and said there would be no answer to the question. He would not comment on the challenge in any way. He also refused to state any conditions in which the Wright brothers might race Farman.

The chances are that the Wrights are not yet ready to accept or give challenges. Wilbur Wright will leave Manteo for Dayton, Ohio, to-morrow. Orville will leave on Wednesday or Thursday.

It is said that the Wright brothers have a machine abroad and that they, together with their machinist, Furnass, will sail from New York soon to enter their machine in contests in foreign countries. They are expected to return to this country in time to enter the Government contests at Fort Myer, Va., in August, after which they will again return to Manteo to make further experiments.

TRIAL OF AN AERODROME.

Another Flier Turned Out by the Aerial Experiment Association.

HAMMONDSPORT, N. Y., May 17.—A preliminary trial was made this evening of the aerodrome White Wing, designed by F. W. Baldwin and constructed by the Aerial Experiment Association, of which Dr. Graham Bell is Chairman.

The aviator's seat was occupied by Lieut. Thomas Selfridge, U. S. A. No attempt was made to rise into the air and none will be made until the operators are satisfied they have the machine under full control on the ground.

The Aerial Experiment Association at present has five members—Alexander Graham Bell, F. W. Baldwin, J. A. D. McCurdy, Glen H. Curtiss, and Thomas Selfridge. Their common object is the construction or a practical aerodrome, or flying machine, to be driven through the air by its own motive power. The association has already built two aerodromes—Selfridge's Red Wing, upon plans approved by Lieut. Selfridge, and the White Wing, upon plans approved by F. W. Baldwin. The tetrahedral aerodrome of Dr. Bell will probably come next, and then the aerodromes of Mr. Curtiss and Mr. McCurdy.

It is expected that all these aerodromes will be built within the present year. The Red Wing was completely demolished March 17 of this year.

RAIDING IN CHINATOWN.

Two Fan-Tan Games Broken Up and the Colony Scared.

Inspector Russell of the Second Inspection District and Detectives Moonan and Flood of his staff yesterday raided a fan-tan game on the first floor of a house in Mott Street, where they arrested seven Chinamen, including the alleged proprietor, Lee Song, of 18 Doyers Street. The detectives got a peck measure full of dominoes, buttons, and other articles used in the game, and $27.58 which they said was on the table when they entered the place. There were about 100 Chinamen in the place, but all but seven got away by scrambling up back stairs and out on fire escapes and roofs.

Detectives McCutcheon, Roy, and Cuddell, under Capt. McNally, raided a fan-tan game in a basement in Pell Street at 8 o'clock last night. They captured a large basketful of dominoes and buttons used in fantan, and a canvas bag containing $141.25, which, the detectives say, was swept into the canvas bag by one of the prisoners, Jim Tong, when he saw the police entering.

There were nearly 100 Chinamen in this place, but they fled so fast up rear stairways that only seven were caught, including Chim Sam or 84 Mott Street, the alleged keeper. The noise caused by the excitement in this raid brought 3,000 Chinamen out of the many doorways in Chinatown. There were never so many Chinese out on the streets on a Sunday night before, the police said. The prisoners in both raids were locked up in the Elizabeth Street Station.

NO ACTION ON CURRENCY.

Vreeland Still Keeps His Republican Colleagues in the Dark.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Contrary to general expectations there was no conference on currency to-day between the House and Senate conferrees. The belief is general that Mr. Vreeland, author of the bill under discussion, and Chairman of the managers on the part of the House, has taken matters into his own hands and arranged some compromise with Senator Aldrich in an effort to force some form of the Senate bill on the House.

Representatives Weeks and Burton, his Republican colleagues at the conference, are altogether in the dark. They agree practically with Representative Hill in his statement that "things are shifting too fast for anybody to keep up with them." They are both ready to fight to the last any compromise on essential features of the so-called Vreeland bill.

The insurgents are again gathering their forces to fight whatever conference report Mr. Vreeland may bring in. In the event of that report favoring the adoption of substantial features of the Senate measure, the insurgents expect Mr. Burton and Mr. Weeks to join their ranks, bringing with them many other recruits. The Democrats, of course, will vote solidly against any report that is made.

OTTO T. HESS DIES OF STRANGE MALADY

Physicians Here and Abroad Fail to Diagnose the Cause of His Illness.

WAS ILL MORE THAN A YEAR

Recurrent Monthly Attacks Brought His Temperature Above 106— A Well-Known Lawyer.

Otto Theodore Hess, head of the law firm of Hess, Churchill & Marlow of 74 Broadway, one of the best-known young lawyers of the junior bar of this city, died last night at his residence, 307 West Eightieth Street, of a fever which has baffled the greatest diagnosticians in this country and Europe for the last sixteen months.

In speaking of the strange malady that caused Mr. Hess's death, Mark W. Potter, a lawyer of 24 Broad Street, said last night:

"He was seized with the first attack of this mysterious malady in February, 1907, and has had attacks about every month ever since. During his periodical attacks of fever his temperature went up to 106 7-10. Since he was first taken ill thirty of the best diagnosticians in America have been called in consultation with his regular family physician, Dr. E. P. Shelby of 116 West Seventy-fourth Street, but the disease baffled them all.

"Mr. Hess went to Europe and to Bermuda to see if the change of climate would do him any good and consulted the best physicians there, but they could not stop the recurrence of the monthly attacks of fever. He also went to Dr. Edward Quintard's private sanitarium, 145 West Fifty-eighth Street, for six weeks.

"The doctors in consultation agreed that Mr. Hess was suffering from an internal abscess, which caused the fever periodically when it discharged into the system, but they could not locate its position to perform an operation. He gradually got weaker after each attack until his death yesterday."

Dr. Shelby, when asked about the case last night, refused to discuss it in any way, and Dr. Quintard said that the patient had been out of his hands for some time. The last consulting physician was Dr. Edward G. Janeway, 36 West Fortieth Street, who was out of town last night.

The death certificate has not yet been signed, and it is understood that it will be held over until the doctors have been able to perform a post-mortem examination to-day.

Otto Hess was the son of Leon Hess of the firm of Hess, Goldsmith & Co., silk merchants, 53 Greene Street, and was born in this city in 1875. He was graduated at Columbia with high honors in the class of 1893. After leaving college he studied law with the firm of Hornblower, Miller & Potter of 24 Broad Street, and later went into partnership with James W. Osborne, after Mr. Osborne left the District Attorney's office, under the name of Osborne & Hess. Two years ago Mr. Hess withdrew from this partnership and founded the law firm of Hess, Churchill & Marlow, at 74 Broadway, in which he took an active part until a year ago, when the mysterious illness obliged him to give up his work.

Mr. Potter, after speaking of Mr. Hess's illness, said: "I have known Otto Theodore Hess for the last twelve years, and took a great interest in him and admired him very much. He was advancing with rapid strides when he was stricken with the illness that has killed him. The rise of Mr. Hess, for such a young man, was wonderful. In fact, I can say that he was the most brilliant young lawyer that I have met in the last twelve years. This opinion, I know, is shared by William B. Hornblower, James W. Osborne, John N. Bowers, and the leading lawyers of this city, who have come in contact with Mr. Hess."

The funeral service will be held at the Hess residence, 307 West Eightieth Street, at 7:30 o'clock to-night, and the interment will take place at Richmond, Va. Mr. Hess married Miss Henningham Watkins Spellman of Richmond six years ago. Mrs. Hess and a son 3 years of age survive him. Mr. Hess was a member of the New York Athletic, City, and Lawyers' Clubs, and the Columbia College Alumni Associations.

2 KILLED BY TROLLEY CARS.

Woman Knocked Down in Coney Island—Aged Man Hit in This City.

Mrs. Louis Frank of 196 Chrystie Street was killed by a trolley car at Twenty-second Street and Gravesend Avenue, Brooklyn, last night. She was crossing the street with her husband and Mrs. Rebecca Weiner of 1,057 First Avenue, who had a nine-months'-old baby in her arms. All four were hit by the car and knocked down, but no one was seriously injured except Mrs. Frank.

An ambulance was summoned from the Coney Island Reception Hospital, but it did not arrive for nearly three-quarters of an hour, fifteen minutes after the woman died in a roadside hotel. The motorman of the car, which was of the Ninth Avenue line, bound for Coney Island, came back after the accident, but was ordered to proceed by an Inspector and was not arrested. The car, which bystanders said was No. 1,498, was later found dark on a sidetrack at the Coney Island terminal. Men in the car which collected after the accident told the police of the Parkville Station that they believed the numbers of the motorman and conductor were 647 and 4,616, respectively. These numbers will be traced.

Mrs. Frank had gone with her husband to look over a new plot which they had purchased a few days ago in Washington Cemetery. After leaving the cemetery they went to Kohn's Hotel at Twenty-second and Gravesend Avenues for refreshments, and at 9 o'clock started for Kalmuk's Hotel, which is diagonally across the road, about 200 yards north. They were hit while crossing.

James Corrigan of 212 East Eighty-first Street was struck and instantly killed by a northbound Second Avenue car at Eighty-first Street yesterday. A prayer book, rosary, and cross in his pockets aided in making the identification positive. Corrigan was 70 years old.

TWO DEAD IN A LAUNCH.

Craft Runs Ashore—Nothing to Show the Cause of Death.

ST. IGNACE, Mich., May 17.—Two men, believed to be fishermen named Johnson and McCauley, from Beaver Island, were found dead last night in a gasoline launch that was seen to run ashore Thursday at an isolated point on Green Island.

Nothing was found in the boat or on the bodies to indicate the manner of death.

KING MANUEL'S FIRST LOVE.

Refuses, It Is Said, to Cast Off Girl Who Won His Boyish Heart.

LISBON, May 17.—The Mundo prints a romantic story about King Manuel's attachment for the young daughter of a lady-in-waiting to Queen Amelie, which threatens to disrupt the matrimonial plans which are being laid for him.

King Carlos and Queen Amelie were fully aware of the fondness of Manuel when a Prince for the girl, who is connected with the highest Portuguese nobility, but they considered it simply a childish fancy.

Since Prince Manuel's unexpected accession to the throne a suitable alliance with a European royal house is regarded as a necessity of state. Queen Amelie and the Duke of Oporto have been casting about to find an available Princess, both favoring one of British extraction because of the close relations between the countries. A few days ago they were openly canvassing the matter in the King's presence, when to their great astonishment he suddenly announced as his unalterable choice his early love, and proclaimed his determination either to marry her or nobody.

Remonstrance on the ground of reasons of state were without effect, and as a consequence the lady-in-waiting and her daughter will be asked to go abroad in the hope that a long separation will cure the King of his boyhood's love. The King is now in his twentieth year, having been born Nov. 15, 1889.

Nearly 1,000 residents of Oporto, representing all shades of monarchists, arrived here to-day by special train. They marched in procession to the palace and presented homage to King Manuel.

FOUGHT MANIAC ON DOME.

St. Louis Policeman Won a Desperate Battle on a Small Platform.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—A policeman and a maniac struggled desperately for more than half an hour on the dome of the asylum here to-day, each clinging with one hand to a slender flag pole. The men had an area of but three square feet on which to stand, and a fall meant a drop of eighty-five feet.

George Gall, the lunatic, escaped from the observation ward of the city hospital this morning. Picking up a heavy iron bar, he fought off the guards and reached the top of the dome. For fifteen minutes he held his fort. Then Policeman James H. Omohundro, went up the spiral ladder single handed. Omohundro used his club and Gall the iron bar.

While the men were fighting the policeman's helmet fell off and Gall leaned over the platform to watch it fall. Throwing his arm about the maniac's neck, Omohundro jerked him off his feet with a sudden twist. Gall's body hung over the platform, but the policeman held him until firemen handed him a rope. He tied the rope about Gall's body and lowered him to the ground.

A crowd of 500 persons had gathered in the inclosure by the time the maniac was lowered, and the policeman was roundly cheered.

CANES CONGRESSMAN CLARK.

Ex-Gov. Jennings, Cousin of Bryan, Resents Attack in a Speech.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 17.—Congressman Frank Clark and ex-Gov. William Sherman Jennings were in a fight at the Aragon Hotel here to-day. Jennings is a cousin of William Jennings Bryan and a candidate for member of the National Democratic Committee.

In Congressman Clark's speech Saturday night he declared that Jennings was reputed to be on the threshold of pauperism when elected Governor, and at the expiration of his term of office he was reputed to be a very rich man.

"The burden is upon him, and he owes the voters of Florida an explanation as to how he got his fortune," declared Clark.

Clark was standing in the hotel lobby this morning when Jennings entered from the rear, and seizing Clark's walking cane, inflicted ugly wounds upon Clark's head before any one could interfere.

Jennings says that Clark was reaching for his knife when he seized the cane, and that he struck in self-defense.

TIGER CROSSES THE BRIDGE.

Sunday Raid on Saloon of Alderman McAleer—Wouldn't Desert McCarren.

That the friends of Senator McCarren in Brooklyn are being harassed by Tammany Hall because of their allegiance to the Kings County leader was the charge made yesterday when two detectives, McGrath and Foley, from Mulberry Street Headquarters went to Williamsburg, where after being served with drinks in the back room of the saloon of Alderman Thomas McAleer at Bedford Avenue and South Second Street, they arrested his bartender, William Crowley.

Alderman McAleer has always been one of McCarren's trusty lieutenants, and he had incurred the enmity of Mr. Murphy, he says, by his steadfast friendship and allegiance to the Kings County leader. About two months ago McAleer says he received a tip that it would be to his interest to desert the Senator and join the opposition forces in Kings County. He ignored the tip, with the result that on the following Sunday Headquarters policemen in plain clothes invaded his saloon and arrested the bartender for a liquor violation. The case was recently dismissed in the Lee Avenue Court.

The detectives, who appeared there again yesterday, ordered whisky and beer, and after it was served the bartender was arrested. None of the other saloon keepers in the same neighborhood was molested, although in some of the places, McAleer's friends said, men could be seen from the street drinking at the bar.

When the detectives took Crowley to the Bedford Avenue Police Station Capt. Dooley was astonished at the arrest. Crowley was later released on bail. McAleer said it was evident to him that Tammany's leader was behind the movement to keep him in trouble while rival liquor dealers were not disturbed.

CORNELL CHINAMAN NONORED

Chosen President of the University's Cosmopolitan Club.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 17.—The Cornell Cosmopolitan Club has chosen as its President for the coming year a Chinaman, Kia Loh Sun of Shanghai, who will be a senior in the College of Mechanical Engineering.

He is a leader in the Chinese colony at Cornell and his election attests his popularity among the men of the club, who hail from all over Europe, North and South America, and the Orient.

CASHIER'S THEFTS FORCE BANK TO CLOSE

Allegheny National of Pittsburg Will Not Open Its Doors To-day.

OFFICIALS TAKE ACTION

Now Believed Montgomery's Peculations Will Reach $2,000,000— More Disclosures Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 17.—Wrecked beyond hope of salvation by William Montgomery, the defaulting cashier, the Allegheny National Bank will not open its doors tomorrow morning. This evening the following statement was issued by the officials of the wrecked bank:

A committee of representatives of some of the largest banks in the city prepared to lend all assistance required, spent almost all day to-day in making a thorough examination of the bank's affairs, but, finding them in such a state of inextricable confusion, came to the conclusion that the wise thing to do, in the interest of both depositors and stockholders under the circumstances, is to let the affairs of the bank be closed up by the United States authorities.

The bank's deposits are small, not to exceed $800,000 outside of the city and State accounts, both of which have bondsmen for the security.

This afternoon's conference was attended by all the officers and Directors of the bank, and by some of the most prominent financiers of the city. When at 6 o'clock this evening the decision was reached that it would be impossible for the bank to continue, tears streamed down the cheeks of William Stewart, the President of the bank, and everybody present was greatly affected by his grief.

Montgomery, the cashier of the bank, who spent his first day in jail to-day, has practically wiped the bank out of existence.

The liabilities of the bank in round numbers are $2,400,000, divided as follows:

City of Pittsburg	$1,500,000
State of Pennsylvania	532,000
Sinking Fund	50,000
Small depositors	298,000

The small depositors are mostly the stockholders and officials of the bank, and there are barely fifty persons outside of these who have accounts. It is believed that with the $500,000 which was subscribed on Friday and the money that will be realized from the securities that are received from Montgomery the bank will be able to pay a large part of its indebtedness.

It is now believed that Montgomery's total peculations will reach close to $2,000,000.

The decision to wind up the affairs of the bank was precipitated by the announcement of the Pittsburg Clearing House yesterday that it would not do business with the Allegheny National tomorrow, and that each bank must collect its own claims against the institution. By this announcement the Clearing House repudiated the bank. The bank was organized in 1865, and for years was the headquarters of Senator Quay and other famous politicians of the State.

Sensational disclosures are expected to follow the closing of the bank.

LAUNCH WRECKED; 10 SAVED.

Caught on a Reef in Hell Gate—Motorboat to the Rescue.

Ten persons were rescued from a perilous situation in a wrecked launch on Hog's Back Reef, in the East River off Ninetieth Street, early last evening by the motorboat Old Glory. They were Frank Dan, a contractor and builder, of 501 West 143d Street, and his wife and daughter; Mr. and Mrs. N. Whittaker, Mr. and Mrs. James Smith, a Mr. Chapman, and two women whose names could not be learned.

They had started out in Mr. Dean's new forty-five-foot launch, Kittrois, from the Audubon Yacht Club, at 155th Street and the North River, for Port Washington, L. I., in the middle of the afternoon. At Hell Gate there was a strong flood tide running, and the launch was caught in the current, and before its course could be changed it was swept on to the reef. It looked as if nothing could prevent it capsizing, but it kept its position, and Mr. Dean started blowing his whistle for assistance.

The motorboat, coming down the Harlem River, heard the signals and went out to the reef and took the occupants off, two at a time, and landed them at Eighty-sixth Street. In the excitement no one thought to ask the man in the motorboat his name.

Mr. Dean succeeded in getting the Kittrois off the reef, with the assistance of the Volunteer Life Saving Crew at Ninety-first Street, after three hours' work. Its hull and engines were badly damaged.

MIDSHIPMAN IS DROWNED.

Companion Almost Loses His Life in Efforts for Rescue.

ANNAPOLIS, May 17.—Midshipman Arthur Linford Lucas of Cleveland, Ohio, one of the graduating class, was drowned today, and Midshipman Carl D. Hibbard of Northfield, Minn., who was with him, almost died in an effort to save him.

Immediately after dinner at the Academy the two started out in a sixteen-foot canvas canoe. They had proceeded from the boathouse around the Santee dock when the canoe was capsized by the wash of a schooner. Lucas lost his grip upon the overturned canoe and showed signs of distress almost immediately.

Midshipman Hibbard, who went to his rescue, was almost drowned, but persisted in diving for his friend after the latter had gone down. The body was recovered within an hour.

Midshipman Lucas was a son of W. Lucas, 1,622 Crawford Road, Cleveland, Ohio, and stood No. 8 in a class of 215 members at the last annual examination. He would have been graduated with high honors on June 5. He was twenty years old, and entered the Academy in July, 1904.

WEATHER IN SPOTS.

Yesterday's Summer Showers Favored Only Some Parts of Town.

Yesterday's weather, as served out to New Yorkers, was notable chiefly for being supplied in spots.

Around Times Square it was fair all day, most of the day with a blue sky, flecked with fleecy clouds overhead and a fresh breeze tempering the moderate Summer heat. Not a drop of rain moistened the pavements.

But in Coney Island and the Bath Beach section of Brooklyn there was a brisk shower in the morning, laying the dust on the roads for the better enjoyment of automobiling, and it was fine all the rest of the day.

The Bronx had its shower in the afternoon, and it was almost more than a shower. The rain came down in sheets, sending the golfers in Van Cortlandt Park and the juvenile baseball teams in every vacant lot scurrying for cover. Lightning flashed afar off, and there was distant rumbling of thunder. The rain lasted from 4 o'clock to nearly 5. Then the sun shone again and sports were resumed.

But not a raindrop fell as far south even as 125th Street.

ROOT FOR CHIEE JUSTICE?

Report That He Is Slated by Roosevelt and Taft.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—A special dispatch from Washington says there is an understanding at the capital that Secretary of State Elihu Root is slated for the place of Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, provided the appointment comes in the way either of Mr. Roosevelt or Mr. Taft. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller of Chicago may take advantage of the law and retire on full pay in the next few years.

In such a matter as this no one is authorized to speak, either for President Roosevelt or Secretary Taft, and so far as known Justice Fuller has not yet definitely announced that he would retire at any particular time. There is a strong belief, however, that in the event of the election of Secretary Taft Chief Justice Fuller will retire.

A WESTINGHOUSE SHAKEUP.

General Manager Donner Makes Heavy Cuts in Salaries—Keller Out.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 17.—A sweeping change is being made at the Westinghouse Machine Company's plant by William H. Donner, recently installed as General Manager. E. E. Keller, who formerly had charge of the plant, is out, and the wages of almost every official have been reduced, some one-half.

Several years ago George Westinghouse and the Allis-Chalmers Company were competing along certain lines, and made bids for each other's engineers. The cut falls heaviest on these men. They have complained to Mr. Westinghouse, who is said to have advised them that he is helpless in the matter, as Mr. Donner is in absolute charge.

SCORER SHOT AT RIFLE RANGE.

14th New York Infantryman's Bullet Hits New Yorker at Sea Girt.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 17.—Quartermaster General C. Edward Murray has received a report that John W. Surguson of New York, while scoring for members of the Fourteenth Infantry of New York State at the Sea Girt rifle range on Friday, was shot in the head.

Surguson put a target cover over the rifle pit to keep off the rain. A bullet was deflected downward and went through his cheek. The wound, while serious, is not dangerous.

DR. WILBUR NOW A CATHOLIC.

Ex-Archdeacon of the Episcopal Church Confirmed Yesterday in St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The Rev. Dr. Russell J. Wilbur, formerly Archdeacon of the Episcopal Diocese of Fond Du Lac, Wis., was confirmed here this afternoon by Archbishop John J. Glennon as a member of the Roman Catholic Church. The confirmation services took place in the Archbishop's private chapel at 3,810 Lindell Boulevard. Mr. and Mrs. Dan C. Nugent of St. Louis were sponsors.

Dr. Wilbur came to St. Louis several months ago and entered a retreat at the St. Louis University, a Catholic institution, where he studied theology from the Catholic standpoint. About three weeks ago he entered the Jesuit House of Study at Florissant, St. Louis County, at the same time relinquishing his position in the Episcopal Diocese at Fond Du Lac. He will continue his studies in the Jesuit institution.

SHOT BY A LEGISLATOR.

North Carolina Representative Seriously Wounds ex-Chief of Police.

Special to The New York Times.

WAYNESVILLE, N. C., May 17.—Henry Abel, formerly Chief of Police, was fatally shot last night by David L. Boyd, representative of Haywood County in the North Carolina Legislature. Abel is reported to be dying and Boyd to have fled the State.

The difficulty grew out of a street fight between a man named Leatherwood and a nephew of Boyd's. Abel attempted to part the two men. This enraged Boyd, who fired two shots at Abel, both of which took effect.

TOY CAP EXPLOSION KILLS.

Dry Goods Salesman Making Them for Fourth of July Is Blown Up.

Morris S. Drake, a dry goods salesman, was mortally hurt yesterday while making toy caps with powder for Fourth of July, dying of his injuries in the Orange (N. J.) Memorial Hospital. He was working on the caps for his own use. The explosion wrecked the upper part of the house where he was working.

All the windows in the upper part of the house were blown out, and the sashes and walls of the room where he was working were shattered. Drake was 24 years old, and leaves a wife and young child.

R. VANDERBILT DENIES STORY.

Was Not Near Nice, He Says, at Time of Reported Fatal Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, May 17.—Reginald C. Vanderbilt denied this evening the report cabled from Nice that his automobile and that of a wealthy Englishman named Crossman had been in collision on the Corniche Road, near Nice, and that, seeing the collision was inevitable, the Englishman had jumped and was instantly killed.

Mr. Vanderbilt stated to-day that he had been in no collision near Nice, and was not even there at the time the accident is said to have occurred.

CARNEGIE PENSION AWARDED

Will Be Paid to James Law, Director of State Veterinary College.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, May 17.—The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching has awarded a pension to Prof. James Law, Director of the New York State Veterinary College, and who will retire from active work in June.

Dr. Law has been head of the veterinary school since 1868, the year Cornell University was founded. He was brought here from Scotland in 1867 by Andrew D. White, when the latter went abroad to find a Faculty for the newly founded Cornell University.

More Tobacco for the Navy.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Bids are to be opened June 9 at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts for 100,000 pounds of tobacco for the navy. These supplies are to be in addition to the amount already contracted for 1909.

TOUR TO GETTYSBURG.
Pennsylvania Railroad May 23, $12.75 round trip from New York. Consult Ticket Agents.—Adv.

TENEMENT AND SHOPS WRECKED BY A BOMB

Machine Thought to Have Contained Dynamite Exploded in First Avenue.

TENANTS PANIC-STRICKEN

Drug Store and Undertaking Establishment Demolished and Tenement Walls Torn Down.

Somebody crept into the dark, narrow hallway on the ground floor of the new five-story tenement at 1,145 First Avenue, between Sixty-second and Sixty-third Streets, early last night, and deposited in a little room in the rear a bomb, which exploded within a few minutes.

The force of the explosion totally wrecked an undertaking shop and a drug store on the ground floor, partly wrecked two flats on the second floor of the building, and tore out the doors and windows of all the near by buildings, including a mission house that faces on Sixty-third Street.

Two meetings in the mission house were cut short. The occupants of the tenement at 1,145 First Avenue ran downstairs, joining with the 10,000 other Italians of the neighborhood, who hurried to the scene of destruction.

No one was seriously injured by the explosion. Several had almost miraculous escapes from death. Two Italians were arrested as suspicious persons, but the police could not connect them even remotely with the explosion. Several theories were advanced to explain the bomb placing, the most likely one being that some fanatical Italian who had money tied up in a defunct east side bank was trying to get even with one of its receivers, whose shop the explosion demolished.

Scene of the Explosion.

The glass that used to be above the door leading to the wrecked hallway bore the number 1,145. On the south side of the hallway is—the remnants of—the drug store of Vito Mirenda. On the north side of the hallway was the undertaking shop of Salamone & Salvia. To the north of that is the building occupied by the Sunbeam Nursery and Kindergarten, unoccupied last night. The next house to the north is at Sixty-third Street, and it is occupied on the ground floor by a banker, arrested as suspected persons, but the John Buzuffi.

Around in Sixty-third Street, at 842, is the mission of the Young People's Association of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. It extends back so that its westerly side faces the rear door of the hallway at 1,145 First Avenue.

It is possible that the bomb was put in the little room a good while before it exploded. The police consider that improbable, because many persons go into the room in the day and the bomb could not have been of small size. The police believe that some one crept into the dark lane, left his engine of destruction, and then ran away.

He could have gone on out the back door, emerging through any one of several front doors on the block. No one in a hurry was seen coming out of the hallway before the explosion. The neighborhood is Italian, the day was Sunday, and the street was filled with men, women, and children. The police could find no one who admitted seeing any one rush out of the 1,145 doorway.

The bomb went off soon after 8 o'clock. It demolished things in all directions—up, down, and on all sides. The police said that showed that the machine was of dynamite. The small room in which the bomb was hidden sets into the wall on the south side, and thus it was nearest to the drug store of Vito Mirenda. The store was closed. The bomb ripped up the store from top to bottom, overturning the prescription cabinets, mixing up potions deadlier than dynamite, tearing patent medicines from their shelves, and hurling them to the floor, and then bringing down from the ceiling a thick layer of white plaster. It tore out the front door and windows, and broke the glass bulbs with the colored water.

Above the drug store are two small sets of rooms. In the rear lives Mrs. Emily McDonald. A good deal of her furniture was wrecked, and the glass in the windows was broken. The front set of rooms was unoccupied.

The bomb sent its force leaping across the narrow hallway into the undertaking shop of Salomone & Salvia, where it did more damage than in the nearer drug store. The mortuary chapel was torn to pieces, the long candles, fortunately unlit, toppling to the floor with the wreckage of the woodwork. Several exhibition caskets were torn to bits and then thrown to the floor. Here again the plaster fell from the ceiling and from the side walls. The undertaking shop looked as if it had been in the path of a tornado.

There was no body in the undertaking shop. In the room fronting on the avenue were Antonio Salomone, one of the proprietors; Pietro Rubino, and Salvestro Achille, visitors. The bomb covered them with flying glass, plaster, and small pieces of caskets. They were unhurt, but badly frightened.

Flats Were Wrecked.

In one of the flats above the undertaking shop lives Mrs. Mary Kelly. She was sitting in a chair reading when the bomb force reached her home. It threw her into the air, and her furniture was torn to pieces and piled upon her, covered with a layer of plaster. She was not seriously injured.

All through this five-story building doors and windows were shaken from their frames and partitions were torn down. In all of the flats the most fragile furniture, such as vases on the mantelpiece, were knocked to pieces. All of the furniture in the living rooms at the rear of both the undertaking shop and the drug store was knocked into kindling wood. The shock ran along the house fronts in First Avenue, breaking out windows and doors, and running a short distance around on the sides of the block.

The mission house of the Young People's Association, at 342, housed two meetings last night. One of these, made up of some 150 Italians, was being led by Albert Leslie Evans, the pastor. It was nearest to the explosion. At the sound of the roaring, ripping shock from the First Avenue house, Mr. Evans cut off his prayer, and the audience stampeded. Several women fainted. Later some of the audience returned to the mission house.

In the far side of the mission house, Paul Richard Abbot, Mr. Evans's assistant, was conducting another meeting. Most of his audience were women and children. They ran screaming from the house.

Around at 337 East Sixty-second Street there is an Italian boarding house. There were not les than 100 young Italians in

there at the time. The noise of the explosion up the block and the shaking of window glasses that went with it threw them into a panic. They called out the Italian word that means bomb, and then ran from the place.

Those persons that left the two mission meetings and those that fled from the boarding house ran to the wrecked house. They knew where to stop because the sidewalk was all strewn with glass and other debris. Meanwhile the sixteen families occupying the First Avenue building had reached the street.

Police Drive Back the Crowd.

Within ten minutes after the explosion there were 10,000 Italians in front of the First Avenue building. They got there before the police from the East Sixty-seventh Station. They ran here and there shouting advice, commands, and warnings back and forth. And then Capt. Cooney came from the East Sixty-seventh Street Station with his reserves, who had one of the most difficult times of their lives holding back the Italian sightseers for three hours.

An ambulance was called after the explosion, but it was not needed, as no one had been seriously hurt.

The police circulated among the crowd, listening to the talk and trying to get a clue to the perpetrator of the outrage. They heard two brothers say that they had talked to a man who thought he had seen the person who might have placed the bomb in the building. They were arrested. At the station house they declared that they were Stefana Garobolo of 341 East Fifty-sixth Street, and Antonio Garobolo of 1,118 First Avenue. They said they had simply heard an unknown man say something about the explosion. They were held as "suspicious persons."

The Fire Department was not called out for the explosion, as nothing had caught fire from the bomb. Up to a late hour no Inspector had appeared from the Building Department, and no one from the Bureau of Combustibles had come to say whether or not the evidence pointed to dynamite, nitro-glycerine, or something else.

Antonio Salomone, part owner of the demolished undertaking shop, is one of the receivers of the Galletti & Genchi Bank, formerly of 19-21 Stanton Street, which failed on March 2. The big safe of the bank is now in the shop. Mr. Salomone said that often as many as 100 east side Italians came clamoring at his place in a day asking for money. They didn't seem to understand that he could not take the money right out of the big safe and pay them. The bank owed between $30,000 and $40,000.

The police believe with Salomone that some disappointed Italian bank depositor tried to wreak vengeance on him for failure to get his money.

Some one else pointed out that Banker John Buzuffi, whose place of business is a couple of doors above the wrecked house, and who owns the damaged building, had suffered a year ago at the hands of a set of blackmailers, who had kidnapped his little son and held him for money. But the Buzuffi bank and home was too far away from the bomb to be greatly damaged by it.

Another theory was that Pastor Evans of the Presbyterian mission house, in Sixty-third Street, had done so much proselytizing in this Italian neighborhood that some fanatical Catholic had decided to put an end to the mission. He said that he had been threatened. But the bomb was also too far away from the mission to do it much damage.

THE SOCIALIST MILLENNIUM.

Orator Sees 5th Av. Converted and Carnegie and Rockefeller Giving Up All

"There are several hundred men and women of great wealth on Fifth Avenue who are almost ready to become Socialists," said J. Bayard Collins in an address on "Socialism and the Church" last night at Christ Presbyterian Church, in West Thirty-sixth Street.

"I would not at all be surprised," he said, "if Mr. Rockefeller were to say: 'Here, take all my property and divide it up among the people; only leave me enough for my needs and for the needs of my children.' I would not be surprised if Mr. Carnegie were to give up all his property. He is for peace and for the betterment of the poor, the things for which Socialism stands."

Mr. Collins declared that Socialism was growing rapidly in this country, that already there were 400,000 Socialist voters here, with 3,000,000 in Germany, probably as many in Russia, and about as many in England as in the United States.

"Under Socialism there would be no such thing as men out of work, or hunger and want of clothing among those who are now suffering on the east side for food," he declared.

"But there are men in New York and in this country who would corner the air we breathe if they could, and serve it to the people through meters attached to their windpipes, and you would see men and women going around gasping for breath if they did not have the price."

CROWD AT GUNNESS FARM.

Another Rush of Sunday Sightseers to Scene of Murders.

LAPORTE, Ind., May 17.—Scenes of last Sunday were repeated to-day at the farm of Mrs. Belle Gunness, who is said to have murdered a dozen persons and who is now supposed to have been burned to death with her three children in a fire which destroyed her home on April 28. Thousands of persons visited the farm to-day and saw the skeletons of the seven unidentified victims, for the temporary morgue was open part of the day.

At noon family groups dotted the orchard and the large front lawn. Souvenirs of all kinds were sold on the grounds, the people buying freely. Refreshments also were dispensed on the grounds by enterprising owners of lemonade, ice cream, and peanut stands. Excursion trains were run on railroads, while regular trains carried extra coaches for Laporte. Interurban cars also were crowded all day.

A county Grand Jury will convene to-morrow to take up the Gunness case. It is expected that from four to six days will be required for the Grand Jury to hear the evidence, and no report is looked for until the end of the week.

Many Addresses on Peace.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—Addresses in churches and theatres marked the second day in the Pennsylvania arbitration and peace conference being held here. Prof. Samuel T. Dutton of Columbia University, Secretary of the New York Peace Society, delivered an address on the subject at Girard College, and Benjamin Trueblood, LL. D., of Boston, Secretary of the American Peace Society, spoke at Swarthmore College.

A New Method for Up-to-Date Men.

S. N. Wood & Co., wholesale manufacturers of stylish clothing for men, sell directly to the wearer at wholesale prices, insuring the snappiest styles and the saving to the buyer of the retailer's profit of one-half. This is the modern method of selling adopted by S. N. Wood & Co., a method that every man should investigate. It means the banishment of a burdensome profit of one-half without depreciating values in the least. Suits for which retailers ask $20 you can buy here for $10. Stunning $30 and $40 suits you get at regular wholesale prices—$15 and $20, Fit and quality guaranteed.

S. N. WOOD & CO.,
84 to 90 Fifth Ave., N. W. Cor. 14th St.
(Pinaud Building.)

NEGRO VOTERS WILL SWING TO TAFT

Mass Meeting Called Here to Declare Allegiance to the Party Nominee.

BROWNSVILLE TO BE BURIED

Collector Anderson Might Tell What Caused the Change—Taft Managers Take It as Only Natural.

Something seems to have happened since the 2,000 negroes from many States gathered in Columbus Hall in this city a few weeks ago and hissed the names of Roosevelt and Taft, pledged themselves for Foraker, and announced that 10,000,000 negro voters would refuse to support Roosevelt's candidate. Just what that something is is a subject of conjecture.

At any rate, formal announcement was made last night that the colored Republicans of New York are about to foregather in mass meeting "to reassume their allegiance to the principles of the Republican Party and pledge their loyalty to its candidates in the coming election." The announcement goes on to say: "They feel they have no ground of quarrel with Secretary Taft, and desire to make this plain."

C. W. Anderson, Collector of Internal Revenue in this city, and member of the County Committee, is supposed to have had much to do with the call sent out for the meeting which will repudiate the stand taken by the 2,000 delegates who threatened to vote for Bryan rather than for Mr. Roosevelt's choice. The mass meeting called will be held to-morrow night in Cooper Union. Bishop W. B. Derrick, who issues the call, announces that he will preside, and that "ex-Gov. Pinchback of Louisiana and other men of pominence, including many of the local clergy, will speak." It adds that "there will be good music, and an especial invitation is extended to the ladies to attend."

Many colored New York ministers are now preparing speeches for the meeting. The Rev. Dr. M. W. Gilbert, pastor of the Mount Olivet Baptist Church, said last night that it was known some time ago that the meeting would be held. He did not know who was behind the movement. Bishop Derrick is living in Flushing, but is now attending a conference in Norfolk, Va. He will return to-day.

The last negro mass meeting was held in Columbus Hall on March 26. Bishop Alexander Waters, President of the National Afro-American Council, presided. The principal speaker was J. Max Barbour, editor of a negro paper in Chicago.

"The negro voters of the country will not support the Republican Party if it nominates Taft," said Barbour, "and I glory in their spunk. The negro voters contributed to the election of Roosevelt and the negro soldiers saved his life at San Juan Hill. Has the negro received a fair deal from the Administration at Washington?

Southern sentiment was supposed to have been represented in a telegram received from W. D. B. Dubois of Atlanta, who wired:

"If Taft beats Foraker and Hughes negroes must vote for Bryan. Avowed enemies better than false friends."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The news that Bishop Derrick has sent out a call for a mass meeting of colored voters in New York to pledge support to the Republican nominee has caused little surprise here.

There has been a decided change of sentiment of late among the colored Republicans. The defection of Foraker in permitting the Brownsville matter to go over until next December, and the decision of the New York court in the suit of the discharged soldier of the Twenty-fifth Infantry that the President had not abused his powers in discharging the negro soldiers for their alleged raid on Brownsville, both have had their effect.

The Taft campaign managers have maintained a dignified attitude toward the negro Republicans, believing that eventually they would see that the Secretary of War was unfairly assailed. In the call for the mass meeting the Taft supporters see the consummation of their belief.

REJECTED ROOSEVELT'S MAN.

He Wanted Beveridge as Temporary Chairman of Chicago Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—It was with mixed feelings that leading Republicans regarded the selection yesterday of Senator Julius Caesar Burrows to be temporary Chairman of the National Convention at Chicago. They were stunned with surprise last evening, and inclined to be indignant this morning at the action of the subcommittee of the National Committee. To-night, however, there has been a decided change in opinion.

A desire for harmony is the reason Burrows was chosen. He never has been an ardent supporter of Taft, neither has he ever been heard to oppose him. Obedient to his State's instruction, he will support Taft, but the "Allies" can bring no objection to him.

It was generally considered that either Beveridge or Dolliver would have been chosen. Beveridge reminded President Roosevelt that he had stepped aside for Secretary Root in the convention in 1904. The President wrote a letter of indorsement of Beveridge to Chairman New of the Republican National Committee, and had a conference with Mr. New recently at the White House, when he again brought up the subject.

The Taft people have been keen for Dolliver and not enthusiastic about Beveridge. He is a Roosevelt man, and his speech would be in the nature of a laudation of the Roosevelt administration. Although there is little danger of a stampede to Roosevelt, those who fear it did not look upon the possible effect of the Beveridge eloquence with equanimity. Practically the same view was held of Dolliver by the anti-Taft forces.

WOODRUFF SEES ROOSEVELT.

Republican Chairman Makes a Hurried Trip to the Capital.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Timothy L. Woodruff, Chairman of the New York State Republican Committee, was in conference with President Roosevelt for a short time at the White House to-night. He arrived from New York at 8:30 and returned at 11:30 P. M. He called on Senator Depew before going to the Executive Mansion.

The purpose of his visit could not be learned to-night.

Hunyadi János
THE BEST NATURAL LAXATIVE WATER
FOR CONSTIPATION

TIDE TURNS FROM BRYAN.

Contests In States Which Had Been Conceded to Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Now that the Republican canvass for delegates is ended, political interest will be centred upon the Democratic canvass. The situation to-night is:

Instructed for Bryan	294
Preference expressed for Bryan	7
Total committed to Bryan	301
Instructed for Johnson	22
Not committed by conventions	164
Total delegates elected	487

No special significance attached to the Democratic State Conventions held last week. Wyoming instructed six delegates for Bryan, and Minnesota gave its twenty-two votes to Johnson.

Aside from the State Conventions, it was a bad week for Bryan. It has become apparent that a number of Democratic States will protest vigorously against the nomination of the Nebraskan. Several States which had been conceded to him will be contested, and others in which solid delegations have been given to him will send divided delegations. The above table is compiled subject to a revision which may tear it to pieces. Word comes from Ohio, where the State Convention instructed for Bryan, that ten district delegates are opposed to him and that the unit rule will not be applied.

In Massachusetts, where the State Convention instructed delegates at large for Bryan, two districts yesterday elected uninstructed delegates. Arkansas has always been regarded as being as enthusiastic a Bryan State as Missouri. The defeat of Senator Jeff Davis in that State and the many factional quarrels have made it certain that there will be a fight against instructions for Bryan.

For the first time any of the Southern Democrats except Senator Johnston of Alabama have dared to say a word about Bryan, unless it was to throw a bouquet at him. Any number of Senators have been pouting about the Democratic leader and telling their troubles to each other, but none save Johnston has come out in the open before. His lieutenants all have been notified to work for instructions. Despite this fact Senators Simmons and Overman of North Carolina, Smith of Maryland, and Foster of Louisiana are out squarely against instructions.

This week will be a busy one in Democratic politics. State Conventions will be held in Alabama, Alaska, Hawaii, Washington, California, Michigan, Pennsylvania, Missouri, South Carolina, and the District of Columbia. The week will tell whether the fight against Bryan is to be vigorously prosecuted or abandoned. If Pennsylvania is controlled against Bryan, as now seems probable, and Michigan refuses to instruct for him, the Bryan opposition will prosecute the contest with confidence and determination.

The greatest interest centres around the Pennsylvania Convention. While the wiseacres believe that the uninstructed delegation from the Keystone State, conceding that the delegation will not be pledged, will be for Johnson in the main, the Gray supporters are claiming it. Gray headquarters are to be opened to-morrow in the Commonwealth Hotel in Harrisburg. Bryan and Johnson boomers already have established themselves.

ALABAMA PRIMARIES TO-DAY.

Bryan Men Are Confident, but Johnson's Supporters Are Hopeful.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 17.—On the eve of the State primaries it is the opinion of the Bryan forces that they will carry Alabama by from three to four to one. Adherents of Gov. Johnson declare that there will be surprises in the primaries for Bryan and his friends. They say they have most encouraging news from all portions of the State as to the rapidly growing popularity of the Minnesota Governor.

At Bryan's Headquarters it is said every county will be for him, and that his majority will be not less than 60,000 and may be 75,000.

A. G. Smith of the Johnson Campaign Committee says:

"I have hitherto been hopeful that Johnson would carry Alabama, but since Senator Johnston has come out for him, I am confident of success."

Senator Johnston is one of the most popular men in Alabama. Gov. Johnson is strong in the larger cities, while Bryan will carry the rural districts.

SAYS BRYAN IS A PROPHET.

Clergyman Thinks All Presidential Candidates Are Great Men.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew, which has been holding its fifteenth annual State Convention in Yonkers, adjourned last night, after commending Gov. Hughes for his anti-race-track-gambling crusade.

Hamilton Wright Mabie talked on "Christian Standards in Commercial Life." The Rev. James E. Freeman, rector of St. Andrew's Church, Yonkers, who is Vice President of the New York State boomers, spoke on the qualifications of Presidential candidates.

"All men named as possible candidates," he said, "are of the highest character. Bryan is the greatest prophet of the age. Folk is a man of action, and Roosevelt is a man of the greatest integrity. He could be elected again even if the Democratic Party nominated him."

Mr. Freeman did not mention Taft.

CONVENTIONS THIS WEEK.

Democratic Delegates Will Be Chosen In Many States.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Democratic State Conventions will be held in half a dozen States this week to elect delegates to the Denver Convention. Californians will meet in Fresno on Monday, and on the same day the Washington State Convention will be held in Spokane. Democratic primaries throughout Alabama will also be held on Monday.

The Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention will meet in Harrisburg on Tuesday, and on that day Democratic primaries will be held, to choose National delegates and Presidential Electors, in Florida. The New Jersey Prohibition State Convention is also scheduled for Tuesday at Trenton. Missouri Democrats will meet at Jefefrson City and Michigan Democrats at Lansing on Wednesday.

On Thursday the Democrats of the District of Columbia will hold a district convention at Washington, and on Saturday the Arizona State Democratic Convention will meet at Phoenix.

SOCIALISTS HAVE A SHOCK.

Inadvertently Adopt a Prohibition Plank—Scramble to Repeal It.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 17.—The Socialist National Convention in the last two minutes of its existence this afternoon had a shock which some of its members will remember as long as they live.

The convention placidly and unanimously adopted a resolution pledging the party to the absolute prohibition of the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors. A few minutes later a vigilant delegate from Milwaukee discovered the horrible mistake, and warned the comrades in a most dramatic manner of what they had done.

All previous records were immediately broken by the speed with which the convention reversed its action.

FARM HAND KILLED SHEPPARDS, THEY SAY

Monmouth County Authorities Announce That Zastera Has Confessed Murder.

SAY ROBBERY WAS MOTIVE

Prosecutor Reports That Prisoner Admits Taking Money and Other Valuables After Shooting.

Special to The New York Times.

FREEHOLD, N. J., May 17.—The county authorities announced to-night that Frank Zastera, the Hungarian farm hand who gave the alarm yesterday morning that William B. Sheppard, his wife, and maid servant, Jennie Blendy, had been murdered, had confessed that he himself fired the five shots by which they were killed.

Assistant County Prosecutor Stokes is authority for the statement that early to-day, afer he and several detectives had spent hours giving the prisoner the "third degree," he broke down and confessed the deed. According to Mr. Stokes Zastera said he intended only to kill Mr. Sheppard. Contrary to custom, Mrs. Sheppard was first to come down stairs, going to the kitchen to warm some milk for the baby.

The detectives say that Zastera admits he was hidden in the parlor where he could see any one coming down the stairs. He had armed himself with Mr. Sheppard's repeating shotgun. When Mrs. Sheppard started back upstairs the farmhand fired on her, the detectives say the prisoner admits.

The first shot hit her in the hips, knocking her down, and as she fell the second shot was fired, the charge entering her head just back of the right ear.

Sheppard started downstairs at the first shot and was fired on twice. His body rolled down on top of the woman lying at the foot of the stairs. At that moment the servant opened the kitchen door, and as she started down a small flight of steps Zastera shot her.

Zastera is said to have admitted searching for money. He knew that Sheppard carried a pocketbook. This he searched, took from it some bills, leaving behind some checks and other papers. He then searched the rooms for valuables and took what he wanted. He is said to have told the detectives where some of the plunder is secreted.

The first thing that struck Mr. Stokes as peculiar was that Zastera stuck stolidly to his story that he had not heard any of the five shots fired that killed the three. In all of his answers to Mr. Stokes's questioning the prisoner not only stuck to this statement, but admitted that the windows of the woodshed and the barn doors were open when he left the house. He was in the barn at the time, he said, milking the cows. The barn is not distant from the house more than 200 feet.

This feature of the case led the authorities to take Zastera to the County Jail in Freehold late last night. They were unable to get trace of Huron and Frank Crooks, who was arrested near Freehold on suspicion, was let go.

Zastera was not allowed to sleep. First Mr. Stokes would question the Hungarian and then some of the county detectives. This was kept up all night. Zastera with the blood-stained clothing of Mr. Sheppard near him in the cell, would not admit that he had had any connection with the triple murder until early to-day.

APPEAL TO ROCKEFELLER.

Committee of Unemployed Seek His Aid in Remedying Conditions.

The members of the National Committee for the Relief of the Unemployed, which held a convention in this city a week ago, reconvened yesterday at the Manhattan Lyceum in East Fourth Street, to hear the report of a committee appointed to go to Washington and request that Congress appropriate $150,000,000 for the relief of the unemployed.

The committee, which consisted of Alexander Law of New York, who is Secretary of the convention, and L. T. Rush of Mobile, Ala., reported that President Roosevelt was so busy with the conference of Governors that he could not discuss the matter. The committee saw President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, however, who promised to confer with the President at the first opportunity.

J. Eads How, the Chairman of the convention, announced that a committee had been appointed to try to see John D. Rockefeller through the instrumentality of his pastor, the Rev. Dr. Aked, and try to interest Mr. Rockefeller in the condition of the unemployed. If the committee succeeds in seeing Mr. Rockefeller, he will be asked to contribute toward a relief fund and suggest relief plans.

Secretary Law said that Congressman Fornes had introduced a bill providing for an appropriation of $150,000,000 for public works for the relief of the unemployed.

The report was listened to by about 200 men. It was decided to hold a mass meeting of the unemployed at the Manhattan Lyceum on Wednesday evening and ask Big and Little Tim Sullivan, William R. Hearst, Samuel Gompers, Gov. Hughes, Bishop Potter, Charles Sprague Smith, Controller Metz, President McGowan of the Board of Aldermen, and representatives of several women's organizations to speak.

Prof. Clark Talks to Church Socialists.

The Rev. Alexander Irvine preached at the Church of the Ascension last night. At the conference at the parish house which followed, Prof. John B. Clark of Columbia University gave a half-hour talk on "Socialism," answered rapid-fire questions for another half hour, and closed the meeting with five minutes' more talk. There was the usual turnout of Socialists, but some of them had a hard time catching the Rev. Percy Grant's eye—he acted as Chairman—when they rose to speak.

No Trace Yet of Bertha Vanderbilt.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 17.—No trace was obtained to-day of Miss Bertha Vanderbilt of the Princeton University Library, who has been missing since Wednesday. The work of dragging the canal and aqueduct, into which it is supposed she fell from a narrow plank while attempting to cross, was continued, but without the body or any trace of it being found. A diver will make a search in the morning.

Came Home to Find Wife a Suicide.

When John Hitney, a printer, returned to his home, on the second floor at 98 Hull Street, Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock last night he lit the lamp and discovered his wife dead on the bed, with a bottle of carbolic acid on the table beside her. She left a note addressed to him. Hitney told the police he knew of no reason why his wife should have taken her life. They had been married two years.

Grape-Nuts
FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

FLEET SAILS THIS MORNING.

Will Arrive Off Seattle May 22—Admiral Sperry Makes a Speech.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—The Atlantic fleet of battleships sails to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock for Puget Sound, arriving off Seattle on May 22. One-half of the ships will dock at Bremerton Navy Yard while north, and the others will return here for repairs and painting beneath the water line. The fleet will assemble in San Francisco Harbor not later than July 3. On July 7 it will sail for Honolulu, and after a week's stay there go direct to Auckland.

The fleet of armored cruisers, under command of Rear Admiral Dayton, sailed south this morning, and Rear Admiral Sperry, in command of the Atlantic fleet, hoisted for the first time his commanding flag of blue.

Last of the official entertainments provided for the Atlantic and Pacific fleets was the banquet last night at the Fairmount Hotel, given by San Francisco Council 615, Knights of Columbus, to the petty officers of the two fleets. Admiral Sperry was present, and made a speech, in the course of which he said that the enlisted men of the navy were the bulwarks in the defense of the country.

"Their training," said the Admiral, "is entirely in the hands of the petty officers, who stand between the men and the commanding officers. We have now in the navy the most splendid body of young men that could be selected in all the world. Above everything else, they are American gentlemen, and their training should always be along that line. And when they salute a superior officer they should remember it is no hard line of caste that is drawn, but that it is merely the courtesy due, and the salutation of one gentleman to another. They are brave men and true, all of them, and I am proud to command such a force."

TOKIO, May 17.—Rear Admiral Joseph N. Hemphill, commanding the American squadron now visiting Yokohama, was received in audience by the Emperor this morning. Afterward he took luncheon at the Shiba Palace. Among those present at the luncheon were Princes Arisuguwa and Fushimi, Admiral Togo, and Minister of Marine Baron Saito. A British squadron is also visiting Yokohama.

FORT TO NAME EXCISE BOARD.

Governor Has Judge Lanning In Mind as Head of Jersey Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, May 17.—With the certainty that Gov. Fort will complete his appointments on Tuesday there is considerable curiosity among politicians to know whom he will name for the members of the commission to examine into excise matters.

It was learned here to-day that the Governor has in mind United States Judge William M. Lanning as the head of this excise probe inquiry board, J. Kearny Rice, a former Judge of New Brunswick; ex-Mayor Charles Fisk of Plainfield, John Howe of Newark, and Counselor Michael T. Barrett, also of Newark.

The commission will be composed of seven members, and as yet no politician has mentioned any such men for the board. It is believed that the Governor will surely name some one from Atlantic City, and possibly some one from Camden. He may also not name Mr. Barrett of Newark and select a man from Morris County.

RUSSIAN FOREIGN TRADE.

Declines In Its Volume In 1907 as Compared with 1906.

The British Consul at St. Petersburg has reported to his Government some figures on the foreign trade of Russia for 1907, although the official statistics for the year have not yet been compiled at St. Petersburg. The following is an abstract of his report:

"Generally speaking, conditions were more favorable than in 1906, particularly as regards agriculture. The harvests were better, but local resources had been so thoroughly exhausted by the previous famine that the population was not able to benefit as much as it otherwise would by the larger supplies. In the industrial branches there was fair activity, chiefly in the textile sections, the most depressed trade being the metallurgical. The naphtha industry showed signs of improvement and the sugar industry was also very prosperous. The exports and imports for the year, as far as the statistics go, were as follows:

	1907.	1906.
EXPORTS.		
European	$500,602,255	$513,220,000
Asiatic	38,274,000	49,253,000
Total	$538,876,255	$562,473,000
IMPORTS.		
European	$339,204,783	$317,558,000
Asiatic	43,345,000	40,338,000
Total	$382,549,783	$357,896,000

The exports across the European frontier declined 2½ per cent. and over the Asiatic border as much as 25¼ per cent., but imports from Europe went up 6¾ per cent. and from Asia 7½ per cent. The decrease in exports occurred in food products and manufactured articles, and it was also in these branches that an increase took place in imports. On the other hand, both the export and import of raw and half manufactured materials show a substantial increase. In animals there was a decline both in exports and imports. These figures seem to argue a considerable increase in home consumption, but evidently the full effects of the better conditions had not time to reflect themselves in the year's foreign commerce.

Educational Alliance Wins Debate.

The Educational Alliance Debating League defeated the University Settlement team yesterday in a debate for the championship of the Inter-Settlement of Greater New York. The subject was "Resolved, That the Monroe Doctrine be continued as a part of the foreign policy of the United States." The judges were Prof. R. E. Chaddock of Columbia, Prof. Nelson Mead, College of the City of New York, and Prof. Lee Galloway of New York University. There were about 1,000 people present. The University Settlement had the affirmative side. The debaters were N. Rosenblum, J. H. Muller, and I. Merlub. The Alliance team consisted of M. Rovinsky, D. A. Lubarsky, and J. Hyman.

Fear More Rioting at Hempstead.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., May 17.—The presence of 175 Pinkerton men and a Sheriff's posse under Sheriff Forster at the sand pits on the shore of Hempstead harbor near here prevented any trouble on the part of the Italian diggers, who struck the other day. However, trouble is feared in the morning when the strike-breakers start to dig and the screens are put in operation.

Vote for Building Amur Railroad.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 17.—At a joint sitting to-day of the Budget Committee of the Council of Empire and a special committee of the Duma, it was resolved, by a vote of 20 to 17, that the construction of the Amur Railroad should be proceeded with immediately.

25,000 at Staten Island Beaches.

Twenty-five thousand persons visited Midland and South Beaches in Richmond yesterday. Owing to the warm weather, the crowd remained late, and in the evening the trolley company had to put its big Summer cars in operation for the first time.

Stabbed in a Quarrel with a Friend.

Frank D. Luznebski of 441 Morris Avenue, the Bronx, was stabbed in the abdomen during a quarrel with another man, said to live in the same house, yesterday afternoon at 148th Street and Morris Avenue. Luznebski was taken to Lincoln Hospital. He may recover. The police are looking for Steven Copalitsky.

Hotel St. Regis
Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street
New York

The Cost of Living at the St. Regis
Including rooms and restaurant, is no greater than at any other high-class hotel, notwithstanding reports to the contrary. Outside room $4.00 per day; with private bath $5.00 per day; $6.00 for two people. Parlor, bedroom and bath $12.00

Special Summer Rates
(by the month only) will be arranged with parties desiring permanent rooms for the months of June, July and August.
Early Negotiations Necessary

THE ST. REGIS TERRACE RESTAURANT WILL OPEN ON SUNDAY EVENING, MAY 31st
Tables may be reserved in advance. Music by Andor Pinter's Imperial Symphony Quartette.

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PRONOUNCED "SHERIS"

The sale of Chiris Olive Oil is growing steadily, because of its undoubted purity and fine flavor. We want you to try it.

For 10c. we will mail you a sample bottle, sufficient for two salads, and with each sample we include, free, a copy of

THE CHIRIS BOOK OF SALADS

the newest and best little book of its kind. It contains 75 recipes for making and serving the latest and most famous salads. Write for the book and sample now.

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We show the most attractive Sterling Silver stock in New York. We challenge comparison as to Variety, Quality and Price. We offer exceptional values whether for large or small gifts

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MODERN PLUMBING APPLIANCES
FINE TILING FOR BATH ROOMS
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IRON AND BRASS STABLE FIXTURES
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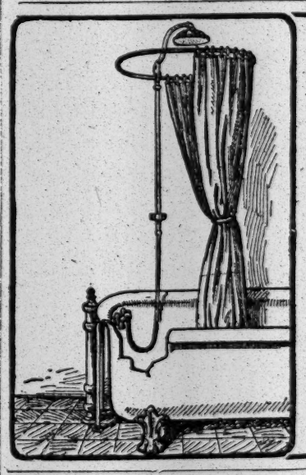

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MURRAY'S PORTABLE
Made of heavy drawn brass tubing, nickel plated, complete with head shower, curtain ring, imported waterproof duck curtain, with all connections. Can be attached to any wall in two minutes.
Price $12.50
Sold by reliable plumbers everywhere, but insist on having the genuine, MURRAY'S.
JOHN A. MURRAY,
Manufacturer of Reliable Plumbing Supplies,
625-627 Sixth Ave., New York.

MERCURY FOR CONSUMPTION.

Doctors in Government Hospital in Colorado Report Good Results.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Recent advices from the new Naval Hospital at Fort Lyon, Col., confirm the promising report made by Surgeon B. L. Wright, on duty at that sanitarium, regarding the results of treating tuberculosis by the use of mercury.

Naval surgeons at the hospital have been closely observing the thirty cases subjected to this treatment, and the progress, it is said, has been such as to add to the confidence that they have made an important discovery.

No charge unless successful.
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STANDARD ADJUSTMENT CO., Flatiron Building. Tel. 5534 Gramercy.

CARPET CLEANSING
(By Compressed Air in Fireproof Building)
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THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

Announces Its

ANNUAL SPRING SALE OF USED PIANOS

Here is more evidence that Aeolian Hall is to-day the best place in New York to buy a piano—evidence of the direct, positive kind

THE position of Aeolian Hall as New York's leading piano center is again illustrated by the exceptional character of the instruments in this Special Sale.

For here are the pianos themselves to bear out every word of the printed advertisement. Uprights and Grands from the most famous makers—precisely the kind of pianos that you will find in the finest homes you know.

Someone has said that the best way to select a piano is to *select the house you deal with.*

There are probably over one hundred different "Piano Sales" advertised in New York in the course of a year. But seldom does it happen that really choice, desirable pianos will be found among the "used" instruments in such sales.

As is now generally recognized, the exchanged pianos at Aeolian Hall come to us *for a special reason,* which does not apply anywhere else. The reason—and the only reason—we secure such a superior class of exchanged pianos is the Pianola Piano. People who have "silent pianos" in their homes are constantly exchanging them for this new kind of piano, which anyone can play.

It has been a matter of growing astonishment to the entire piano trade to see what a splendid class of instruments the Pianola Piano brings in exchange. *Quality and fine condition distinguish these pianos from all offerings elsewhere.*

This Annual Spring Sale of Used Pianos at Aeolian Hall is an opportunity which no intending purchaser of a piano can afford to pass by.

No matter what make of piano you prefer—no matter what price you have fixed as your limit—you are almost certain to find precisely what you want in this wonderful collection

We have discontinued the concerts in our Recital Hall, have removed the chairs and filled the entire auditorium with an array of Grands and Uprights, such as you have never seen offered for sale anywhere except at Aeolian Hall. The prices are remarkably low when the high quality is considered, and monthly terms of payment will be arranged to suit any responsible and reasonable person.

Special Combinations of Used Pianos and Pianolas

Thompson Upright and Pianola..... Originally $575 — Combination price **$215**

Emerson Upright and Pianola..... Originally $650 — Combination price **$315**

Steinway Upright and Pianola..... Originally $800 — Combination price **$360**

Easy Monthly Payments

Special Combinations of Used Pianos and Pianolas

Waters Upright and Pianola..... Originally $575 — Combination price **$250**

Haines Bros Upr'ht and Pianola..... Originally $600 — Combination price **$260**

Fischer Upright and Pianola..... Originally $700 — Combination price **$285**

Easy Monthly Payments

Weber Uprights as low as $275, Grands $385; Steinway Uprights, $235, Grands $325; Mason & Hamlin Uprights $175; other uprights as low as $90

WEBER PIANOS

	Original Price	Special Price
Weber Upright	$600	$285
Weber Upright	575	415
Weber Upright	540	395
Weber Upright	550	275
Weber Upright	650	495
Weber Grand	1000	385
Weber Grand	900	490
Weber Grand	750	615

STEINWAY PIANOS

Steinway Upright	750	380
Steinway Upright	700	350
Steinway Upright	600	400
Steinway Upright	550	275
Steinway Upright	550	235
Steinway Grand	1200	325
Steinway Grand	1000	390
Steinway Grand	900	590
Steinway Grand	1200	610
Steinway Grand	1200	675
Steinway Grand	1000	400

KNABE PIANOS

	Original Price	Special Price
Knabe Upright	$550	$400
Knabe Upright	750	375
Knabe Upright	550	395
Knabe Grand	900	575

CHICKERING PIANOS

Chickering Upright	550	325
Chickering Grand	800	490
Chickering Grand	650	425

STECK PIANOS

Steck Upright	475	295
Steck Upright	475	360
Steck Upright	475	280
Steck Upright	525	375
Steck Grand	750	500
Steck Grand	900	525

MASON & HAMLIN

Mason & Hamlin Upright	600	350
Mason & Hamlin Upright	450	175

GABLER PIANOS

	Original Price	Special Price
Gabler Upright	$400	$170
Gabler Upright	400	195
Gabler Upright	450	160

FISCHER PIANOS

Fischer Upright	450	160
Fischer Upright	400	235
Fischer Grand	900	550
Fischer Grand	800	475

HAINES BROS. PIANOS

Haines Bros. Upright	350	135
Haines Bros. Upright	350	135
Haines Bros. Upright	350	135

WHEELOCK PIANOS

Wheelock Upright	350	150
Wheelock Upright	350	230
Wheelock Upright	350	240
Wheelock Upright	350	245

KRAKAUER PIANOS

Krakauer Upright	400	175
Krakauer Upright	400	180

HAZELTON PIANOS

	Original Price	Special Price
Hazelton Upright	$450	$165
Hazelton Upright	450	275

KRANICH & BACH

Kranich & Bach Upright	450	225
Kranich & Bach Grand	800	450
Kranich & Bach Upright	400	185

MISCELLANEOUS PIANOS

Waters Upright	350	185
Waters Upright	350	125
Bradbury Upright	400	170
Bradbury Upright	400	195
Bradbury Upright	400	135
New England Upright	350	150
New England Grand	750	310
Jacob Doll Upright	350	180
Jacob Doll Grand	800	415
Herlich Upright	350	165
Herlich Upright	350	150
Bechstein Grand	700	325
Bechstein Grand	700	320
Bent Upright	350	125

MISCELLANEOUS PIANOS (Continued)

	Original Price	Special Price
Taylor & Son Upright	$275	$150
Stieff Upright	400	155
Thompson Upright	325	90
Peek & Son Upright	350	170
Kimball Upright	350	175
Estey Upright	400	195
Hallet & Davis Upright	400	185
Emerson Upright	400	190
Standard Upright	375	165
Byrne Upright	325	150
Everett Upright	425	235
Mathushek Upright	325	160
Stultz & Bauer Upright	300	155
Windsor Upright	325	95
Sterling Upright	450	240
Stuyvesant Upright	250	145
Ludwig Upright	350	205
Mendelsohn Upright	250	135
A. B. Chase Upright	400	225
Lurch Upright	325	155
Wing & Son Upright	275	145
Bailey Upright	350	155

EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS ON EVERY INSTRUMENT IN THIS SALE

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BROKAW BROTHERS

Our clothes for young men show all the novelty effects that are accepted by good taste. They look what they are. Made along special lines, with the attractive details the young men like. Especial showing of the mode shades.

Sack Suits, $16 to $47.

Spring Overcoats, $16 to $42.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY
ASTOR PLACE & FOURTH AVE. N.Y.

The Coward Shoe

Have you a foot with a narrow heel? The COWARD COMBINATION SHOE is made two sizes smaller around the heel, than a regular shoe. This keeps the shoe from slipping at the heel and holds the arch of the foot in its natural position.

Comes in Russet and Black Oxfords and high shoes.

SOLD NOWHERE ELSE.

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Mail Orders Filled. Send for Catalogue.

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Special Prices on Small Sizes

Here's an opportunity for men with small feet! Regular $6 and $7 Stetson Oxfords in russet, patent, gun metal, glazed kid and calf.

These are special Stetson samples, made for our salesmen to show on the road, and perfect in every respect.

All lasts, but only two sizes—7 and 7½B. They're going fast at

$4.00

If Your Size Is Here—
DON'T WAIT!

The Stetson Shop, 7 Cortlandt St.
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Furniture

$12.75

Beauty and utility are not strangers. They are combined in every piece of Grand Rapids Furniture included in Little's immense stock. Sold direct by the manufacturer at workshop prices.

For Porches, Lawns and Living Rooms of Summer Homes:

The Southampton Rocker.....	$10.50
The New Deal Armchair.....	7.50
Old Point Comfort Armchair	9.00

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SYRUP OF FIGS
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ELIXIR OF SENNA
is taken. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine.
MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only.

Apollinaris
THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS

VICTOR
Talking Machines and Records
At all dealers.

FIZZ IT

WITH CLYSMIC

MISS MECHLIN DENIES FINDING ART FRAUD

Washington Art Critic Says She Merely Told Mr. Evans of Rumors Affecting His Pictures.

HE THEN INVESTIGATED

And Because of His Discoveries Withdrew Them — Clausen's Story of How He Obtained "The Old Mill Near St. Cloud."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17. — Miss Lella Mechlin, the art critic, told a correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day her part in the discovery of the forgery of the three pictures which William T. Evans has withdrawn from the Corcoran Gallery, and in connection with the sale of which William Clausen, the New York art dealer, was arrested in a civil action for damages on Friday. Mr. Evans had said that Miss Mechlin was responsible for the discovery that the pictures were not painted by the artists whose names they bore.

Miss Mechlin is emphatic in her denial that she "unearthed" the fraudulent nature of the pictures and forced their withdrawal. She simply told Mr. Evans, she said, that rumor attacked the authenticity of certain pictures in his gift. The investigation and final withdrawal of the three canvases was Mr. Evans's own work.

"Rumors came to me," said Miss Mechlin, "concerning the authenticity of the 'Old Mill Near St. Cloud,' before Mr. Evans gave the collection to the National Gallery. At the time the collection was brought to Washington I asked Mr. Evans about the picture, if he knew its history, and from whom he had purchased it.

"He said that he bought it from Mr. Clausen, that he did not know its history, but that he had the utmost confidence in the integrity of the dealer.

"When I was next in New York I went to see Mr. Clausen, and asked him of whom he had procured the painting. He told me from a man in upper New York State, who was no longer living, but who had been at one time a neighbor of Homer Martin.

"Later the rumors concerning the authenticity of this picture became more insistent, and finding that they were being widely circulated I drew Mr. Evans's attention to the matter in order that he might have an opportunity to disprove them if possible.

"Up to that time Mr. Evans had no doubt as to the authenticity of the picture, and whatever conclusions he has since come to have been, I am sure, the result of a thorough investigation."

MANUFACTURING OLD MASTERS.

Nothing New About That Profitable Industry—Besant's Tale About It.

It is hard to find anything new in trade tricks, and there certainly is nothing either novel or original in the "faking" of famous pictures, particularly of Old Masters. This has been a flourishing industry, in London particularly, as long as old pictures have commanded a better price than new ones. Thirty years ago the late Sir Walter Besant, who knew his London as few other English writers did, told all about the industry, the profit made in it, and the reason why "faking" pictures was more profitable than simply painting them. The facts and a little lecture on the subject were woven into "Ready Money Mortiboy," the first of the series of novels written by Besant in collaboration with James Rice, through which both men became famous.

Frank Mellship, a banker's son with a taste for painting and a touch of real genius, went to London, in the story, when his father's bank failed, determined to win fame and fortune in pursuit of art. He began by copying Sir Joshua Reynolds's "Heads of Angels," in the National Gallery. The picture painted, he tried to sell it. The dealers laughed at him. Nobody would buy a copy of a picture in the National Gallery.

The dealer who had framed it, however, permitted the artist to leave the picture in his shop. A few weeks later he bought it for 6 guineas. He had then already sold it, in somewhat changed form, for 18 guineas. The sale led the dealer to engage the amateur artist as restorer of old pictures at a shilling an hour, replacing a delinquent assistant, and as a result the young man learned not only how to restore old masters, but how to manufacture them.

The tricks were all practiced in a little back room under the eaves of the dealer's store, a ramshackle old place in which pictures of every age and school—Titians and Teniersses, Snyders and Wateaus—stood in stacks eight or ten thick, all ready for hanging in pseudo-baronial halls. Rules for the mere restoration of genuine old pictures "on a system invented by ourselves, Bartholomew Burls & Co., without the slightest injury or damage," as advertised, were thus set forth by the dealer, Burls himself:

"Lay the canvas down and rub it. If the varnish comes off after a few rubs of your finger it's mastic and will rub clear down to the paint. If it won't chafe, it's copal, and you must get it off with spirits, and be careful not to take the paint away with it."

In case of such accident, the "restorer" supplied little patches of paint himself, carrying out as well as he could interpret it the design of the original painter. That done, he dipped a wide brush in mastic varnish, dabbed the varnish on the picture like whitewash on a ceiling, and then left the canvas on the floor to dry, and there was the picture, "restored."

But making an old picture out of a new one was almost as simple. First the bright young artist copied a real Old Master, including the signature. The canvas was then lined and stretched on an old strainer. As it was to be an old picture, the supposed old canvas it was painted on had to be concealed by a lining. The picture relined, it received several coats of mastic varnish, in which red and yellow lake and other colors had been mixed, to tone it down. These were laid on with a liberal hand, one over the other, as fast as the under coat dried.

"Then," says Mr. Besant, "it was brushed over one night with a substance which we have all eaten times without number. What that simple thing is I must not tell or I shall have some of my younger readers trying the experiment on father's pictures, and it takes some practice to insure success."

Anyway, the next morning the surface of the picture, hard and dry, was covered with a network of very thin, fine cracks. It was then put into a real old frame of the period it represented, the doormat was shaken over canvas and frame several days in succession, and the business was complete. The picture looked old and mellow, the cracks bore witness to its genuineness; it had been lined to keep the rotting canvas from dropping to pieces, but the frame was the one it always stood in, in the old manor house at So-and-So.

A better and more mellow effect in the case of a very Old Master could be obtained by hanging the canvas some distance up in the chimney over the soft coal fire for a day or so and then wiping it off, instead of shaking the doormat over it.

"It's a simple thing when you know how to do it, ain't it?" says Mr. Besant's art dealer, to the artist he is instructing.

Mr. Besant argued in his story that the blame for such profitable deception should be shared in part at least by the customers of the dishonest dealers.

"If a man who has money to spend on his house will have pictures for his walls," he wrote, "why not prefer a new picture to an old one? Why not an honest print before a dishonest canvas? But it is always the reverse. He has a hundred pounds to lay out and he wants ten pictures for the money—bargains, speculative pictures with famous names to them, which he can comment on and enlarge upon and point out the beauties of to his friends, until he actually comes to believe that the thing he gave ten guineas for is a Turner; and the dealers can find him hundreds.

"Why the old masters must have painted pictures faster than they could nowadays print them, if a quarter of the things sold in their names were their true works. There are probably more pictures accredited to one famous old master now for sale in the various capitals of Europe than he could have produced had he painted a complete work every day from the day he was born till the day he died—and lived to be seventy, too."

Selling for 60 guineas "old masters" painted by the young artist within a week, for six, went on well enough till the young artist happened to place the ancient manor house from which a fine Cuyp was supposed to have come in his own village which was also that of the customer, and in which there was no manor house. This led to a demand for an explanation, and the young artist confessed in disgust and quit the business.

GOVERNMENT WINS IN JAPAN.

Elections Result In Substantial Majority for Constitutionalists.

TOKIO, May 17.—The results of the general elections held on Friday in Tokio and throughout the provinces have not yet been compiled on account of the difficulty experienced in communicating with distant points. It is safe, however, to predict that the Constitutionalists have secured a substantial majority, probably exceeding that in the previous session, and the Government expects to face the next Diet with a majority over all combinations.

Those best informed declare that such a popular indorsement of the Government insures the stability of the present Cabinet. It is said the Premier, Marquis Saionji, recently expressed a desire to resign, but was persuaded by Prince Ito not to do so, it being pointed out to him that embarrassment to the Government would result from his resignation in the face of the indorsement of the people.

It is understood the Premier, having withdrawn his intention of resigning, has consented to certain retrenchments in the Government's expenditures which will relieve the financial situation.

BRITISH FIGHT MOHMANDS.

Have 10 Killed and 24 Wounded—27 Deaths from Cholera.

SIMLA, May 17.—On approaching Khapap Pass to-day the pickets of Major Gen. Willcocks's force had a desperate four hours' fight with Mohmand tribesmen, during which the British suffered a loss of ten men killed and twenty-four wounded.

An outbreak of cholera has compelled the withdrawal of nearly all the white troops with Major Gen. Willcocks's first column into the cholera camp. The intense heat and the absence of running water, necessitating dependence on the muddy village water tanks, makes the danger of a cholera epidemic very serious.

French Success in Algeria.

PARIS, May 17.—Gen. Vigy, commander of the French forces in Algeria, who engaged in a fierce fight with Arabs on Thursday, has occupied Boudenib, the stronghold of Mulai Hassen, after vigorously shelling the tribesmen, who numbered 6,000. The enemy dispersed in all directions, abandoning its camp and large quantities of stores and ammunition. It suffered severe losses owing to the admirable handling of the artillery by the French. The latter had three killed and nine wounded.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

SEOUL, May 17.—Prince Ito has issued strict instructions to Japanese soldiers and civilians that they must not treat the Koreans as a conquered people, but that the rights of all law-abiding citizens must be respected under penalty of severe punishment. In order to suppress the disorderly element the force of gendarmes has been increased by about 5,000. These new men will be scattered throughout Korea.

TOKIO, May 17.—The negotiations between the United States and Japan relative to conventions which shall secure protection for American commercial interests in Japan and Korea, including patents, copyrights, and trademarks, have just been brought to what is believed a satisfactory conclusion. The papers have now been transferred from Tokio to Washington, where it is hoped the final signatures will be appended.

LONDON, May 17.—An official telegram received by the India Office reports twenty-seven deaths from cholera in the regiment of Munster Fusileers, which, a week ago, was sent into the cholera camp from Major Gen. Willcocks's force, now operating against the Mohmands.

BUDAPEST, May 17.—The recent warning to intending emigrants, issued by the Minister of the Interior, that the economic situation in America had not shown sufficient improvement to give prospect of obtaining work, has failed to check the outflow from this country. The Minister now announces that emigrants who have gone to the United States since Jan. 1 will not have the privilege of returning to Hungary gratis.

CHANCE FOR BACHELORS.

Two Young, Pretty, Gifted, Entertaining Austrian Girls Need Husbands.

THE TIMES received yesterday this interesting and unusual request from a girl writing in German from Zudweis, Austria:

Honored Management:

Will you please have the goodness through your famous newspaper to help two young, pretty, intelligent, entertaining, but penniless girls to find a husband? Here in Austria the number of women is so great that we cannot hope to marry here, and also we do not like to remain here. We are both highly gifted, but there is no objection to that in America.

We will look trustfully toward the future and build our hopes implicitly on your help. When the goal is reached then we both hope to visit you in person and return thanks [for the phrase may be "take our revenge"] for the happiness which you must bring us. Please, please say yes.

P. S.—But please let us receive an answer soon.

The letter gives name and address and seemed to be genuine.

Baby Dies In Grand Central Station.

Frank Gaglardi, 2 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Gaglardi, of 617 East Fifteenth Street, died in the Grand Central Station yesterday, a few minutes after being taken from a train on which the baby had traveled with its parents from Hartsdale, N. Y., where it had been for two weeks a patient. Bronchitis, aggravated by the excitement of the journey, was the cause of death.

TAFT ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT PANAMA CANAL

Comes Home from Isthmus Impressed with Fact Work Is Progressing Rapidly.

STILL DESIRES PRESIDENCY

Doesn't Quite Know, Though, How the Tally Stands — Lost Grasp of Situation While Abroad.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 17.—Secretary of War William H. Taft arrived here from Panama at noon to-day on board the cruiser Prairie, and after spending a few hours in the city, during which he was met and greeted by a number of officials and friends, left for Washington.

The Secretary was in fine health and spirits. He said his trip had been delightful; he had enjoyed every minute of the time, although he had been very busy.

Mr. Taft talked freely with regard to general conditions in Panama, but said he did not wish to be quoted on such matters, as the relations of the United States and Panama, which had been suggested as a possible reason for his trip, and he would not discuss the coming elections to be held in Panama.

He grew enthusiastic when telling of the excellent progress being made on the Panama Canal, and comparing it to the situation which greeted him on the occasion of his first visit to Panama in 1904.

"The Isthmus now presents," he said, "an appearance not unlike a factory or mill village, or succession of villages, clear across, and the light of the night, and the noises, too, might keep one awake if not tired enough to sleep well. The health conditions of the Canal Zone are now excellent, and labor conditions have greatly improved in all departments."

Mr. Taft said that work on the foundations for the great Gatun dam was progressing well. When asked as to the possibilities of concluding the work Mr. Taft said:

"If it was only the matter of digging the ditch I should suppose three years would be enough time at the present excellent rate of progress. The way in which the steam shovels are cutting into the land is almost wonderful, but there are other things that we cannot estimate at this time. The work on the locks has not been begun, except, of course, in the beginning of the Gatun dam. But everything seems encouraging, and it is such a great undertaking that we will not be thinking of hurry or worry. It is going ahead satisfactorily, and that is gratifying."

When the Presidential campaign was mentioned Mr. Taft laughed heartily, and said that he felt as though he had been out of touch with the situation and perhaps was further from the nomination than when he went away. He admitted, however, that he was still in line for that great honor.

WILL TAFT PAY THE BILL?

District of Columbia Wants $269.87 for Asphalt He Got Stuck In.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Certain anxious engineers of the District of Columbia are seeking to ascertain to whom they shall charge $269.87 worth of asphalt in which Secretary Taft floundered, and from which he was rescued with difficulty.

One evening four weeks ago the Secretary and Arthur I. Vorys of Ohio, his campaign manager, dined at the Willard with Senator Warner. At 9:30 the department carriage called for the pair, and they started for the War Department. Pat McQuade, driver of Secretaries of War for more than forty years, was on the box.

"Drive fast, Pat," said the Secretary as he slammed the carriage door.

McQuade touched his hat and picked up the reins. The fast-trotting bays whirled the carriage around the White House ellipse and into Seventeenth Street on the west side of the State, War, and Navy Building. Then their pace was almost instantly checked, and McQuade came near to being flung from his seat. At the same moment a squat man, with a Hibernian accent and an inspiring flow of profanity, rushed out of the darkness, waving his arm.

"Git out av it! Git out av it!" he shrilled. "Don't yez know it's wet asphalt yer drivin' in?"

"Gwan; sure I've got the Sicretary of War wid me," retorted McQuade, scornfully.

"Oi don't care if ye've got the President of the United States; git out av it," insisted the watchman.

"Let's get out of here, Vorys," said Taft, after he had listened for a moment to the argument between the watchman and the coachman. He walked forward a pace and stuck. Vorys, profiting by the experience of his chief, perched for a moment on the edge of the carriage, like a bird poised for flight, and then jumped wide. Te nearly went down in the sticky, gummy stuff, but righhted himself quickly and made for the sidewalk. Being much lighter than Taft, he finally made solid footing.

The street at this point is wide, and although the Secretary of War was making a valiant fight, he was getting bogged worse and worse in the morass. Vorys at last found a board, which he dragged to the curb and thrust into the quagmire.

Then he walked upon it and lent the Secretary a helping hand. It required some work to get the Taft feet loose, and at one time they discussed the advisability of cutting the Secretary's shoelace and leaving the shoes, but eventually the rescue was effected.

McQuade, with the aid of a half dozen policemen and the watchman, managed to extricate the horses and the carriage.

The question now is, however, Who is to pay the damage? Taft may adjudicate the question to-morrow, when he gets back.

Hangs Herself Lying In Bed.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., May 17.—Eleanor Hendrickson, 31 years old, of Locust Valley, was found dead in her bed early this morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Albro of Hempstead, where she was staying. She had killed herself by winding a strip of surgeon's gauze around her neck and lapping the end tightly over the head of her iron bed. A husband survives her. She was despondent because of sickness.

AS TO THE TUNGSTEN LAMP.

Commissioner Maltbie Tells of the Advantages It Has.

Public Service Commissioner Milo R. Maltbie, who has been investigating the contracts, rates, and character of service rendered by the electric light companies, said yesterday about the new tungsten lamp, heralded as a saver of something like 50 per cent. to consumers:

"As yet it has not been possible to produce a sixteen-candle-power tungsten lamp which is commercially successful, but a lamp of this candle power has been placed before the commission which is quite satisfactory, and within a few months will probably be placed upon the market in sufficient quantities to meet the demand.

"For the same candle power the tungsten lamp consumes four-tenths as much current as the most efficient carbon filament lamp, and nearly one-quarter as much as many lamps that are in ordinary use. The estimated life of the tungsten lamp is over twice that of the most efficient carbon lamp. The bulb of the tungsten lamp does not blacken like the carbon lamp; neither does its candle power decrease as rapidly toward the end of its life nor the amount of current consumed in order to maintain its standard of efficiency increase.

"The tungsten lamp costs from four to six times what the carbon filament lamps cost, but the saving in the amount of current is so great that there is a large net gain to the consumer. As a result, a storekeeper, for instance, will pay practically twice as much for the same illumination when he uses the carbon filament lamps, even though they are furnished free by the supply companies, as he would pay if he were using tungsten lamps and paying the company the reduced price at which they agree to sell them.

"An important point in the offer made by the companies is that they will deliver these lamps, place them in the sockets, and test them before collecting the amount charged, so that the consumer is sure of geting a lamp in good condition and put in place without additional charge. The companies stand the loss in handling and still supply the lamps at approximately two-thirds of what they can be bought elsewhere."

HAD OIL FROM WRECKED SHIP.

Agents of the Peter Rickmers Unconsciously Towed Some of Cargo Ashore.

The representatives of the owners and agents of the oil ship Peter Rickmers, which has been stranded on a reef off Zach's Inlet, near Fire Island, for the last three weeks, had the unusual experience yesterday of assisting four Long Islanders in getting safely into port with a part of the cargo of the ship.

Capt. Bachman of the Rickmers, Capt. Smith, Port Officer of the Marine Department of the Standard Oil Company, Mr. Gaspe, representative of Theodore Ruger & Co., agents of the ship, and two insurance inspectors went down to look over the wreck yesterday afternoon in a tugboat.

On arrival it was found that the swell was too great to put the men on board the Rickmers, and after circling the ship the tugboat started to put back to this city. Half a mile away they were hailed by four men in a twenty-two-foot launch, who said their engine had broken down. A line was thrown to them, and the launch towed to St. George, Staten Island.

As the tugboat started to pull away Capt. Bachman noticed that the bottom of the boat was filled with five-gallon cans of oil of the type with which the Rickmers is loaded. There were about twenty-five cans in all. The spokesman of the men in the boat, who said he was Samuel Smith of Freeport, L. I., insisted that they had picked up the cans in the water around the stranded ship. Capt. Bachman says that no cans have been thrown overboard since the storm of last week.

BRINGS DEAD WIFE HOME.

J. E. Cowdin Here on the Touraine with the Body of Mrs. Cowdin.

Among the passengers who returned yesterday on the French Line steamer Touraine were J. E. Cowdin and his daughter, Miss Ethel Cowdin. Mr. Cowdin brought home the body of his wife, the former Miss Gertrude Cheever, who died in Paris on May 3. Mr. Cowdin went to Paris several weeks ago when his wife was taken seriously ill.

Mrs. Cowdin was a well-known pianiste. It had been her custom to make a pleasure tour of Europe every year. The body was taken to the family home, 13 Gramercy Park.

Other passengers in the Touraine were:

The Baroness de Croze, Mr. and Mrs. Guarderas de Gomez de la Torre and their two married and four unmarried daughters, who are on their way to Lima, Peru; the Rev. J. M. Merel, Catholic Bishop of Canton, China; Count de Malherbe, Mr. and Mrs. Auguste Bares, Macio Olivetti, and H. E. Pierrerd.

The Touraine is now commanded by Capt. Tourette of the French Navy. He was in charge of the French cruiser Kleber when that vessel visited Jamestown.

Dying Man Won't Tell Who Shot Him.

Gustave Trotti, 28 years old, who lives at 327 East 108th Street, is dying in the Harlem Hospital as the result of a pistol wound. He refuses to say who shot him. Trotti was taken to the hospital on May 12 by Patrolman Delaney of the East 104th Street Station, who found him on the sidewalk in front of 301 East 108th Street with a wound in his abdomen.

Third Rail Line Open to Hempstead.

The work of extending the third-rail system of the Long Island Railroad to Hempstead has been completed. To-morrow the first electric train between Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, and Hempstead will be run. President Ralph Peters has invited a number of officials of the road to be his guests on the train.

9-YEAR-OLD FUGITIVE CAUGHT

Boy Who Escaped from St. John's Home Falls in with the Police.

James Garrity, a nine-year-old inmate of St. Joan's Home, in St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, escaped from the dormitory late Saturday night.

The police were notified, and the missing boy was identified as a homeless urchin who had been picked up at Congress and Columbia Streets by Patrolman Joseph Flanagan of the Hamilton Avenue Station shortly before 3 o'clock, and had been taken to the Children's Society, in Schermerhorn Street.

Killed by Tug-of-War Excitement.

Samuel Larsen, a carpenter, of Avenue B, Port Richmond, dropped dead at Gillis's Park, New Dorp, S. I., yesterday afternoon of heart disease, brought on by the excitement of watching a tug-of-war, which was one of the events of an outing being given by the Dover Athletic Association. Larsen was 49 years old. His wife sailed last week to visit her parents in Germany.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

BEGINNING THIS MORNING

Sale of Negligee Shirts for Men

334 Shirts worth	3.00	All at 1.95
714 Shirts worth	3.50	
103 Shirts worth	5.00	
49 Shirts worth	7.00	

1200 Shirts in the choicest effects

Negligee models, with plain or plaited bosoms, including the new French pique bosoms and duffs, with fine white madras body; pure white silks with collars attached; silk and linen with neckbands or with collars attached; also a few plain color silk shirts in blue, tan, helio, gray or green. All Sizes.

ALSO BEGINNING THIS MORNING

A Sale of

Low Shoes for Men
Values $5, $6 and $7, at 3.40

These Oxfords constitute beyond doubt the finest assortment we have ever offered so early in the season at a price so low.

Oxfords, Two-eyelet Pump Ties, Blucher, button or Oxford Ties, with plain or perforated vamps, of patent calf, colt or kidskin, tan Russia calf, kid, wine color calf, gun metal, wax calf or glazed kid. ALL SIZES AND WIDTHS.

Automobile Coats

Brill Stores are sole N. Y. C. agents for the automobile coats made by the C. Kenyon Company.

These coats are designed to give practical service under all conditions.

The tailoring was done in a modern manner in one of the largest, lightest and most modern plants in America.

They are the most consistently priced and best value Automobile Coats in New York City.

Brill Stores present a complete assortment at $1.75 to $30.

An illustrated catalog will be sent free on request to 279 Broadway.

Illustration shows No. 5056, double texture storm coat, 54 inches long; triple breasted (one row of six large ivory buttons), being made with a double "lap under and over" storm fly; ventilation eyelets under arms; two piece Prussian collar with underfolding tab; one piece sleeve with wind cuffs at hand; two very large lower pockets with vertical welt; in and out opening just inside pocket.

Material illustrated is an Olive Double Texture Cloth, the back a fancy plaid, also made in dark Oxford color—$30.

Brill Brothers

UNION SQ., 14th St., n. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich.
279 BROADWAY, n. Chambers. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.
HARLEM STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

Smith Gray

Color harmony is the key-note of this season's apparel. Complementary tones are found in the haberdashery, hat and fancy waistcoat departments.

That new shade of brown in men's suits, associated with the proper selection of accessories, will produce an effect in which color clashing is tastefully absent.

Business Suits $15.00 to $45.00.

SMITH, GRAY & CO.

NEW YORK
Broadway at Warren St.
Broadway at 31st St.

BROOKLYN
Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave.
Broadway at Bedford Ave.

Light—but nutritious
Plain—yet delicious
Eat all you want of them
Eat all you can of them

Uneeda Biscuit

5¢ In dust tight, moisture proof packages. Never sold in bulk.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

FIRST BIG GUN SHIP TO BE LAUNCHED SOON

Four Great Turrets with 12-Inch Guns New Feature of the Michigan.

ALL CAN BE USED AT ONCE

Armor Belt Line Eight Feet Wide and Varying in Thickness from Eleven to Nine Inches.

The battleship Michigan, the first of all the big gun battleships of the United States Navy, will be launched next Saturday at Camden, N. J. The day will be an historic one in the navy, for when the Michigan takes to the water it will mean that so far as future construction is concerned all of the vessels of the American Navy will be of the powerful type now popularly known as the Dreadnought class.

Miss Carol Barnes Newberry, the daughter of Assistant Secretary Newberry of the Navy, has been chosen to name the new battleship.

When completed, the Michigan, which is already half finished, will be, in appearance and armament, distinctly different from any of the battleships now flying the American flag. Her most noteworthy feature will be her four great turrets, out of each of which will protrude a pair of 12-inch guns of the latest and most powerful type. These turrets, which are so arranged that every one of them can be used in a broadside, either to the port or starboard, will be mounted on the axial line of the ship, one pair aft and the other pair forward of the superstructure. The turrets are placed one ahead of the other, it being necessary to shorten the superstructure, with the result that the two funnels and the two long pole masts will be very close to each other.

Forward the freeboard of the new ship will be the same as that of the Connecticut, the flagship of the Atlantic fleet, but aft of the superstructure, for the purpose of saving weight, a reduction of about eight feet below that of the Connecticut has been effected. The elevation of the turrets is such that the rear turret, both in the forward and aft pairs, can be fired directly over the top of the one in front.

Another peculiarity will be the arrangement of the ship's masts, the forward mast being on the starboard and the after on the port side of the Michigan. The armor belt line, which has been so much discussed recently by Reuterdahl and others, is eight feet wide and over 300 feet long, the thickness amidships varying from eleven inches at the top to nine inches at the bottom, while the armor that will protect the magazines will vary from a foot at the top to ten inches at the bottom.

Above the armored belt line will be a casement protection, which will be eight inches thick at the top and ten inches at the bottom, which in extent and thickness has never before been approached in any American battleship. At the after end of the belt armor will be fitted athwartship armor ten inches in thickness, while at the forward end of the belt armor will be an athwartship armor bulkhead the same thickness, extending clear across the ship. An athwartship casemate armor bulkhead will also be fitted between the shell plating and the barbettes, the berth and main decks, which will be eight inches thick.

The armor that will protect the barbettes will vary in thickness from ten to eight inches, dependent on whether or not it is flanked by the side armor of the battleship. In the case of each of the four turrets the side armor will vary from twelve inches to eight inches, while the plates on top will be ten and a half inches thick. The turrets will be electrically controlled, while the most complete arrangement for obviating the dangers of turret explosions, flarebacks, and other accidents which have caused so many disasters in the navy will be used to protect the men who will handle the great guns on the Michigan.

When completed the Michigan will displace 16,000 tons, and will carry in addition to her battery of eight 12-inch guns twenty-two 8-inch guns and sixteen small rapid fire guns. She will also be fitted with two submerged 21-inch torpedo tubes. Her engines will be of 16,000 horse power each, and the vessel must make 18½ knots an hour on her trial trip.

LAUNCHING OF THE VESTAL.

Biggest Collier Will be Named at Brooklyn Navy Yard by Miss Goodrich

The new United States fleet collier Vestal, the biggest and most perfectly appointed war craft of her type ever built, will be launched at the New York Navy Yard at 10:45 o'clock to-morrow morning. Naval Constructor Baxter, builder of the flagship Connecticut, saw to it that the Vestal was built acording to specifications.

As the Vestal begins to move the blasts of a compressed-air siren will be the signal for Miss Goodrich, daughter of Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich, U. S. N., to break the bottle of wine on the side of the ship and officially name her the Vestal.

Prior to and immediately following the launching the East River will be patrolled by vessels of the United States Revenue Cutter Service, under command of Lieut. Commander D. C. Hanrahan, the Supervisor of New York Harbor. From 10 o'clock until after the launching traffic in the East River will be confined to a space that extends from the Manhattan shore to a distance of 125 feet.

Among those who are expected to be present are Major General and Mrs. Frederick D. Grant, Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle, who got through Congress the bill which gives the construction of one of the newly authorized battleships of the Dreadnought type to the New York Navy Yard; Rear Admiral Washington Lee Capps, Chief Constructor, U. S. N.; Capt. Cameron McR. Winslow, commanding the U. S. battleship New Hampshire; Commander Burns T. Wallings, commanding the scout cruiser Birmingham; Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich and Mrs. Goodrich, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Joseph B. Coghlan, Gen. Horace Porter, Col. H. O. S. Heistand, U. S. A, and Mrs. Heistand, Congressman William Sulzer, Rear Admiral Clifford H. West, U. S. N., retired; Naval Constructor William J. Baxter, U. S. N.; Austen G. Fox, Miss Helen Gould, the naval attachés of the embassies and legations in Washington, and many other persons prominent in naval, military, and civil life.

To-morrow evening the launching of the Vestal will be celebrated at a banquet at the Assembly, Pierrepont and Fulton Streets, Brooklyn, the hosts at which will be the employes of the New York Navy Yard, who have to do with the construction of the Vestal.

The Vestal is already 84 per cent. completed, and will be ready to join the Atlantic fleet when it arrives in Eastern waters next December. She is 450 feet long, and will displace, when completed, 12,500 tons, is designed to maintain a speed in excess of 16 knots, and will have cost, when ready for commissioning, $1,400,000.

NEW AMMUNITION HOISTS.

British Device to be Used on the Latest Battleships.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The two-stage ammunition hoists are to be installed on the battleships South Carolina, Michigan, Delaware, and South Dakota.

This is the general type of hoist used on British ships, and has been recommended for the American type as likely to contribute to the rapidity of fire.

BALTIMORE HEARS BISHOPS.

Prominent Methodist Conference Delegates Fill Many Pulpits.

BALTIMORE, May 17.—Nearly every Protestant church in this city and its suburbs had in its pulpit to-day one of the Bishops or prominent clergymen in attendance upon the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the work of which will be again taken up to-morrow morning. In addition to the sermons preached at regular church services, there was a big meeting for men at Ford's Grand Opera House and a general meeting at the Lyric, at which an audience which overflowed the big building heard the Rev. Dr. James Henderson, fraternal delegate from the Canadian Conference.

The coming week promises to be taken up with the transaction of important business in the conference, the work of which is behind because of the great amount of time given to the reading of reports of commissions. The work of the many committees is well in hand and many reports are ready for submission to the conference. It is expected that possibly to-morrow a memorial will be presented looking to changes in the list of studies at the various Methodist Episcopal seminaries, more particularly with a view to the introduction in all of them of the study of modern languages.

On Tuesday the Committee on the Episcopacy is expected to report its recommendations as to the number of Bishops to be elected, and on Wednesday, the event of the week, the balloting for Bishops is expected to begin.

Other important matters that will be brought to the attention of the conference will be the matter of the election of Presiding Elders, as against the present system under which they are appointed by the Bishops; the proposal looking to a heavy reduction in the number of delegates to general conferences in future, and the matter of amusements, such as dancing, with regard to which the address of the Bishops made a recommendatio nthat certain words be stricken from that paragraph of the discipline of the Church, treating of the general subject of amusements.

200,000 AT CONEY ISLAND.

B. R. T. Expresses and Iron Steamboats Start Summer Schedules.

Coney Island entered upon the season of 1908 yesterday with the starting of the express service of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and the excursion steamers of the Iron Steamboat Company. The weather was propitious, and 200,000 took part in the opening.

Surf Avenue, the beaches, and the Bowery were crowded all day long. Straw hats were numerous, and the crowd enjoyed itself in the traditional Coney Island way.

The steamboats Sirius and the Cygnus began their hour schedule from the Battery to the Iron Pier at 10 o'clock in the morning. The traffic was light, however, probably because not every one knew that the boats had started. Later in the day more persons took the boats, especially on the return trips. For the present only the Sunday service will be kept up. The hoats will start running daily later in the month.

Mrs. Duffy, the Matron of the Coney Island Police Station, had a busy day, eleven children passing through her hands between noon and midnight on their way from the streets back to their parents. Several captures of pickpockets were made, but there were no excise arrests.

At Luna Park, which was formally opened on Saturday, many of the principal attractions were running yesterday, and Mr. Thompson estimated last night that fully 75,000 persons passed in and out the gates in the day.

There was also a large crowd in Dreamland, where several of the attractions are already open.

MOHONK CONFERENCE PLANS.

Discussion of Second Hague Conference One of the Chief Features.

LAKE MOHONK, N. Y., May 17.—The fourteenth annual meeting of the Lake Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration will take place Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday of this week.

One of the principal features of the conference will be discussions of the work of the second Hague Conference. The discussions are expected to emphasize the view of the leaders of the conference that, so far from being a failure, the second Hague Conference was of most substantial service to the world and to humanity.

A full session of the conference has been allotted to the business men's movement for international arbitration and another session to the department of colleges and universities.

There will also be a Pan-American session, at which addresses will be delivered by John Barrett and others.

It is probable that in some form the vexed question of limitation of armaments and the building of big battleships will again come up.

FELL TO DEATH IN DARK.

Henry Askins Found Lifeless Under the Elevated in Brooklyn.

Henry Askins of 461 Dean Street, Brooklyn, was killed by falling from an elevated platform to the street at the Brooklyn Bridge terminal at Sands and Washington Streets, Brooklyn, shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday morning.

Policemen Kane and Sullivan of the Fulton Street Station found the body, and after an examination by Dr. Morgenthaler of the Brooklyn Hospital, who said death had been caused by a fractured skull, had it removed to the station house. There it was identified during the day by the dead man's son.

There is a hole in the flooring of the platform, and it is thought that Askins took the wrong stairway and fell through this hole in the darkness.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Deaf Can Hear,

And Know it Before Purchasing

That the vast majority of Hearing Devices are inefficient or entirely useless, is undoubtedly the fact. It is therefore necessary that an instrument which really does make the deaf hear distinctly should prove itself beyond question to the prospective purchaser before a purchase is concluded.

The General Acoustic Company is GLAD to demonstrate to ALL deaf people that the Acousticon will make them hear INSTANTLY, are ANXIOUS to prove without question that unless the auditory nerve is entirely destroyed you CANNOT HELP hearing distinctly; and if you do not hear with it after a trial they will say to you: "We do not want you to purchase, for a dissatisfied purchaser can do us more harm than ten times the profit on the instrument."

If you cannot call at our office and test it personally, write us, and we will inform you how you may test it before purchasing.

The Acousticon electrically magnifies sound 400 per cent., and clarifies articulation so that by PERFECTLY NATURAL means the nerves of the ear are quickened into responsive action.

It is now installed and being used with great success on a large scale in many Churches, Theatres, and the Public Buildings in Washington. List will be sent on application.

Cut this Advertisement out NOW WHILE IT IS BEFORE YOU, and call or write at your convenience; call if possible, that we may demonstrate it in the way that will be mutually the most satisfactory.

GENERAL ACOUSTIC COMPANY,
1,269 Broadway, New York.

MOBS IN CLEVELAND AGAIN ATTACK CARS

Peaceful Day with Good Service Succeeded by Rioting When Darkness Comes.

CACHE OF DYNAMITE FOUND

Charge Made That Political Enemies of Mayor Johnson Are Responsible for the Trouble.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 17.—After a day of quiet, in which good service was given by the Municipal Traction Company, rioting was renewed to-night by sympathizers with the street-car strikers. In daylight hours the trouble was confined to occasional cutting of wires, throwing of stones, and obstruction of the tracks. When darkness came, however, crowds gathered and sometimes became violent. All the cars that are running to-night have police guards, and the barns are closely watched for fear of attempts to blow them up.

A. B. Dupont, President of the Municipal Company, was hanged in effigy to a telegraph pole near the Loraine Avenue car barns. With jeers the swaying figure was pelted with stones and left hanging to the pole for several hours.

A crowd held up the Broadway cars by piling débris on the tracks. While a motorman was removing the refuse the crowd jeered him. He drew a revolver and sent a bullet through the sleeve of one of the onlookers. The conductor jumped from his car and ran.

An eastbound Euclid Heights car was held up by about fifty men. A beam of wood was thrown across the tracks and the passengers were forced to leave the car, and the motorman and conductor were dragged from it. The strikers then pelted the car with stones, breaking every window and demolishing the front vestibule.

Riot calls were sent into all four west side precincts early in the evening when mobs gathered at Lake and Detroit Avenues N. W., Highland and Detroit Avenues, Lakewood and West Twenty-fifth Street and Clark Avenue S. W. and Clark Avenue and West Fifty-ninth Street. They were easily dispersed by reserves.

One hundred sticks of dynamite were found hidden in Doan Brook Valley, near the Superior Avenue barns. They were confiscated by the police.

Cars Run Under Guard.

Cars were run under police guard much as usual to-day, and people rode to all parts of the city. Schedules were not up to the standard, and on some lines few cars were operated.

A large extra force of police and deputies have been sworn in, and a stern effort to arrest all disorderly persons will be made. Chief of Police Kohler says he can maintain order without the aid of militia, and in person has led the onslaught on mobs wherever they have been ugly. Many arrests have already been made of men caught cutting wires, piling logs and stones on the tracks, and otherwise delaying traffic.

Councilman Haserodt was injured at St. Claire Avenue and Norwood Avenue, N. E., while attempting to remove the obstructions that had been placed on the track at that corner. He was hit by a stone, but his injury is not serious.

The political feature of the strike will not down. The most trouble with strikers and their friends so far has been in the sections where Mayor Johnson has the strongest opposition. It is openly charged that the trike has been encouraged by friends of the old Cleveland Electric Company, who want to cripple the new company in every way possible. Cleveland Electric officials deny this, but Johnson's friends insist they can prove the charge.

Trouble Made by Old Employes.

President Dupont of the Municipal Traction Company, a Johnson supporter, in a statement given out to-day, says:

"Ever since the Municipal Traction Company took over the street railway system there has been a systematic attempt on the part of a considerable number of the old Cleveland Electric employes to make trouble. They have been offensive to passengers, refused to give transfers where ordered to do so, knocked down fares, charged fares for children in arms, and otherwise have been disloyal to the company. Every one of these men has had a chance for a hearing when discharged.

"When we found an injustice had been done, as was sometimes the case, we reinstated the men with full pay for lost time. I believe the men are responsible for the strike."

International Vice President Behner says in a statement that many of the veteran employes have been discharged in order to make way for employes of the low-fare companies. He also charges that the agreement to arbitrate was violated by the Municipal Traction Company.

W. D. Mahon, International President of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, arrived here to-day from Chicago. He at once went into conference with Vice President Behner and members of the local executive committee. He also met Joseph Bishop and Judge Selwyn N. Owen of the State Board of Arbitration, who still are endeavoring to bring about an understanding. President Mahon said he did not expect to take any active part in the strike, and that he would return to Chicago to-morrow night, leaving the actual management in the hands of Mr. Behner.

The State arbitrators admitted to-day that they had seen President Dupont, and that a proposition to arbitrate had been broached. What Mr. Dupont's attitude was they would not state. Another conference will be held.

Since the inauguration of three-cent fare there has been an apparent widespread and growing dissatisfaction among the people of the city and its suburbs relative to the restricted issuance of transfers by the Municipal Traction Company.

Largely attended public meetings have been held to protest against these conditions, with the result that a strong public sentiment has been crystallized against the policy of the company, and it is believed has led to more or less of the violence displayed in connection with the strike.

BOARD TO TRY TWO TEACHERS

Were Absent from School Without Leave and Gave No Excuse.

Two public school teachers, charged with neglect of duty, will be tried by the Board of Education's Committee on Elementary Schools on Tuesday, May 26, and a report of the findings will be made to the board at its meeting the next day.

The teachers, who have been suspended by Supt. Maxwell, to await their trial, are James T. Farries of School 70 in Seventy-fifth Street, near Third Avenue, Manhattan, and Mrs. Rebecca Solomon of School 12, 371 Madison Street, Manhattan.

Specifically, both are charged with absenting themselves from school for long periods without a known excuse. Inquiries regarding them, it was reported to the Superintendent, failed to bring out any reason for their continued absence, so the principals and district superintendents having supervision over them preferred charges. What defense the teachers will make is not known.

Without reference to the two cases to be tried, it is understood that the irregularity of attendance of some of the teachers has become something of a problem, to say nothing of an expense to the city. A teacher is paid a yearly salary, and though not paid on the days not teaching, he is paid for Saturdays and Sundays, and if he is absent several weeks or months, as some have been known to be, they can collect for the Saturdays and Sundays, unless suspended or definite action taken by the committee of the board in charge.

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BLANKETS, cleaned and made fluffy like new, per pair..... 75c

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NEW PATRON SAINT FOR ARMY SQUIRRELS

Col. McCauley Becomes the Peanut "Angel" on Governors Island, Vice Col. Pullman.

DELEGATION CALLS ON HIM

Grandfather Squirrel First Reconnoitres and Then Invites His Family to Dine.

When Col. John W. Pullman, U. S. A., was Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the East, with headquarters on Governors Island, he was known as the particular friend of the hundreds of squirrels whose homes are in the trees on the island. Col. Heistand, Adjutant General of the Department, and Col. Allison, Chief of the Commissary Department, say that there was not a squirrel on the island that did not know Col. Pullman, and among the hundreds of squirrels there are said to be several that Col. Pullman actually taught to answer pet names he had for them.

Col. Pullman was known to the peanut venders of Battery Park as their best customer, a day rarely passing without the Colonel showing up himself, or else sending one of his men to get the supply needed to feed his friends. The squirrels would come into Col. Pullman's house, and when he was not at home would go to a certain drawer in a dresser where they knew the peanuts were kept.

A few weeks ago Col. Pullman was transferred from New York and Col. Charles A. H. McCauley came to Governors Island to take his place. Col. McCauley took the house vacated by Col. Pullman, and he had no more than got settled when he noticed that his residence was a mighty popular place with the bushtailed army of Governors Island.

The other day Col. McCauley was seated at his desk in his office, when in came a big old grandfather squirrel and jumped up on his desk and looked appealingly at him.

"I wonder what's the matter with this fellow?" asked Col. McCauley of his orderly.

"He's trying to figure out whether or not you are Col. Pullman, Sir," replied the orderly, "and he wants his peanuts."

"Such impudence certainly deserves a reward," added Col. McCauley, and he sent out and got some peanuts.

After the squirrel had received all the good for him the Colonel dropped the bag into the bottom drawer of his desk.

The squirrel saw the act, and immediately scampered away. In ten minutes he was back, and with him was a delegation of squirrels from the big tree that stands in front of Gen. Grant's house. The squirrel did not jump up on the desk this time. Instead he dived into the drawer, which had been left half open. The others followed suit, and in a few minutes there was not a peanut left in that drawer.

Col. McCauley has taken the place of Col. Pullman as the patron in chief of the peanut vendors of Battery Park.

Every Man Owes It to Himself to See These New Worsted Suits

Specially priced at $18 and $20

The man who wishes to dress as smartly as possible—the man who wants a suit that will live a long life—the man who considers a saving of $5 to $7—is the man who should see these suits. Never was more good value crowded into suits at like prices—never were suits tailored as thoroughly and fashioned of such elegant worsteds priced as low as $18 and $20.

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A complete new stock of Foreign and Domestic Steamer Rugs. The latest colors, including Scotch Clan Tartan and combination Plaids.

Sale of 150 fine quality Steamer Rugs. 4.75 and 7.00

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Sale of Oriental and Domestic Rugs at unusually attractive prices.

300 Oriental Carpets, consisting of Afghan, Cashmere, Mahal, Agra and Serapi. 75.00 to 180.00 Value 110.00 to 275.00

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200 Fine Caucasian Rugs. 12.50

300 Choice Cabistan Rugs (finest of the Caucasian weaves). 20.00, 26.50 and 40.00 Value 30.00 to 70.00

Domestic Rugs in all varieties. Size 9 x 12 ft. 19.00 to 52.50

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Sale of Satin Damask Table Cloths and Napkins, Huckaback Towels, Cotton Sheets and Pillow Cases. At reduced prices.

On Monday and Tuesday, May the 18th and 19th.

Table Cloths.

2 x 2 yards.....1.65 and 2.85
2 x 2½ yards.....2.10 " 3.60
2 x 3 yards.....2.50 " 4.30
Dinner Napkins.....2.55 and 4.25 doz.

Towels.

Hemmed Huckaback..2.50 and 2.75 doz.
Hemstitched " ..2.85 " 5.45 "
Hemstitched Cotton Sheets..82c and 95c
Hemstitched Cotton Pillow Cases.....23c

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Commencing Monday, May the 18th.

Sale of White and Colored Washable Summer Fabrics.

White Irish Dress Linen. Full bleach, soft finish. 48 inches wide. 50c per yard value 65c

25,000 yards, Printed Lawn and Organdie. Various neat ring and polka dots, over-checks and floral designs. White or Ecru grounds. 15c per yard

15,000 yards, White Fabrics, consisting of Lawn, Batiste and Madras. Stripes, checks, plaids, dots and figures. 15c per yard value 25c

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Sale of Two Hundred dozen Lingerie Waists. Trimmed with fine laces and combination of laces and embroideries. Various designs. Many copies of imported models. Ranging in prices from 4.95 to 8.50 value 6.50 to 12.75

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REPUBLICAN TARIFF PROGRAMME.

The Republicans have now apparently done all that they deem necessary to meet the sentiment of the country as to the revision of the tariff, and it amounts practically to nothing. In the House Chairman PAYNE announced at the close of the week that no hearings on the tariff would be had until after the election, and this announcement was made in the course of a discussion of his own resolution that his committee have power to sit during the recess and to hold hearings in preparation for tariff revision. Obviously the resolution, with this limitation, has no value whatever. It provides only for two or three weeks' work before the opening of the next session. There is clearly no intention to do anything that could not be done just as well without the passage of the resolution. In the Senate proceedings about as farcical were indulged in. Mr. ALLISON secured the passage of a resolution authorizing the Senate Committee on Finance to employ experts in pursuing tariff investigations. On the face of it this would seem to imply a purpose to carry on a real inquiry, but it is reported that the intent really is solely to shunt the proposition to appoint a tariff commission composed in part of experts. It is a sign of how completely the Republicans have "got together" on the do-nothing policy, that Senator BEVERIDGE, the perfervid champion of the commission plan, is the author of this evasive resolution.

The interpretation these arrangements will receive during the canvass will vary with the latitude and the political temperature. In the East, and especially in New England, where there has been steadily growing a sense of the burdens and hindrances of the tariff, it will be pointed out that the majority in Congress have provided for the early consideration of the subject in both Houses by sittings of their respective committees, and that the voice of the country will promptly be obeyed when the present Congress meets for its last session. This will be the tone taken in all sections where the manufacturers have awakened to the real operation of the heavy duties on materials and of the substantial obstacles the tariff offers to wider markets. On the other hand, to those manufacturers who are enjoying the direct favors of the tariff, who have tasted the delights of partial monopoly of the home market with an outlet in exportation at reduced prices when necessary to dispose of the surplus product, and who are depended on to furnish campaign funds, a different tone will be taken. These will be assured that their special privileges are in no peril, that none of them will be withdrawn or reduced, that not a featherweight of the load imposed on their competitors will be lifted, unless the expression of reform sentiment becomes too emphatic to be ignored. In that case no more will be done than is absolutely necessary.

The situation is plain. The Republicans do not intend to yield a jot toward the amelioration of the tariff unless they are compelled to do so. It remains for those who are oppressed by the tariff to compel them. It is not certain that the Presidential campaign in itself will afford opportunity for definite action in this direction, though that may come about, if the Democratic candidate is not BRYAN. If Mr. BRYAN be named the choice between him and his rival would, for a great body of Democrats, and for all Republicans, be determined by his personal character and record. The most complete assurance of tariff reform could not induce sober business men to support Mr. BRYAN though they were radical free traders. But if the Democratic candidate were himself a sober and conservative man, he would receive the united support of all who earnestly wish for tariff reform. In any event, there is a field for effective work in advancing the reform in the Congressional districts. It is in this field that the organized tariff reform movement, which has gained so much strength in the past two years, can make itself felt. The movement aims at a rational revision, not a revolutionary one. It can do no possible harm. A full Democratic majority in the House would not be able to secure extreme dealing with the tariff if it wished to do so. But a tariff reform majority, bent on a careful and practical remedy for tariff abuses, would, in all probability, have its way whoever was President. If Mr. TAFT were President, it would probably be aided in its way. That is the aim the friends of reform should set for themselves.

STEALING TRANSIT FACILITIES.

In his argument before the Governor against the rapid transit law amendments Mr. TOMKINS described a course of events which he affected to deplore. Said he: "The city, in co-operation with the State, can, through taxation, severe regulation of service and fares, and direct competition, make such enterprises unprofitable, and so pave the way for taking them over and developing a transportation system in conformity with the growing needs of the city." All transit systems are indeed subject to competition, as well as to public regulation, and no objection is proper. But the competition and regulation should be fair, as between equals under the law. To use law and taxation deliberately to make franchises unprofitable so that they may be assumed in the alleged public interests savors of robbery.

Yet it is the fashion to take away franchises which are in the nature of continuing contracts, and in defiance of the fact that the consideration in public accommodation is being paid day by day. The former Mayor of Auburn, now Public Service Commissioner for the Second District, said in this city in a public address not long ago: "A franchise granted by the Legislature of fifty years ago belongs to us of to-day quite as much as, if not more than, to our grandfathers, who handed it over to some railroad in perpetuity. The action of the Legislature in giving away our birthright is not morally a contract binding upon us to-day when it comes in conflict with the present or future public interests." He added that some might think this is Socialistic, and that it would be hard to find law for it, but it would become good law. Prophecy for prophecy—when his ideas become law there will be confiscation without due process of law.

The ideas of these gentlemen are like those of TOM JOHNSON in Cleveland. "I believe competition will make it cheaper for us to buy you out. We will seek legislation and will then compete with you, and finally buy you." The price paid in such contracts is not measured in dollars. The cost is paid in what cannot be bought for money, and which no transit privileges can recompense. When Legislatures are used as highwaymen's tools enterprise is slaughtered, and business men discover it too late. In many States there are minor protests to local officials resembling that monster visit to the White House last week. The prayer is not for more laws, nor for fiercer administration of existing laws, but for rest and recuperation. The country needs them, and, much as New York needs more transit facilities, it cannot afford to steal them.

THE IRISH UNIVERSITIES.

There is something entirely delightful in the British way of doing suddenly and thoroughly what has long been under angry discussion and has seemed utterly impracticable. For years the lack of higher education in Ireland, of which Catholics could with a clear conscience take advantage, has been a crying grievance to the majority of the Irish people. It is true that the existing institutions have not been openly Protestant in their requirements, but the Church and the faithful have insisted that they should be provided with a university imbued with the spirit and guided by the sentiment of the Church, in which the influences would be frankly friendly to the Church. The Conservative Party, when in power, though in avowed sympathy with the general principle, has never dared to propose its concrete application. When the Liberals came into power they appeared at first as timid as their predecessors, and the only plan they ventured to suggest was that of Mr. BRYCE, then Secretary for Ireland, which undertook to enlarge Trinity and give the Catholics a voice in it. Even this was greeted by the Nonconformists with much bitterness.

But when Mr. BIRRELL took over Irish affairs, he addressed himself directly to this problem, and evolved the bill which has just passed the second reading by a vote of more than ten to one. It provides for two new universities in Ireland, the one in Dublin to be in effect, though, of course, not confessedly, a Catholic institution. It has received the complete approval of the Catholic hierarchy, was supported by all the Irish Nationalists in the House, was warmly upheld by Mr. BALFOUR and the Conservatives, and was opposed only by a handful of Irish Unionists, the "Orangemen" of to-day, and by a few Nonconformist Radicals, most of whom are probably believers in purely secular education.

This is a long step in the settlement of the acute differences in Ireland. One is tempted to wonder why, if it could be done now with such general acclaim, it was not done long ago. One reason is that no responsible statesman in charge of Irish affairs has had the courage of Mr. BIRRELL. That gentleman, who has been regarded in the past as somewhat an idealist and dilettante, has the supreme advantage in a place of power and responsibility of being willing to stake all and to stand or fall on the logical and effective application of the principles he professes. His avowed aim in Ireland is to remove as fast and as far as possible all real causes of sincere complaint on the part of the Irish. He has concluded that the lack of means for higher education of the sort the majority profoundly desired was such a cause of complaint. He has insisted on trying to remove it, not merely in the way that would be deemed adequate by English public opinion, but in the way that those most interested wished. He has refused to compromise or to temporize, and when the matter is finally brought to a test, behold! he is triumphantly sustained by nearly every member of the House of Commons.

Curiously enough, there is said to be a chance of rather strong opposition in the House of Lords. In that body religious—what in this country we should call sectarian—sentiment obtains some queer expression. But in this case, with a practically unanimous vote in the popular House, the opposition can hardly do more than give occasion for a debate in which the new Peer, Viscount MORLEY, will prove an easy match for any of the hereditary or Episcopal enemies of the measure.

GOOD-BYE TO THE DECALOGUE.

When Dr. PARKHURST says that he supposes the Decalogue was given to mankind in order that it might demonstrate its own futility, mankind must pause to think. Dr. PARKHURST is not a professional humorist. If Mark Twain or BERNARD SHAW said that of the Decalogue everybody would know that he firmly believed in the efficacy of all ten commandments. But when the Chrysostom of Madison Square, from his very pulpit, asserts, not only that government by law had failed in the time of JEREMIAH, but that the ten commandments did not succeed, and adds, cryptically, "icicles are brilliant but are of no use for the purposes of kindling and giving heat," we stand aghast. Who has been trying to light the fire with an icicle?

Clearly Dr. PARKHURST is in a blue funk. But we should have expected him to give up the Constitution of the United States and his belief in free institutions before he gave up the Decalogue. But is he giving it up? Isn't he joking? It is certainly a huge and heavy joke, if he is. "Even people who believed that it came directly from GOD did not care much for it." Can it be that Dr. PARKHURST has been taking notes among Socialists and that kind of folks? The Decalogue is surely good stuff. It has seemed ethically all right, apart from its religious significance. We have thought it the very foundation of society.

Dr. PARKHURST goes so far as to say that it is not held in any excess of respect "even now." He ought to be more careful. Such talk from the pulpit will lessen the public respect for the commandments. We should not be surprised to learn that one or two of them had been broken within twenty-four hours.

JAY GOULD'S CHAMPIONSHIP.

"To beat him," said EUSTACE MILES on Saturday, after JAY GOULD had won the match at court tennis and captured the world's championship, "one would have to devote one's whole life to tennis." We venture to predict that young Mr. GOULD will not devote his whole life to tennis, even if he cannot otherwise retain the championship. Court tennis is an admirable game, enlisting some of the best qualities of the well-developed man, self-control, judgment, co-ordination, as well as nimbleness and muscular skill. But there are matters of more importance for a young man of Mr. GOULD'S prospective wealth and social station to attend to here at home, and he will be called upon before long to take an important place in the battle of life without a racket in his hand to help him serve the balls and stop them. His triple victory in so arduous a sport as tennis, against so worthy an opponent as MILES, however, is for the present honor enough for any man so young. May he win his larger honors with skill as certain and energy as well placed!

The defeat of Mr. MILES, under ordinary conditions, would cause more regret than rejoicing here as well as in England. He is a man of no common sort, physically, mentally, and morally, and we must attribute his failure to hold his championship not to his vegetarian diet, though we believe he relied on that to win, but to his burden of years. For a participant in a muscular contest so exacting as tennis MILES is already growing old; and he has a splendid list of triumphs to his credit.

GET RID OF THE FLIES.

The pest of the flies in Summer has already been borne too good humoredly. We used to consider the housefly a harmless nuisance, but we know now that it is an abomination, a conveyer of disease, and that more stringent means are needed for its extermination than darkening the house all day and spreading flypaper about. The Merchants' Association has begun a benevolent warfare on flies which needs the help of all good citizens. Bad citizens deserve to be pestered by flies, and mosquitos, too.

The right way to exterminate flies is to begin at the breeding places. The Merchants' Association is directing its earliest efforts at the sources of the origin of the Hackensack grayback, which is said to rival the South Street fly in ferocity and dangerous attributes. Neither is as well known as the ordinary musca domestica, which is troublesome enough and dangerous, too. Malarial, typhoid, and yellow fever and other maladies may be spread by flies. There used to be a superstition, now happily extinct, that flies were in the world for the world's good, that in some mysterious way they purified the air. We know better, now, but have not done much to rid ourselves of the nuisance.

The way to do this is simple enough, and it is the remedy for many other ills—perfect cleanliness. If no kitchen refuse is left unburned or unburied, if food is screened, if the house drains are all well looked after, and there is no accumulation of dirt, there will be no flies. The trouble is that the movement against the pest must be general. It will not avail for one or two families to keep their homes in good condition if their neighbors are heedless.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Ready for Great Journey.

So prompt has been the manifestation of interest by those upon whose participation in the proposed competitive journey of automobiles from New York to San Francisco and back its success and importance depend that both are already assured. While the conditions and rules of the contest have not yet been formulated in detail, the general plan, which is that of making it a test of exactly those qualities which everybody who owns, or intends or hopes to own, an automobile wants the machine of his choice to exemplify, has been received with satisfaction, and in this case there will be no doubters as to the practical value as well as the sporting interest of the race.

For race it will be, of course, and the making of speed will be duly counted in awarding the trophies, since rapidity of motion is one of the qualities upon which both the popularity and the utility of the motor car depends, and is also one of its many real superiorities over the horse-drawn vehicle. In this race, however, due consideration will be given to the fact that speed alone and at any cost is wanted by only very few automobilists, while the vast majority of the brotherhood are more than willing to be carried at a reasonable and moderate rate, but have a keen desire to be spared the inconvenience and expense of frequent repairs.

Hence is it that every replacement of a worn-out or broken part in one of the competing machines will count against it as a claimant for the prizes, and, while the best car will win, the winning will be a different matter, and have a different significance, from victory in a contest wherein "getting there first" is the only aim. The car that makes this journey with a good record will prove its possession of all the excellencies needed for general use and long tours.

Many a mile of bad road will have to be traveled, and almost as many of roads that do not deserve the name, but all the conditions will be those which any automobilist who goes far beyond the limits of his own city is likely to encounter, and there will be little or no attempting of that next-to-the-impossible which has made the race from New York to Paris such a sensational event in automobile history. That, too, is an entirely legitimate competition, and much of value has already been learned from it, but the lessons of the coming competition will have a wider application, and there need be no fear that it will lack its excitements.

What Will Berlin Say to This?

It was both painful and alarming to read, in the dispatch which announced that an attaché of the German embassy in Paris had been blackballed by the Cercle de l'Union, the statement by a member of the Governing Committee that "the German attachés are noted for their disregard of the usages of the best French clubs." Of a decidedly dreadful action that is an even more dreadful explanation, and as soon as the explanation reaches Berlin there is likely to be—comment.

"Comment," at least, is the word to use for the present, while one can still hope that no serious consequences will follow as a result of Herr HORSTMANN'S embarrassing experience, but it is only too probable that Berlin will do more than comment. War, we are sure, will not follow, but the Prussian aristocracy can hardly afford to ignore both the rejection of one of its representatives as a candidate for club membership for any such reason as the alleged disregard of his whole class for club usages, and some sort of a revenge for the bitter affront must be awaited with certainty and apprehension.

It may, indeed probably will, take the shape of a discussion, as cool and as humorous as Berlin can make it in the circumstances, of what are "the usages of the best French clubs." Foreigners who have investigated that question seem quite generally to have acquired the impression that the Parisians do not know what a club is and do not have any, and that their "cercles," the nearest thing they have to clubs, are quite different in principle and conduct from the supplementary or substitutional homes in which male Britishers and Americans find peace when they want it and joy when their inclinations run that way.

The French, like women, everywhere, have the queer idea that a club is a place in which to do something, and the something in Paris, when it is not politics, usually, if not invariably, is participation in games, nominally of chance, but not infrequently, according to report, of skill, by which money and promises to pay pass from hand to hand. Aleatory diversions are not quite unknown in either American or English clubs, but when they become the reason for the club's being, steel doors and barred windows are commonly prominent architectural features of the place, and the name of "club" is taken seriously only by the police and the proprietor's counsel.

All this may or may not have a bearing on the asserted disregard by German attachés of the usages of the best French clubs. Possibly the Kaiser's suckling diplomats, not realizing the object of the Parisian "cercles," have made themselves unpopular by risking only small stakes or by not playing at all; perhaps they have been inconsiderate in their expectations after winning, or, perhaps—but one cannot run through the endless list of uncertainties. When details are lacking guesses are unsatisfactory, and when trouble brews the uninvolved observer had best reserve judgment and advice till they are requested.

Encouragement for the Aeronauts.

A circular issued in connection with the effort making by Dr. ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL, OCTAVE CHANUTE, JAMES MEANS, and others to raise an "American Aviation Prize Fund" of $25,000 for the encouragement of experiments with flying machines of the heavier-than-air type, may contain the long-sought explanation of why it is that the French inventors of these machines make all their trial flights in public, while Americans engaged in the same work seek the deepest seclusion they can find.

The key to this mystery, according to the promoters of the fund, is the fact that in France almost every notable achievement in aerial navigation has been rewarded by a generous money prize, while here no such incentive has hitherto been offered, and our inventors are therefore afraid to disclose their ideas until they have a chance to prove their practicability and can approach buyers with something to sell. Our Government has done something to remedy this state of affairs by inviting entries for the aerial competitions to be held under its auspices next August, but the conditions it lays down are extremely rigorous, and the achievements demanded of those who would win its offered prizes are greater than any yet performed here or abroad.

Hence there does seem to be a need for the proposed Aviation Fund, and it is to be hoped that the hundred subscriptions to it of $250 each that are wanted may soon come in. Flights that nobody sees are becoming tiresome.

WOULD HONOR GEN. A. S. WEBB

Says ex-President of City College Was Apparently Overlooked at Dedication.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At the dedication ceremonies of the College of the City of New York the other day there was apparently no mention made of Gen. Alexander S. Webb, who was the President of the college for a number of years, and during whose administration the subject of transferring and erecting the college on its present site took form.

This battle-scarred veteran soldier was admired and loved by all who came under his influence, for by his advice and example he always endeavored to inculcate in the minds of his youthful protégés the many manly qualities that he himself was and is now possessed of.

While he may have been forgotten on the occasion mentioned by the present powers-that-be at the college, nevertheless his many noble traits of character will live forever in the hearts and minds of the thousands of students of the college who felt his influence at a time in their lives when such influence was vastly beneficial to them.

His name and memory will also be revered while life lasts by the many veteran soldiers whom he commanded at the battle of Gettysburg and other engagements during the civil war.

To show substantially the esteem in which he was held by the writer, while many other former students will be glad to do likewise or better, $10 is herewith subscribed as the nucleus of a fund for a monument or other befitting memorial to be erected to him in the college or on its grounds. G. P. H. McVAY.

New York, May 16, 1908.

GROWING CROP OF FOREST.

It Cannot Be Aided by Proposed Tax Underassessment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

State Forest Commissioner Whipple is reported as commending, at the Washington conference, "a bill passed in this State to exempt reforested areas from taxation." This description is as misleading as the title of the bill, which implies that it relates only to the growing of timber, &c.

If the bill, now in the hands of the Governor, becomes law, all standing timber, whether matured or immature, can be exempt from taxation upon a certificate from the Forest Commissioner, and the land on which it stands must be assessed, regardless of its value, at the rate of barren land.

The Forest Commissioner can prescribe the size and number of trees to the acre required to secure exemption, but there is nothing that limits the exemption to reforested areas or even to immature trees. If he certifies that land worth $50 an acre is suited for the growth of trees, and enters into agreement with the owner, the land must be assessed at the rate of barren unproductive land, which may be 50 cents an acre. The possibilities of abuse and the injustice to other land owners are obvious.

Only those who get the consent of the Forest Commissioner can obtain these exemptions. If taxation now bears so heavily on standing timber as to be an unfair burden or to discourage industry, any exemption should be of a general character, automatic in operation, and apply to all timber in the State. The few acres of woodland on a small farm should have the same exemption as the large forest tract or private game preserve.

Growing timber is a crop that requires a long time to reach maturity; being therefore exposed to repeated assessments that discourage forestry, a proper exemption of growing timber seems desirable. It may even prove desirable to exempt all standing timber. But the proposed underassessment of the land is inequitable; it discriminates even between forest owners who come under the bill, besides opening the door to speculation. Because of the defects in the bill, the NEW YORK TAX REFORM ASSOCIATION has filed objections to it with the Governor.

A. C. PLAYDELL, Secretary.

Office of the Tax Reform Association, New York, May 15, 1908.

THE TRIUMPH FOR HUGHES.

Direct Testimony of the Orleans-Niagara Senatorial Contest.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To those of us who are acquainted with conditions as they existed in Orleans and Niagara Counties last Tuesday, your leader in Thursday's issue, "A Test of Public Sentiment," was the most authentic, comprehensive, and, withal, one of the sanest presentations of the situation yet given to the public. The election of Mr. Wallace was not a Republican victory. It was not a Democratic defeat. It was an unmistakable triumph for Gov. Hughes. It was the response of the people to his call for support in a fight for decency. Those of us who went through the district, holding meetings, or personally interviewing the voters, recognised at the very beginning of the campaign that Mr. Wallace could hope for no active support from the Republican machine, and that many of the professional politicians were against him. But we also realized that many of the Democrats were going to sink party politics. One of the most damaging blows at the gamblers' candidate was delivered by a leading Democrat of this village in the shape of a letter calling upon him to declare himself in favor of Gov. Hughes's fight for the integrity of the Constitution. On the day of the Governor's appearance in Medina, the same gentleman handed him a letter signed by the most influential members of the Democratic Party, in which they pledged Mr. Hughes their support.

But on the day of the election our hopes sank. The opposition was active. They had the rigs, they had the men, they had the money. It was a pitiable spectacle. Nothing was being done in support of Mr. Wallace's candidacy. Those who have been fighting political battles for years declared that MacMahon was elected by an overwhelming majority. The result was astonishing and unprecedented. THE TIMES gives the explanation. "It was the moral sense of the individual voter" that carried the day.

GEORGE LAUGHTON.

Medina, N. Y., May 15, 1908.

Opposed to Socialism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a number of newspaper and magazine articles regarding the conferences at the Church of the Ascension my name has been coupled with those of prominent Socialists in such a manner as to lead to general misconception of my views and attitude. This I desire to correct, if you will permit me the courtesy of your columns. I have attended the conferences, not because I was in favor of Socialism, but because I am strongly opposed to it, and in order to support the ideals of the Church as against the purposes of Socialism.

HENRY BEDINGER MITCHELL.

New York, May 15, 1908.

3 ACRES OF SCHOOL PICTURES

To be Packed Ready for Shipment to Art Exhibition at London.

The exacting task of packing the paintings and drawings of the public schools of America, which, as told in the art section of THE TIMES yesterday, have been on exhibition several days at the American Museum of Natural History, will begin to-day, preparatory to their shipment to London next Saturday on the steamer Mesaba.

Walter N. Stiles of Boston, the curator, said yesterday that he estimated the number of works of art in the collection at 3,500, and that they would cover a wall 3,000 feet long to a height of five feet, or, stated differently, that there were in all 15,000 square feet, or more than three acres of canvas and cardboard. Some of the pictures, particularly the work of kindergarten students, are but a few square inches in size, while others, painted by more advanced pupils, are from twenty-five to thirty square feet in size.

Mr. Stiles leaves on the Mesaba with the pictures, and will be engaged in arranging them from the time he reaches London until the international exhibit opens at the New Royal College, South Kensington, London, Aug. 3. The exhibition is under the patronage of the Prince of Wales, and it is expected that it will be opened by King Edward.

Among other countries which will send pictures are France, Germany, Italy, and Japan. This is the third exhibit, the first being held in Paris in 1900; the second in Berne in 1904. The fourth, in 1912, may be held in New York.

Members of the American committee, among whom are James Hale, Chairman, of New York; Charles M. Carter, Director of Drawing and Manual Training in the Denver public schools; James Woodworth of Tulane University, New Orleans; Henry Turner Bailey of Boston, and Walter Sargent of Boston, will go over in August or later. The exhibition closes Feb. 1, 1909.

DANGERS IN PRIMARY BILL.

Ward's Measure Might Leave the Machine in Full Power.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 17.—J. O. Hammitt, legislative agent of the Citizens' Union, to-day made a statement relative to the primary reform measures before the Legislature:

"There are indications that unless attention is called to the vicious features of some of the legislation before the extra session advantage will be taken of the Governor's recommendations for primary reform by the passage of bills which the Governor could hardly approve. One of these is Assemblyman Ward's bill providing for an official ballot for primary elections and a method of nominations. The bill is so concocted that it would place the machine in absolute control of the primaries. The underlying principle of the bill seems to be that the clique in control is the party. This clique is, in effect, recognized as the party, and great emphasis is laid on its position as such.

"A vicious feature of the Ward bill is the methods by which under it nominations must be made by a committee of a caucus. Any enrolled party voter can call a caucus of the enrolled voters of his party, and nominations are to be made and filed by a committee chosen by the caucus."

CUSTOMS EMPLOYES AT ODDS.

Benefit Association Split Over Salaries Paid to Officers.

The differences between members of the Mutual Benefit Association of Customs Employes at this port will be considered on June 5 at the annual election and meeting of the organization. The Committee on Nominations, consisting of Oscar O'Neil, John Farrelly, and George Herbert, has posted these men for election:

President, Matthew M. Coneys; Vice President, Henry M. Clapp; Secretary, Laurence J. Maher; Treasurer, Jeremiah M. Wood, and Trustees, Stephen W. Hamilton, Jesse Grant, and Alfred Eaton.

The element in the association dissatisfied with the present administration has nominated Timothy A. Murphy for Secretary in place of the regular nominee, L. J. Maher, and Mr. Murphy has begun a spirited campaign to wrest the office from Mr. Maher, who has held the position since the formation of the organization.

The chief trouble in the association relates to the $600 salary paid to Mr. Maher as Secretary of the organization. Mr. Murphy, in a circular addressed to the members, says that in a death benefit organization of this kind it is absolutely essential that the utmost economy should be exercised at all times. He therefore pledges himself that if elected he will return to the treasury all sums paid him in excess of $300 a year.

Women Officers Give Barlow a Gavel.

Magistrate Peter Townsend Barlow has received a handsome gavel from three of the women probation officers of the police courts. The gavel is of ebony, trimmed with silver, and bears the inscription, "Presented to Peter Townsend Barlow by Rose McQuade, Frances Stevens, and Susanne McCusker." The Magistrate has been Chairman of the Probation Committee of the Board of Magistrates for several years.

The Silent Woman.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thanks for your editorial of to-day on "The Silent Woman." During this plague of yellow-ribboned suffragettes and yellow divorce-case-illustrated journals, it is comforting to be reassured that there are still feminine women and sane newspapers.

CONSERVATIVE.

Albany, May 15, 1908.

BASEBALL IN DE PARK.

The Captain of the Neversweats was
rooted in his place,
One foot upon the tattered coat that
served for second base;
His ashen-hued habiliments were padded,
hip and knee;
The Captain of the Neversweats was all
of three foot three;
A mighty mitt encased his paw; he spat
upon the same
And chirped, with shouted interludes, the
Story of the Game:

"'Twuz Sattid'y, a week ago, we played
de Busy Bees;
Dey rung a borrered pitcher in, an', say!
he wuz de cheese!
De way he handed pretzels out wuz putty
near a crime;
He chucked dis curly in-shoot drop dat
fools ye ev'ry time.
He'd held us down to forty hits an' t'ings
wuz lookin' blue,
Fer dey had fifty-seven runs, while we
had t'irty-two.
He'd held us down to forty hits, an' runs
wuz mighty rare;
But in de nint' we sized 'im up an' pasted
'im fer fair.

"Foist Dumpy Collins found his coives
an' knocked a corkin' fly;
Den Limpy picked a crackerjack an'
smashed it in de eye;
Den Skeezicks hit de ball a swipe dat
lifted off de lid;
An' Carrots run de bags fer nome, an',
cricky! how he slid!
Dem Bees wuz stiffs! dey couldn't t'row,
dey couldn't ketch at all,
W'ile we wuz playin' fer our lives—we
couldn't miss de ball.

"An' did we win? Well, did we! Say!
Dey didn't git a smell.
We chased each udder roun' an' roun',
'twuz like de carrousel.
W'y, w'en we put de las' man out an'
added up de score,
Sure, dey had only eighty runs an' we
had ninety-four!

"W'at! Lick dese lobsters? Sure we
kin, at any time o' year!
Jes' watch; we'll show ye how it's done
Hi, Cully! put 'er here!"

ARTHUR GUITERMAN.

WILL SUE GOULD FOR HEARN'S BOOKS

This Action to be Taken on Behalf of Author's Estate, Says Mr. Hendrick.

McDONALD DENIES LETTER

Mr. Hendrick Says He Has Been Asked to Repudiate Statements It Is Alleged to Have Contained.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

By way of reply to Dr. George M. Gould's defense of his attack upon the memory of Lafcadio Hearn, I respectfully submit the following:

First of all it is necessary to defend Mr. Henry M. Alden from any implication in the library imbroglio. Gould speaks of "the wicked insult to Mr. H. M. Alden and myself." There is not and has not been any intimation that Mr. Alden is or was in any measure at fault. Hearn wrote to Mr. Alden that Dr. Gould would pay all the expenses incidental to the care and transportation of his books, and if Gould has failed to pay Mr. Alden his costs of $150 it would appear to constitute another little flaw in his title. The charges of bad faith and slander are wholly against George M. Gould; no one else. He is now about to be made defendant in a suit on behalf of Hearn's estate to recover the property that he still holds. He can then give it up or hold it, as the court decides, without any further discussion.

Concerning Hearn's "regrettable tendency to insult and traduce others," I am free to admit that in his earlier years, on learning of anything that he thought at fault or that did not please him, he was very likely to sit down and write an angry letter, always to the person he held to blame. This haste and thoughtlessness cost him several valuable and desirable friendships. So far as I know, he never wrote such a letter to Gould.

The agreement that Gould says he made with Pay Director Mitchell McDonald, United States Navy, to the effect that nothing in the "Life and Letters" should appear which reflected upon the character and honor of Hearn's friends was not as stated. It was that no unfavorable references to George M. Gould should appear, and none did. The reference to Hearn's loss of his books and manuscripts only became an insult to Gould when, just before the appearance of the "Life and Letters," he published the following in Putnam's Monthly, (November, 1906:) "When Hearn left for Japan he turned over to me several hundred volumes he had collected, and which he did not wish to take with him." Then follows a description of the library lately marked down from $2,500 to $85.

I am requested by Mr. McDonald to say that he did not write the letter stated by Dr. Gould to have been written by him, that he never made any of the statement contained in it, that he never believed Hearn to have persecution hallucination, or that Hearn's grievance against Gould was unjustified; that he has written a number of letters to him in his thus far unsuccessful attempt to gain posession of the library and manuscripts for the estate which he is entirely willing to make public, but that he did not write this one.

The rest of the long letter will answer itself, if only read carefully. He quotes in full an editorial in a daily paper of July 27, 1906, which called out immediate and widespread protest because it was wholly and entirely wrong; was simply not so, and as soon as the paper publishing it discovered the fact the subject was dropped immediately. Over on the next column he gets his friend Mr. Redway to quote him as joining in the protest and denial that arose, but only after he has had the whole thing printed again to impress the casual and hasty reader. By the wretched device of quoting what he knows to be untrue he endeavors to bolster up the slanders that he himself has uttered.

I have documentary and competent evidence for every statement that I have made in this controversy.

ELLWOOD HENDRICK.

139 East Fortieth Street, New York, May 17, 1908.

OIL FOR BRITISH NAVY.

English Agents Here to Look Over Canada's Supply—C. D. Gibson Home.

Bound here on a mission of looking over the Canadian oil fields with a view of their capability of furnishing oil as fuel for the British Navy, Major J. R. D. Graham, formerly of the British Army, and J. D. Henry, an oil expert, arrived yesterday on the American liner St. Louis.

In discussing the use of oil as a coming fuel for water transportation Major Graham predicted that within a very few years oil would replace coal as a fuel in the European navies and on great transatlantic liners.

"The British Navy has an oil burning torpedo boat destroyer that can make nearly forty knots an hour," said the Major. "Another, the Tartar, is building, and experts believe that it will be able to make a record speed of about fifty knots an hour.

"The Canadian oil fields, in which the British Government is interested, have proven more than satisfactory. The product analyzes up as high as that of the Pennsylvania fields, and much better than the product of the Texas fields. The British Admiralty had used a great deal of Texas oil, transporting it in ships of its own. Now the Government believes that oil is a coming fuel, and so it is desirable to locate every source of its supply there may be within its own territory. Suppose oil became a source of fuel for the navy, and in the event of war it was made a contraband of war. The Government would be in a serious plight without the control of such a source of fuel.

"The danger has been in the carrying and handling of the oil fuel supply, but now inventions have obliterated that source of danger. I believe that it is not so far remote in the future before some steamship line will be using oil as a fuel at least for experimental purposes, and that such an equipped vessel will be sent across on a regular run."

Other passengers arriving on the St. Louis were Charles Dana Gibson and his family. Mr. Gibson is on his way to his Summer home on the Maine coast. Asked about his experiences abroad in the last year, Mr. Gibson said that the story he told last year was simply to be repeated this year. He is still at work on color study, and will return to Paris in the Fall. He anticipates a pleasant Summer's outing, to be followed by hard work after the warm weather is over.

Appointed Secretary of Cornell.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, May 17.—Joseph P. Harris of the class of 1901 has been appointed Secretary of Cornell University. The office is a new one. Heretofore President Schurman's secretary has done most of the work, which is to be turned over to the new Secretary. President Schurman's secretary will retire at the end of this year and resume his work as Assistant Professor of English.

SUNDAY DINING OUT GROWS IN POPULARITY

Leading Hotels Here Decide to Continue the Custom for an Indefinite Time.

PLAZA GARDEN SOON READY

Summer Restaurant to be Opened to Guests Next Sunday—Many Dinner Parties Yesterday.

The Sunday dinner season at the leading hotels and restaurants did not end yesterday, as had been stated that it would. On the contrary, it was stated at the hotels last night that so popular had become this weekly social feature in New York every effort would be made to make it more attractive in the future. The custom will be continued throughout the Spring and Summer—in fact, indefinitely.

Next Sunday night the Garden at the Plaza will be used, in addition to the restaurants, and there will be special music.

A special event of last night at the Plaza was a dinner given by Augustus Eddy of Chicago. Among his guests were:

Mr. and Mrs. St. John Gaffney, ex-Police Commissioner William McAdoo, Mrs. McAdoo, Miss McAdoo, Mrs. R. A. Kathan, Lieut. F. E. Humphreys, United States Army, and Spencer Eddy.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harriman entertained Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McCullough. Other diners were:

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Edey, Miss Edey, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Martin Davies, Mr. and Mrs. De Lancey Kountze, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene O'Neill, Mr. and Mrs. William S. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Ronalds, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. Knapp, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Potts, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stevens Ulman, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ulman, Mr. and Mrs. James Hay, Mr. and Mrs. George Huber, and Charles E. Towne.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Costello entertained a large party.

J. G. Schmidlapp of Cincinnati entertained a large party, including Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Schwab and Mme. Gadski.

Arthur K. Boyd of London gave a large party, and Mrs. W. S. Nichols entertained a party of eight.

Among those dining at the Holland House were:

Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Wells of Chicago, Capt. and Mrs. Drouillard, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Avery of San Francisco, A. Chesebrough of San Francisco, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. McCausland of Pittsburg, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Hoyt and party, Mr. and Mrs. Herman B. Durvea, D. H. Holmes and family of Holmesville, Ky., and Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Jewett, city.

The Palm Garden of the Waldorf-Astoria was well filled with diners all the evening. Among them were:

Mrs. E. W. Davis of Narragansett, Congressman J. C. Sibley and family of Franklin, Pa., Pablo Macedo and family of Mexico, Mrs. Isabella Jex and family, Henry R. Rea and family of Pittsburg, Senator Watson C. Squire, Judge E. H. Gary and Mrs. Gary, J. Arthur Beebe and family of Boston, Max Pam, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel S. Blood, Chevalier Scovel of Paris, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Griffin, C. W. Watson of Baltimore, Count de Montaigu of Paris, George C. De Wilde of Paris, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Mayham, the Rev. and Mrs. John Cornell, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Maynard, Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., and Mrs. Murphy, Judge A. G. Wheeler and Mrs. Wheeler, and Mr. and Mrs. P. A. O'Farrell.

Among those who entertained at dinner at the Hotel Manhattan were:

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Menzies, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Cobb, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Randolph, Mr. and Mrs. M. Forsythe, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Hardy, Mrs. J. B. Estee, Mr. and Mrs. C. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. D. Z. Norton, Dr. R. J. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. E. Kilbourne, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Faye, Mr. and Mrs. George T. Coppins, Mrs. Charles Francis, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Keep.

Diners at the St. Regis were:

Mrs. George T. Bliss, Miss Bliss, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Cramer, Miss Cramer, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Pike, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. C. De Witt, Mr. and Mrs. Aug. G. Von Glahn, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Patterson, John Steward, Arthur Tooth, Burt Van Horn, Mrs. C. H. Harding, Miss Knowles, C. L. Harding, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Snyder, Miss Alice Reilly, Miss Eva Reilly, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith.

Some of those dining at the Hotel Astor were:

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Adler, Washington; Joseph Jones, Pittsburg; E. C. Anthony, Los Angeles; Mr. and Mrs. George M. Bucey, Providence, and W. J. Carter, Chicago.

Charles Robinson, Richard Croker, Jr., William Post, R. Rainey, F. A. Worrall, W. W. Niller, Controller H. Metz, Andreas Miller, Dr. E. H. Pool, and F. Davis.

At all of the hotels the tables were decorated with flowers.

A. B. TALCOTT FOUND DEAD.

Heart Disease Kills Russell Sage's Former Broker in His Sister's Home.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, May 17.—August Belmont Talcott was found dead in bed at the home of his sister, Mrs. Conrad M. Braker, in Pelham Road, this morning. Death was due to heart disease, indirectly caused by a fall from a carriage some years ago. Mr. Talcott was 64 years old.

For many years he was a prominent figure in Wall Street, where he was a member of the old Associated Board of Brokers. Mr. Talcott was the son of Frederick Lyman Talcott, who with his two sons, Frederick L., Jr., and August B. Talcott, established the banking house of Talcott & Sons. His father was known as the "Cotton King" from his successful operations in the cotton market, and was President of the organization of merchants which afterward became the Cotton Exchange. Mr. Talcott married Therese Polhemus.

Mr. Talcott was also a brother of Edward Baker Talcott, a successful Wall Street operator, who was largely interested in the affairs of the New York Baseball Club in the early nineties. Warwickshire was the original home of the Talcott family, though the first ancestor of whom there is record was John Talcott of Colchester, Essex. His son, John Talcott, came to this country in 1632.

Mr. Talcott's father was a close friend of the elder August Belmont, and named his son after Mr. Belmont. The firm of Talcott & Sons for many years handled the business of Russell Sage. He is survived by his wife, who lived at the home of a son, Burnham Talcott, at Denver, Col. He also leaves three sons and one daughter.

EDYTH WALKER MAKES HIT.

Her Singing in Covent Garden Opera Highly Praised—Queen Delighted.

LONDON, Monday, May 18. — A new operatic star has appeared in London's musical firmament in the person of Miss Edyth Walker, the American singer. The London morning papers express the highest praise of her assumption of the part of Isolde at Covent Garden on Saturday, declaring it to be a "revelation" both histrionically and vocally.

Some of the critics declare that it was the finest performance ever witnessed in London. Others, mindful of having been accused a year ago of an organized "booming" of Tetrazzini, add some reservations to their appreciation.

Queen Alexandra was present at the performance and manifested her keen enjoyment by prolonged applause.

Miss Walker had not appeared before in London since she sung here eight years ago as a contralto. She expresses herself as astonished and delighted at her reception.

THE NEEDS OF CHARITY.

Rabbi Wise Says It Lacks Extensiveness and Intensiveness.

In his address yesterday morning Dr. Stephen S. Wise, rabbi of the Free Synagogue, said:

"My word to-day is directed not against organized charity, but against disorganized charity, not against overorganized but rather unorganized philanthropy. Jewish charity has this in common with general philanthropy throughout the land, namely, that it is ideal save in two respects—lacking in extensiveness and intensiveness. Stated more simply, there should be more of it and better done.

"The higher charity ought to be governed by the rule of the ancient philanthropist, 'The cause of him I knew not I searched out.' The work of charity must be done in person, not by representatives. A charity organization must not flinch. Jewish charity can do no better than further and develop the ideals of the Mosaic dispensations. If it be unjust that a Jew be compelled to rest on Saturday and Sunday because of State laws, it is tragic that the Jew work on both rest days and that the Sabbath-giving Jew is become Sabbathless."

TO HAVE MASS AT NAVY YARD.

6,000 Men to Attend the Annual Service Next Sunday.

Preparations are being made at the New York Navy Yard for the celebration next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock of the sixth annual military mass, at which it is expected that 6,000 troops and sailors will attend.

Father William Ironsides Reaney, who conceived the idea of the mass on the lawn, will be the celebrant, and will be assisted by the Rev. John P. Chidwick, who was Chaplain on the battleship Maine when it was blown up in Havana Harbor in 1898. The master of ceremonies will be the Rev. John F. Nash of the Church of the Sacred Heart, Brooklyn, and there will be a trained corps of acolytes.

It is announced that the following organizations will participate in the exercises: U. S. marines, bluejackets from the U. S. steamships Hancock and Tacoma; Sixty-ninth Regiment, N. G. N. Y., Col. Edward Duffy commanding; Fourteenth, N. G. N. Y., (one company,) Capt. Guise commanding; Forty-seventh, N. G. N. Y., (one company,) Col. Barthman commanding; Second Naval Battalion, (three divisions,) Lieut. Brinkerhoff commanding; First Regiment Irish Volunteers, Col. Gilgar commanding; First Regiment, K. of C., Col. O'Day commanding; United Spanish War Veterans, sixteen camps, Commander Fred C. Kuehnle commanding; Army and Navy Union, eight garrisons, Col. James S. Long commanding; First Regiment of Uniformed Firemen, Chief Lally commanding; U. S. Volunteer Life Saving Corps, (one battalion,) G. A. Thorman commanding; Knights of St. Anthony, Major John L. Moore commanding, (one battalion;) Leo Battalion, (first battalion,) Col. William L. Crawford commanding.

In addition to these there will be regular troops from Governors Island, Fort Totten, and Fort Hamilton. Besides there will be a large number of civilian organizations.

FATHER CURRY CELEBRATES.

Memorial Service for the 25th Anniversary of His Ordination.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the ordination of Father James B. Curry was celebrated yesterday at the Church of St. James, of which he is pastor. Before and after the high mass, at which the priest was celebrant, James Street, between New Bowery and Madison Street, was crowded with the friends and old parishioners of the priest.

The church was packed to the doors, and hundreds who sought admission to the solemn high mass were turned away. The interior was bedecked in honor of the occasion, a profusion of flowers almost hiding the high altar.

The master of ceremonies of the mass, Father J. J. Kilgoo, preceded the Sub-Deacon, Father McIntyre of St. Teresa's Church. The Deacon was Father Dewey of St. John's Church of Brooklyn. Father Curry was the celebrant. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Father John J. Kean, now pastor of the Church of the Holy Name. He was pastor of St. James's Church while Father Curry was assistant pastor.

CALLS DECALOGUE FUTILE.

Dr. Parkhurst Says It Was Apparently Given to Prove Its Uselessness.

Dr. Parkhurst's sermon at the Madison Square Presbyterian Church was again pessimistic in tone yesterday morning. Among other things he said:

"God's government is a government not only of love, but by means of love. In the time of Jeremiah government by law had failed. The Ten Commandments did not succeed. Icicles are brilliant, but are of no use for purposes of kindling and warmth. I suppose the Decalogue was given in order that it might demonstrate its own futility. Even people that believed it came directly from God and was inscribed by His hand did not care much for it.

"It is not held in any excess of respect even to-day. That only shows what a rigid and inflexible thing the will can be and how much of a god it is that it can face even the great God and resist even what it thinks to be God's will without being disturbed by it from its superb but awful equanimity. Man never seems to me so terrifically immense as when I think of him as standing before the great white throne with covered head and trying to look the Almighty out of countenance, which is exactly what we do every time we treat with disrespect what we believe to be God's will and design."

Speaking of general movements for social reform, Dr. Parkhurst said:

"We must endeavor to bring about more ideal conditions of this world not by throttling the wicked till they wake up better lives, but by appealing to their reason and, above all, to their hearts. Force alone will accomplish nothing."

CONGREGATIONALISTS TO MEET

Convention of State Association to be Held at Patchogue.

Arrangements have been completed for the seventy-fifth annual meeting of the New York State Congregational Association, which will be held in the Patchogue (L. I.) Congregational Church, beginning to-morrow morning, and lasting throughout Thursday.

George W. Bailey of Brooklyn will be the Moderator of the meeting, and to-morrow evening the Rev. Lewis T. Reed the retiring Moderator, will preach. Wednesday the New York State branch of the Woman's Board of Missions, with Mrs. Newell Dwight Hillis presiding, will meet in the Methodist Church, and the same evening there will be a meeting of the New York State Home Missionary Society.

The Woman's Missionary Union of the State of New York will meet Thursday afternoon, with Mrs. William Kincaid presiding. This will mark the twenty-fifth anniversary of the society.

Prof. A. W. Vernon of Yale will address the alumni of Yale Divinity School at their reunion Wednesday afternoon.

ATTACKS CHURCH PARASITES.

Dr. Aked Says Many Christians Are Mere Consumers.

A large congregation heard the sermon of the Rev. Charles F. Aked in the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church yesterday morning. Dr. Aked told his congregation not to become what he termed Christian parasites.

Dr. Aked told of the parasites of nature, that found their food by borrowing or stealing from some of the more industrious. But why should it be disgraceful to be a parasite, the pastor asked, when it merely meant to be clever in getting food at the expense of another? Yet it was the greatest crime in nature—it was a breach of the law of evolution— "Thou shalt evolve." It was a violation of the law perfecting the race. Dr. Aked then referred to what he termed the parasite of the pew. The latter attended church regularly, he said, and, after the fashion of his kind, enjoyed the service. The Church, he asserted, was filled with members who were mere consumers, whose interest in religion was only a passing one, satisfied that the work of the Church should be done by a paid deputy, and the crowning irony of the parasite came when, dying, he sent for the minister to pray for him.

KNEIPP LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR

Pure linen mesh is the ideal underwear for health. Its virtue is lost if adulterated with wool or cotton.

At All First-Class Dealers.

ACTORS IN DISTRESS; HELP WILL BE NEEDED

The Rialto Has Not Known Such Hard Times as These in Many Years.

MANAGERS ADMIT THE FACT

200 Road Shows Closed Prematurely and Few Actors Were Able to Save—Many Salaries Cut.

The recent report of the Actors' Fund, showing a deficit of more than $20,000 for the season, and the destitute condition of hundreds of players who have returned to town from that vague region of the "road" within the last few weeks, have set managers thinking.

The Actors' Fund might be described as the "organized charities" of the profession, for though there are many other benevolent associations, it is the most far-reaching and the most thoroughly systematized of all. The fund supports a home for aged players on Staten Island, and also distributes large sums for the relief of sick and indigent members of all branches of the profession. Among its Directors and Trustees are the most prominent managers in New York.

Some months ago, in the height of the season, it was estimated in THE TIMES that there were at least 2,000 actors and actresses of various degrees and stations out of work. In the Summertime most players naturally expect to be unemployed, but usually most of these have put aside enough money to tide over the dull period. Players are always disposed to help one another, and those who are bankrupt in the Summer are ordinarily able to borrow from friends or to get advances from their managers. Conditions this Summer are likely to be very different.

Any one who doubts that more than 200 companies closed prematurely "on tour" this season need only study the clothes and faces of the players to be seen daily in Broadway and in the offices where theatrical engagements are procured. It is a fact, however disagreeable, that the majority in the theatrical profession, as a whole, is poverty stricken just now. New York has suffered less than "the road," and high-grade attractions, though record-breaking numbers of them have closed, have suffered less than the "repertoire" and "popular priced" organizations. Moreover, in spite of half a dozen pronounced successes, New York has not had a season to boast of, and even the most prominent managers, and many of the most prominent stars, have felt the effects of hard times in no uncertain manner.

The common belief on Broadway, however little disposed managers may be to commit themselves to such conclusions in print, is that no genuine prosperity can be looked for before the first of next January, after the election. One leading manager has often referred to his good sense in not making a single new production, except for one or two additions to repertoires, throughout last season. Many others seem to wish they had been similarly conservative. Anybody who wishes final proof of the state of things need only question the big lithograph concerns, almost all of which are understood to be carrying large unpaid accounts for posters.

The question that is now being asked on every side is, "How are the players to get through the next few months?" It is not so much a question of the more prominent actors who, though they may have had only a few weeks' work during the year, have contracts and friends for assets, as of the lower rank and file. The problem confronts not only those who have actually been unemployed, but those who either accepted material cuts in their normal salaries or have been left to "close" unpaid. The Summer stock companies have brought some relief, but now practically all engagements have been made for those organizations, and the condition of affairs is not materially improved.

It is well known that Coney Island has literally been overrun with applicants for all sorts of minor places. With a few exceptions, the regular dramatic season in New York is at an end, somewhat earlier than customary. Several leading theatres have been closed for weeks. Girls who have been used to "bits" and small parts are glad to take refuge in Summer show choruses.

Several stars have worked not more than half a regular season, and others have resorted to vaudeville engagements. Many players of fair standing come back to New York with stories of three or four successive "failures." Only the five and ten cent moving picture theatres have really flourished and multiplied; and they employ no actors.

Some fifteen years ago, in times far worse than even the present, a relief system was organized by which even food and lodging were supplied to helpless "professionals." Such open charity is not likely to be seen this Summer, for only the greatest stringency could make it advisable. However, the managers recognize the situation. Within the last week two leading managers who do not yet wish their names to appear have mentioned to a TIMES reporter their intention to do something for the assistance of players in general, and especially for those who have worked in various productions under their direction. Both declared that it is time for some organized scheme of assistance.

"BUSTER BROWN" WEDS.

Actor Who Plays the Role Marries Girl Who Plays the Cook.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 17.—The "Buster Brown" Company closed an engagement in Milwaukee last night, and this morning John Kranner, who plays the title rôle under the stage name of Master Reed, married Miss Maude Tiffany, who is Gladys O'Flinne, the cook, in the play.

The wedding was to have taken place last night, but it was found impossible, because a license could not be obtained. None of the other members of the company was in the secret.

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A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities

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VICHY CELESTINS

ARCHBISHOP BOURDAGE DEAD.

Santa Fe Prelate Has Heart Attack While Under Treatment in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Archbishop Peter Bourdage, 63 years old, of the Santa Fe Diocese, died at a hospital here to-day of heart disease.

The Archbishop came to Chicago on May 4 from Hot Springs, Ark. He was suffering from a slight physical collapse, but until yesterday he had not been confined to his bed. He took short drives on days when the weather permitted, and his condition was not regarded as critical. Yesterday, feeling more than usually indisposed, he remained in bed. He had a sinking spell early to-day, but appeared to rally. Then he was again stricken, and died this evening.

Archbishop Bourdage was born and educated in France. He went to Arizona as a missionary in 1869, was ordained at Santa Fe the same year, and began work at Yuma in 1870. He was consecrated in 1885 Vicar Apostolic of Arizona, with titular rank of Bishop of Taumaco, and resided at Tucson until made Archbishop in 1890.

Dunham Jones Crain.

Dunham Jones Crain, who died suddenly in this city yesterday, was born at Cullenwood, Cullen, Herkimer County, N. Y., on Feb. 28, 1831. He was a son of the late Col. William C. Crain and Perses Narina Crain. His father, Col. Crain, was a prominent Democrat of Herkimer County, and at one time Speaker of the Assembly. Mr. Crain was the surviving member of a large family. He was graduated from Union College, studied law in the office of the late Richard Cooper at Cooperstown, N. Y., and later entered the office of Barney & Butler of this city. Later he formed a law partnership with Thomas E. Stewart and Frederick Stallknecht, under the firm name of Stewart, Stallknecht & Crain. In 1858 he was elected to the Legislature as a Democrat from the old Fourteenth District of this city. In 1859 he married Hannah Ann Crocker, daughter of the late David Crocker of this city. He lived for many years abroad, and in 1877 he was appointed United States Consul at Milan, Italy, where he served until 1884. He was a member of the Herkimer Historical Society and a life member of the New York Geographical Society. He leaves a widow, a married son, Judge Thomas C. T. Crain, and two daughters, Christobelle and Davida Crocker Crain.

Percival S. Menken.

Percival S. Menken, aged 43 years, President of the Young Men's Hebrew Association for the last thirteen years, Vice President of the West End Synagogue, and former Trustee of the Jewish Theological Seminary, died yesterday at his home in this city. Mr. Menken was born in Philadelphia on Aug. 10, 1865. He was educated in the New York public schools and the College of the City of New York, and received his LL. B. and Ph. D. at Columbia University. He was admitted to the bar in 1892. He leaves a widow and one son. The funeral service will be held at the West End Synagogue, 160 West Eighty-second Street, to-morrow morning at 9:30 o'clock.

Dr. John Dutton Steele.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—Dr. John Dutton Steele died this afternoon at the home of James Williamson, his wife's father, at Wayne. He was 40 years old. His death was caused by complications resulting from grip contracted last January. He was a prominent authority upon diseases of the stomach. Dr. Steele was born Feb. 21, 1868. He was graduated from Williams College, Mass., in 1888, and from the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1893, and took a course of special training in Heidelberg University.

George Eade, Jr., Dies Suddenly.

CHICAGO, May 17.—George Eade, Jr., General Western Passenger Agent of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, died suddenly at his home to-night of heart disease.

Ninth Duke of Harcourt Dead.

PARIS, May 17.—Eugene François Marie Henrie, ninth Duke of Harcourt, died here to-day. He was born in 1864.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH A. FRIPP, Principal of Public School 79, in First Street, near Second Avenue, died yesterday morning in St. Vincent's Hospital from apoplexy. Mr. Fripp was born in this city in 1859 and was made Principal of School 79 in 1900.

THOMAS M. LANAHAN, for many years a power in Maryland politics and the legal political adviser of the late Senator Arthur P. Gorman, died yesterday in Baltimore. He was 81 years old.

Arrested with Loot from Harlem Flat.

Detectives Levins and Nelson of the Harlem Detective Bureau yesterday arrested John Quinlan, who said he lived at 61 West 100th Street, at Ninety-ninth Street and Columbus Avenue Saturday afternoon. He had in his possession goods stolen from the flat of Mrs. Anna Robinson, at 200 West Ninety-second Street. He also had pawn tickets for things taken from seven different flats in Harlem.

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The new style **A, Waters Upright,** price only **$250,** is a magnificent instrument and excels in fine tone many fancy priced pianos that cost double that amount.

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254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

The Times Limericks and Missing Answers

The winner of the $10 prize given by The Sunday Times for the best fifth line to complete the four-line limerick published on May 3 was M. ABRAMS, 7 Crescent Pl., Sherwood Park, Yonkers, N. Y.

When worries and doubtings arise,
When perplexities darken the skies,
Now, from my point of view,
There's Just one thing to do,

"Seek the cloud's 'silver side' with both eyes."

SECOND PRIZE.
DOROTHY E. DUCAS, 515 West 139th Street, N. Y. City.

THIRD PRIZE.
G. G. INGALLS, 35 Mount Vernon Street, Boston.

The winner of the $10 prize for the best missing answer to the question published on May 3 was JESSIE HUNGERFORD, 1402 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

He: Well, I call that the height of diplomacy.
She: What is that?

He: Why, he refused me the loan I asked for so graciously that I don't believe I need the money.

SECOND PRIZE.
J. A. HAGEMANN, 7800 Race Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

THIRD PRIZE.
MISS M. E. DOREMUS, 163 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The winner of the $5 prize for the best incomplete limerick for the competition of this week was JOHN F. KNOX, 4 Walnut Place, Troy, N. Y.

In a car when you rise to your feet,
And offer a lady your seat,
You'll agree with me quite
That it only seems right,
.....

The Sunday Times offers a prize of $10 for the best line to complete Mr. Knox's limerick, printed above, and two prizes of $5 each for the second and third best lines.

One other prize of $5 will be given for the best incompleted limerick to be the subject of the competition next week.

These contests are open to all, free of cost.

Contestants are limited to one reply in each class.

It is suggested for the convenience of those conducting the contests that missing lines be written on postal cards.

Any answer mailed up to and including Sunday, May 24, will be considered in the awarding of the prizes. The results of the contests will be announced in The Sunday Times of May 31.

Address: Limerick Contest or Missing Answer (as the case may be), Sunday Times, Times Square, New York City.

Born.

ALTMARK.—On May 9, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Altmark, a daughter.

DEUTSCH.—On May 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Isador Deutsch, a son.

GOODMAN.—On May 7, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Goodman, a daughter.

GRAD.—On May 16, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Grad, a daughter.

HARRIS.—On May 12, to Mr. and Mrs. Michael Harris, a son.

LEDERMAN.—On May 9, to Mr. and Mrs. Moe Lederman, a son.

LEVENE.—On May 12, to Mr. and Mrs. Nat Levene, a son.

OPPENHEIMER.—On May 10, to Mr. and Mrs. Gottfried Oppenheimer, a son.

PHILLIPSON.—On May 13, to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Phillipson, a son.

RAPPAPORT.—On April 28, to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Rappaport, a daughter.

SCHENCK.—On May 3, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schenck, a daughter.

Married.

DOTTENHEIM—STERN.—On May 9, A. Vivian Stern to H. H. Dottenheim.

FOLEY—CLOKE.—On May 14, Margaret Helen Cloke to John J. Foley.

KRITZLER—HINKEL.—On May 14, Amille Eva Hinkel to Gottfried Frederick Kritzler.

MAYER—TRABOLD.—On May 16, Christine Trabold to Alfred Mayer.

RHINOCK—BERNSTEIN.—On May 6, Lillian L. Bernstein to Frank P. Rhinock.

Died.

BATES.—At Asbury Park, Saturday evening, May 16, Emma Merritt, wife of Louis W. Bates. Funeral services at 80 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, on Monday evening, 18th inst., at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

BROWN.—At her late home, 2,439 Jerome Av., on May 16, 1908, Jane Brown. Funeral services Monday evening, May 18, 1908.

CARDOZO.—On Saturday, May 16, 1908, Abraham H. Cardozo, husband of Isabel Haslam, son of the late Abraham H. and Sarah N. Cardozo, in his 52d year. Funeral services Tuesday, May 19, at 10 A. M., at 175 West 72d St.

COONAN.—On Saturday, May 16, at Nyack, N. Y., Ann Coonan, widow of the late John Coonan, in the 70th year of her age. Funeral services at St. Ann's Church Wednesday morning, 9 o'clock.

COWDIN.—On Sunday, May 3, 1908, at Paris, after a short illness, Gertrude Cheever, wife of John E. Cowdin. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 13 Gramercy Park, on Tuesday morning, May 19, at 10 o'clock.

CRAIN.—Entered into rest on Sunday, May 17, Dunham Jones Crain, beloved husband of Hannah Ann Crocker and son of the late Col. William C. Crain. Prayers at the residence of his son, Judge Thomas C. P. Crain, 121 West 76th St., on Thursday, May 21, at 11 o'clock. Funeral service at the Church of the Good Shepard, at Cullen, Herkimer County, New York, on Sunday, May 24, at 3 P. M.

CROSBY.—At his late residence, Hotel Margaret, Brooklyn, on Sunday, May 17, after a brief illness, Henry F. Crosby, aged 69 years. Funeral services from the home of his sister, Mrs. Catharine V. Hart, 383 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 19, at 2 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

DAVIDSON.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment.—Members are requested to attend the funeral of John A. Davidson, late Captain of the Fifth Company, at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, on Monday, May 18, 1908, at 10:30 o'clock A. M.
THOMAS DIMOND, President.

DAVIDSON.—Company E, Seventh Regiment, N. G., N. Y.—With sorrow announcement is made of the death of John A. Davidson, ex-Captain of this company. Members are requested to attend the funeral services at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, Columbus Av. and 60th St., Monday, May 18, at 10:30 A. M.
JOHN C. de MILLE, Captain.
LEO F. KNUST, First Sergeant.

DAVIDSON.—Members of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick are requested to attend the funeral services of John A. Davidson on Monday, May 18, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, Columbus Av. and 60th St.
STEPHEN FARRELLY, President.
WARREN LESLIE, Secretary.

EVANS.—On Saturday, May 16, Silas C. Evans, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Divine Paternity, 76th St. and Central Park West, at 10:45 A. M., Tuesday, May 19. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

FRIPP.—On Sunday, May 17, 1908, at St. Vincent's Hospital, New York City, Joseph A. Fripp, late Principal of Public School No. 79. Funeral on Tuesday, May 19, 1908, from the residence of Dr. James Lee, 456 West 141st St. Solemn requiem mass at All Saints' Church, Madison Av. and 129th St., at 9:30 o'clock. Interment at Calvary.

HESS.—On Sunday, May 17, 1908, Otto Theodore Hess, aged 33 years, husband of Henningham Spilman Hess and eldest son of Mr and Mrs. Leon Hess. Services at late residence, 307 West 80th St., Monday, May 18, 1908, at 7:30 P. M. Interment at Richmond, Va.

HOWLAND.—At Morristown, N. J., on Saturday, May 16, Nina Howland, daughter of the late William Howland and Anne Marie Howland. Funeral private. Interment at Greenwood.

LINSON.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment—Members are requested to attend the funeral of William Linson, Eighth Company, at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, West 142d St., near Convent Av., this morning, 10 o'clock. THOMAS DIMOND, President.

McMAHON.—Suddenly, on Saturday, May 16, at his residence, 2,420 Cambreling Av., Bronx, Joseph McMahon, beloved husband of Nellie McKeon. Funeral Tuesday, May 19, at 10 A. M., from Church St. Martin Tours, Bronx.

MEAD.—At Norwalk, Conn., on May 14, 1908, Elizabeth Hyde Mead, wife of Melville E. Mead. Funeral service at her late residence, Hillside, on the arrival of the train leaving Grand Central Station at 2:01 P. M., May 18, 1908. Carriages in waiting at So. Norwalk Station.

MENKEN.—On Sunday, May 17, Percival S. Menken, beloved husband of Gertrude Davies Menken and son of Cornelia R. and the late Jules S. Menken, in his 43d year. Funeral at West End Synagogue, 160 West 82d St., Tuesday morning at 9:30. Please omit flowers.

MENKEN.—Congregation Shaaray Tefila, West End Synagogue—Members are requested to attend the funeral of Percival S. Menken, Vice President of the congregation, at the synagogue, on Tuesday morning, May 19, at 9:30 o'clock.
LOUIS I. HABER, President.

THE MEMBERS OF THE YOUNG MEN'S Hebrew Association are requested to attend the funeral of Percival S. Menken, President of the association, to be held at West End Synagogue, 160 West 82d St., on Tuesday morning, May 19th, at nine o'clock.
LOUIS I. HABER, Vice President.

MILLER.—Suddenly, on May 17, at his residence, 147 Hancock St., Brooklyn, John E. Miller. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MINTEN.—On Sunday, at 5:40 A. M., Mrs. Caroline Minten, aged 71 years. Funeral from residence, 314 Franklin St., Cincinnati, Ohio, Wednesday, May 20. Solemn requiem high mass at St. Paul's Church at 8:30 A. M. Burial at St. Joseph's German Cemetery, Price Hill. Kindly omit flowers.

MURRAY.—On Saturday, May 16, 1908, Margaret B. Murray, at her late residence, 753 Putnam Av. Funeral services Monday, 8 o'clock P. M.

RENNELL.—In Bridgeport, Conn., May 15, 1908, Frank W. Rennell, formerly of New York City, aged 55 years. Funeral service well be held at his late home, 430 Waldemere Av., Bridgeport, on Monday, the 18th inst., at 2:45 o'clock P. M. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

ROOT.—At Bloomfield, N. J., May 16, 1908, Lansing Waldridge, only child of Kate V. B. and the late G. Winthrop Root. Funeral services from his late home, 214 Ashland Av., on arrival of 3:40 P. M. train from New York via Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad on Monday, May 18. Interment at Woodlawn, N. Y.

STEELE.—On Sunday, May 17, at Wayne, Penn., John Dutton Steele, M. D., of 40th and Locust Sts., Philadelphia, in the 41st year of his age. Funeral services at 128 West Lancaster Av., Wayne, Penn., on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 3 P. M., on the arrival of the 2:40 train from Broad St. Station. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

UPDIKE.—On Saturday, May 16, 1908, David S. Updike, in the 51st year of his age. Funeral services will be held at St. Thomas' Church, Mamaroneck, N. Y., on Monday, May 18, at 11 A. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 10:05 A. M., returning at 12:53 P. M. Interment will be at Greenwood Cemetery. Washington papers please copy.

ANGLIN.—At 1,648 Park Place, Brooklyn, May 16, Michael J. Anglin.

BATCHELOR.—At Whitestone, N. Y., May 16, George C. Batchelor. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BLOOM.—At 454 East 132d St., May 15, Charles Bloom, aged 33. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BRASS.—At Irvington, N. J., May 15, Lenore Brass, aged 7. Funeral to-day.

CALLEN.—At 48 Perry St., May 16, Mary E. Callen. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

CITTI.—At Ware Av., Yonkers, May 16, Zelia Oliva Citti. Funeral private.

COHEN.—At 1,956 85th St., Bath Beach, Anna Cohen.

CONWAY.—At 352 East 32d St., May 14, Mary Conway. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CORNELL.—At 785 Quincy St., Brooklyn, May 14, William T. Cornell, aged 43.

CUNNINGHAM.—At 315 West 87th St., May 15, John A. Cunningham. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

CURRAN.—At 276 18th St., Jersey City, May 16, Mary Curran. Funeral to-day.

DEADERICK.—At Newark, N. J., May 10, Robert H. Deaderick, aged 79.

DEVINE.—At 5 Batavia St., May 16, Daniel Devine. Funeral to-morrow.

DEVLIN.—At 527 West 48th St., Katherine Devlin. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DIXON.—At 2,508 Belmont Av., Fordham, May 15, Thomas J. Dixon. Funeral to-day.

DUFF.—At 180 Adelphi St., Brooklyn, May 16, Grace A. Duff, aged 5.

Died.

EISENSTEIN.—At 252 East 51st St., May 15, Herman Eisenstein. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

FLINN.—At 118 Christopher St., May 15, Jennie N. Flinn. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

FRENCH.—At 93 East 116th St., May 16, Henry B. French, aged 23.

FREUND.—At 60 Elm Road, Newark, N. J., May 14, Gustave Freund, aged 48.

FREY.—At 156 West 141st St., May 14, Emil L. Frey.

GATHMANN.—At 302 East 83d St., May 15, Herman Gathmann, aged 73. Funeral to-day.

HARKEN.—At Bloomington, N. Y., May 16, Henry C. Harken, aged 56.

HALLENBECK.—At 681 Greenwich St., May 16, Edwin Hallenbeck, aged 61. Funeral notice later.

HALLET.—At 167 North 4th St., May 15, Joseph A. Hallet. Funeral service to-night.

HARRIS.—At 239 West 26th St., May 15, Agnes Harris. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HASS.—At 1,248 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, May 15, Louise M. Hass, aged 54.

HAUCK.—At 83 Komorn St., Newark, N. J., May 16, Louis Hauck.

KELLEY.—On May 16, Margaret V. Kelley. Funeral from 8th Av. and 19th St. to-day, 2 P. M.

KENNA.—At 1,010 Fulton St., Brooklyn, Mary Kenna. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LEWIS.—At 115

BUFFALO STAMPEDE IN BRONX PARK

Women Visitors Terrified as the Maddened Animals Race About Their Inclosure.

AN ECHO OF THE PLAINS

Animals Were Frightened by the Rattling of a Cane on the Fence—Stork Busy in Central Park.

A cloud of dust hovered over the buffalo corral in the Bronx Park Zoo yesterday afternoon when the herd went on what might be termed an imitation of the old time stampedes which plainsmen tell about. No damage was done, but for a time, there was much excitement among a group of women and children who had been standing near the corral, watching the herd. The buffalo were quietly munching hay just inside the east fence soon after noon, and twenty or more visitors were watching them. One buffalo cow and her calf were in the middle of the herd and the calf was nursing. Suddenly a young man, who was near the cow and calf, rattled his cane across the wire fence. The metal ferrule on the cane was loose and the contact against the wire made quite a din. The buffalo cow threw up her head and bellowed. Instantly the whole herd was at attention, heads thrown in air. Then one of the bulls began to bellow. The young man with the can repeated the noize.

Every bull and every cow in the herd turned and with one accord raced madly across the corral, clear to the opposite fence, then wheeled and circled at full speed about the inclosure. Their tails were in the air and heads down. It was the first time this Spring that the herd has stampeded. The sight of the animals racing wildly around the inclosure terrified several of the women spectators, who screamed and ran. The little calf that had been nursing when the stampede began was unable to keep up. Its mother, after racing twice around the corral, left the herd and joined her offspring in the middle of the pen.

Soon the alarm of the animals wore away and they stopped. A little later they were all quietly munching hay again as though nothing had happened. But the dust there stood hovered over that part of the park for some time.

The park was thronged with visitors yesterday—the greatest crowd since last Summer. Many parties of sightseers arrived those in the morning bringing lunches, and spent the day. The restaurant too, did a rushing business, for the day was warm and cooling drinks were in demand.

The reptile house proved one of the most attractive of all the exhibits in the park yesterday. It was crowded throughout the afternoon until closing time. The fer-de-lance, or lance-head viper, which was operated upon for its venom a few weeks ago, was the centre of attraction. In the same cage with the lancehead was a moccasin, which also yielded up its store of venom in the interests of science a few days ago. The stork has visited the Bronx Park Zoo frequently of late, and a dozen or more youngsters have come into the world there in the last week or so. Several fallow deer are just learning to walk. These deer are multiplying so fast that the managers of the Zoo are wondering what they will do with the overstock. A number have been sold in the last year, and some have been given away, but still the stock continues to grow. The Bronx Park Zoo is at its best now. All the foliage is out and many of the trees are in blossom. The dogwood, cherry, pear, and apple trees are in full bloom, and have been for a week or more.

Thousands of persons also visited the Central Park Zoo yesterday to renew acquaintances with their friends, the animals. There are also some strangers in the cages at the Central Park Zoo which were not there last Sunday. Kitty, the leopard, has four cubs to care for these days, and she is very proud of them. One of the cubs could be seen yesterday just inside the door of a big box in the leopard cage, but the other three were hidden inside. Kitty's mate, Dick, is confined in another cage near by, and yesterday was straining his neck trying to get a glimpse of what was going on in Kitty's cage. Until the cubs were born Dick shared the cage with Kitty, but Keeper Snyder considered it wise to remove him when his children came into the world.

Keeper Snyder of the reptile house in the Bronx Park Zoo had an experience yesterday which he will not soon forget. He was carrying a bag of rattlesnakes from the operating room to the reptile house early in the morning. The snakes were squirming in the bag, and he was holding it as far from his body as possible. So intent was he on this task that he did not see two long, slender gray objects at the end of the passage near the door. Suddenly he heard a rustling sound at his feet. He looked quickly down and saw two King cobras, male and female. Both were coiling, ready to spring. Snyder sprang back and yelled for help. Two other keepers responded. One took the bag of rattlesnakes and the other helped Keeper Snyder driv ethe two cobras into anothr bag. The cobras had arrived at the oZo on Saturday, and in the night had escaped.

Gunda, the trick elephant at the Bronx Park Zoo, went on strike yesterday for a while. Gunda is the elephant who receives contributions of coins in his trunk, puts them in a little box, and rings a bell. Yesterday the elephant was taken out of Winter quarters, and his keeper announced that the season was on for rides on Gunda's back. But Gunda was averse to allowing children on his back after the long Winter rest. He struck and had to be taken back to the elephant house.

Many of the animals were allowed out of Winter quarters for the first time yesterday.

NOTE BROKERS' METHODS.

Disclosures by G. N. Morton, Who Assisted in the Exposure.

George N. Morton, who has already told the District Attorney what he had learned about the operations of the gang of note swindlers, some of whose members are now in jail awaiting the result of the District Attorney's investigation, believes that it may be inferred by some that instead of an exposer of the gang he was concerned to a greater or less extent in some of their operations. He said yesterday that it was really due to him that the gang and their methods were unearthed.

"The history of the disclosure was this," said Mr. Morton. "I had occasion to visit the Blanchards of Newark in reference to a large loan which they in conjunction with the Blue Ridge Enamel Brick Company were desirous of obtaining. Having satisfactorily attained the object of my visit, I asked them to take off the market some notes which were floating around New York, as they created a serious obstacle to getting the loan.

"They narrated to me the circumstances under which the notes were given and described to me the man 'Davis,' to whom they had given the notes. I told them that the name of their man was Whelpley, to whom I had never spoken and whom I had seen only once, at which time he was pointed out to me by a friend who was about to enter into a business transaction with Whelpley when my timely warning stopped him. I narrated to the Blanchards a number of instances in which Whelpley through his many connections had got hold of securities of mine, and how, at one time, by the assistance and advice of counsel, I had captured them.

"Some days later, when Whelpley was taken, while working under his real name, I called up the Blanchards and informed them that their man was held in New York. They identified 'Davis' with Whelpley.

"Whenever an opportunity presented itself I invariably exposed and denounced the Whelpley-Gardner-Cornell band, who in various instances, as in this with the Blanchards, crossed my path and thwarted my efforts to accomplish legitimate purposes.

"Under these circumstances it would seem absurd to try to connect me in any way, however remote, with the operations of this band.

"Even supposing that I could be guilty of the crime of setting out deliberately to defraud anybody, the negro in this case would, to me, make it utterly unthinkable that I should knowingly have the remotest connection with such a group. For this reason, I trust that I may hereafter be eliminated from this group.

"As for myself, I should like to call attention to a phase of these revelations concerning the note business which seems to have escaped the notice of the District Attorney.

"A few days ago the newspapers published a list of business concerns who had been defrauded of $600,000 by the note thieves. It is not alleged that any one of these concerns ever paid a dollar of these notes, and yet the concerns went down like grass before the scythe.

"You may safely take it for granted that the $600,000 notes reported stolen were only a tithe of the notes actually issued. One concern alone in the list, when the crash came, was reported to have afloat all the way from $600,000 to $1,000,000 of paper.

"Now, I will venture the statement that all the concerns put together did not have, while their notes were seeking a market, quick assets enough to go into any bank in the country and raise $50,000, and yet they roll off their notes by the ream, thousands and hundreds of thousands falling due on one given day. So far I have not seen it stated that one dollar of these notes was ever paid. Some of the concerns failed on the presentation of the first note. Some did not wait for the maturity of the notes, but failed in a few weeks after issuing them, because they did not get the money expected from the sale of the notes.

"Why does not the District Attorney put an accountant on the books of these concerns to see what was their condition when they entered into negotiations with the thieves to float at any price great blocks of notes?

"The thieves, perhaps, valuing the notes at what they thought the notes were worth, pawned them indifferently for the price of a breakfast or a suit of clothes. I do not believe that the thieves ever made any of these big sums mentioned, as I do not believe the makers of the notes ever suffered any such heavy losses.

"One concern, whose name has been mentioned, came to New York and put out through a broker a batch of notes for the purpose, he said, of buying out a relative's interest in his company. Some gentlemen whom I know undertook in good faith to raise the money on the notes, with the understanding that no more were to be issued. At every turn these gentlemen were confronted with applications on large blocks of notes which did not belong to the original issue. It developed that the maker had quietly put out through other channels just a million dollars' more paper, the proceeds of which would come in handy to pay hotel bills."

HARLEM OARSMEN PRACTICE.

Many Entries Promised for Memorial Day Annual Regatta.

The improved weather conditions yesterday brought out a number of Harlem River oarsmen, who have been somewhat hampered in their preparatory training for the Harlem Regatta Association annual regatta on Memorial Day. Scores of shells were on the river during the day, and the practice was kept up until late in the afternoon.

Strict training is now the rule at all the clubs, and among the most prominent colors worn yesterday were the Metropolitan, Nassau, Harlem, Bohemian, Lone Star, Atalanta, Nonpareil, and Union. The Harlem Rowing Club will be represented in the regatta by a junior four gig, junior eight single sculls, and intermediate doubles and singles. John Hoben will compete in the senior singles, and Bardes will row in the international singles. Hearst and Nonbacher will comprise the double, and Woods, Bannon, Wheeler, and Nelson are likely to make the four. The composition of the eight has not yet been determined.

The Metropolitan Club will probably have the largest list of entrants for the regatta. Fred Fuessel will start in the senior singles. Von Barthold and Emerson will furnish the intermediate representative, and a special race may be arranged to select the best man. Walter Conway and Charles Gollner are a likely pair for the junior doubles. The club sent out fourteen boats yesterday. With an entry list only a trifle smaller than that the Metropolitans, the Nassau Club will be prominent in the regatta. C. F. Muller will again row in the event for veteran scullers. Joseph Thompson is at present favored as the entrant for the intermediate singles. He has shown considerable improvement since graduating from the junior class. Walsh and Mills are working well in junior single shells, and William Mehrhoff is the club's senior single sculler. W. A. Coler and E. G. Tomk will compete in the intermediate doubles. These men practiced both in the morning and afternoon, as did the senior eight, which, however, will not be entered in the early regattas.

Three eights are working from the Lone Star clubhouse, and Coach Roche is busy with the candidates for the crews. The junior eight that rowed yesterday was D. Keller, Weisbader, E. Keller, Bemak, Herz, Sohn, Weyl, and Ginsberg. An octuple scull crew was also out. S. A. Cramer will take part in the race for veteran senior scullers. Among the Crescent oarsmen out were Graham, Edwards, Buckinberger, Haskins, Koop, and Litde; the latter will row in the junior doubles and the former quartet in the junior fours.

Crews from the Nonpareil, Union, Atalanta, and Wyanoke clubs also made a good showing and will help to swell the entry list for the first big regatta. The De Witt Clinton schoolboy eight, under the coaching of Capt. Jack Nagle of the Harlem Rowing Club, showed good improvement in yesterday's work.

Bergen Leads Bergen Beach Gunners.

Henry D. Bergen, President of the Bergen Beach Gun Club, carried off the honors of Saturday's shoot of the club at Bergen Beach. He participated in six competitions, at twenty-five birds each, and broke 83⅓ per cent. of his targets. Ex-Sheriff Frank D. Creamer of Brooklyn took part in seven contests, finishing with 76 per cent of breaks. E. Morgan gave an excellent exhibition, breaking more than 81⅓ per cent. of his targets in five competitions. James Shevlin was a little off his aim, and Capt. H. W. Dreyer did not do so well as usual, the best he could do being 70½ per cent. of breaks.

Baseball To-day, 4 P. M.—American League Park, N. Y. Americans vs. Detroit.—Adv.

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WILTSE'S BAD SPELL LOSES FOR GIANTS

Cincinnati Makes Six Runs in Eighth and Wins by Score, 7-2.

GANZEL'S HIT NETS 4 RUNS

Red's First Baseman Smashes Out Homer with Bases Full—Chicago Defeats Brooklyn.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Results of Yesterday's Games.

Cincinnati, 7; New York, 2.
Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 0.
St. Louis, 1; Boston, 0, (seven innings.)

Where They Play To-day.

New York at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Pittsburg.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	15	7	.682	Boston	13	13	.500
Philadelphia	13	9	.591	Cincinnati	11	12	.478
Pittsburg	12	9	.571	St. Louis	10	17	.370
New York	13	11	.542	Brooklyn	9	18	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Results of Yesterday's Games.

No games scheduled.

Where They Play To-day.

Detroit at New York.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Boston.
Chicago at Washington.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	16	8	.667	Chicago	12	12	.500
Philadelphia	13	10	.565	Detroit	11	12	.478
Cleveland	13	10	.565	Washington	9	15	.375
St. Louis	13	13	.500	Boston	8	18	.307

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, May 17.—Wiltse pitched good ball against Cincinnati to-day up to the eighth inning, when he went to pieces, and when the smoke of the fray had cleared away the Reds had scored 6 runs and tucked the game safely away. Up to this fatal inning the Giants looked to be sure winners, but the batting matinée of the locals turned the tide and Cincinnati won by the score of 7 to 2.

The visitors secured a run in the fourth. The three following innings found both teams blanked, both Weimer and Wiltse pitching good ball. Wiltse had held the opposing batters down to three hits up to the eighth, when six hits, including a triple by Hulswitt and a home run by Ganzel, the latter hit coming when the bases were full, put New York out of the running.

Faster and more interesting ball, until the fateful eighth arrived, has seldom been seen here, and the splendid work of both teams kept the fans on the qui vive, but when fusillade of clean base hits began the result was no longer in doubt. The score:

CINCINNATI.	R	H	PO	A	E
Huggins, 2b.	0	0	2	1	0
Kane, cf.	2	3	1	1	0
Lobert, 3b.	1	1	1	2	0
Mitchell, rf.	1	1	1	0	0
Ganzel, 1b.	1	2	14	0	0
Schiel, c.	0	0	4	4	0
Paskert, lf.	0	0	3	0	0
Hulswitt, ss.	1	1	1	4	1
Weimer, p.	1	1	0	4	0
Total	7	9	27	18	1

NEW YORK.	R	H	PO	A	E
Shannon, rf.	1	2	2	0	0
Tenney, 1b.	1	0	7	0	0
Donlin, lf.	0	2	1	0	0
Seymour, cf.	0	1	4	0	0
Bresn'n, c.	0	1	8	2	0
Devlin, 3b.	0	0	1	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	0	1	4	0	0
Bridw'l, ss.	0	1	2	4	2
Wiltse, p.	0	0	0	3	0
Total	2	8	24	10	2

Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	—7
New York	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Three-base hits—Hulswitt, Doyle. Home run—Ganzel. Sacrifice hits—Ganzel, Tenney, (2,) Doyle. Stolen base—Seymour. Double plays—Weimer, Schiel, and Ganzel; Lobert and Ganzel; Schiel and Ganzel; Doyle, Bridwell, and Tenney. First base on balls—Off Weimer, 3; off Wiltse, 2. Struck out—By Wiltse, 3; by Weimer, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Weimer, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpire—Mr. O'Day.

Only One Hit for Brooklyn.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Bergen singled in the third and went to second on a sacrifice, the only one of the visitors to reach a base. Brown and his grand support retiring them in one, two, three order in the other eight innings. Ten of the Chicago's hits were bunched in the three innings in which they scored. Score:

CHICAGO.	R	H	PO	A	E
Evers, 2b.	0	2	0	5	0
Sh'kard, lf.	0	1	1	0	0
Schulte, rf.	0	0	3	0	0
Chance, 1b.	0	0	13	0	0
Chf'dt, 3b.	0	1	1	1	0
Hoffm'n, cf.	1	2	2	0	0
Kling, c.	1	1	6	0	0
Tinker, ss.	3	3	1	5	0
Brown, p.	0	2	0	2	0
Total	5	11	27	13	0

BROOKLYN.	R	H	PO	A	E
Hummel, lf.	0	0	2	0	0
Sheehan, 3b.	0	0	1	1	0
Lumley, rf.	0	0	2	0	0
Jordan, 1b.	0	0	5	0	0
Lewis, ss.	0	0	4	1	0
Pattee, 2b.	0	0	0	1	0
Maloney, cf.	0	0	4	0	0
Bergen, c.	0	1	6	2	0
Rucker, p.	0	0	0	2	1
*Burch	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	1	24	7	1

*Batted for Rucker in the ninth inning.

Chicago	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	—5
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Tinker. Three-base hit—Kling. Sacrifice hit—Rucker. Stolen bases—Sheckard, Tinker. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; Brooklyn, 1. First base on balls—Off Rucker, 5. Struck out—By Brown, 4; by Rucker, 4. Time of game—One hour and thirty-four minutes. Umpire—Mr. Rigler.

St. Louis Defeats Boston.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 17.—St. Louis to-day defeated Boston 1 to 0. The game was called at the end of the sixth inning on account of rain. A base on balls, an out, and O'Rourke's double scored the only run. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	R	H	PO	A	E
Barry, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Charles, 3b.	0	0	0	0	0
Murray, cf.	0	0	2	0	0
Del'h'ty, lf.	1	0	1	0	0
Ken'chy, 1b.	0	0	12	0	0
O'R'ke, ss.	0	2	0	7	2
Marshall, c.	0	0	0	0	0
Gilbert, 2b.	0	0	3	4	0
Karger, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	2	18	13	2

BOSTON.	R	H	PO	A	E
Browne, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Bmont, cf.	0	0	0	0	0
Bates, lf.	0	1	0	0	0
M'Gann, 1b.	0	0	10	0	0
Bow'man, c.	0	0	4	1	0
Ritchey, 2b.	0	0	1	1	0
Dahlen, ss.	0	0	1	8	0
Sweeney, 3b.	0	0	1	1	1
Lind'm'n, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	1	18	11	1

St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—O'Rourke. Double play—O'Rourke, Gilbert, and Konetchy. Left on bases—St. Louis, 2; Boston, 4. Bases on balls—Off Karger, 2; off Lindaman, 2. Struck out—By Lindaman, 2. Time of game—One hour and twenty-three minutes. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

Jersey City Wins on Errors.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, May 17.—Errors by Louden and Corcoran gave to-day's game to Jersey City by the score of 3 to 1. In the third inning Louden let an easy grounder escape him and later Corcoran missed an easy throw and Jersey City scored two runs. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0—3	5	0
Montreal	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1	7	3

Batteries—Wiltse and Vandergrift; Stanley and McManus.

Cyclists In Century Run.

Over 130 cyclists took part in the twelfth annual Spring century run of the Century Road Club Association of America over the Long Island roads yesterday. The riders left Bedford Avenue and Eastern Parkway in three divisions, including the fast division made up of the best long-distance amateur riders of Greater New York and New Jersey. J. W. Hedden was the chief pacemaker of the first division that left Bedford Rest at 7 o'clock with about sixty riders. The second division, in charge of W. Cummings, with about fifty riders, left a half-hour later. The last division to get away left about 8:30 o'clock, in charge of F. Mommer, with about twenty riders. The riders had not ridden five miles before it commenced to rain and it looked as if the run would be called off, but the riders refused to quit and about 125 finished at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.

"Methods of Pittsburg Phil."

In "The Maxims and Methods of Pittsburg Phil," Ed Cole, racing official and turf writer, has made an odd contribution to sporting literature. The author makes no pretence of being a biographer, but the work has the style of an autobiography, that of the late George Smith, more widely known to the public as "Pittsburg Phil." "Pittsburg Phil" is made to speak in the first person through material collected by the author in personal interviews with the turf plunger. The book treats of the betting features of racing from the viewpoint of the plunger who holds place in the public mind as the most successful operator in race-track betting that the turf ever has produced.

AUTOMOBILES TO BALL GROUNDS.

Special cars leave Broadway entrance Times Building daily 3 P. M. 'Phone 1933 Bryant. MANHATTAN AUTO CAR CO. Fare, 50 cents. Office in Times Building.

HORSEMEN WAITING FOR CUP.

Road Drivers Will Replevin Trophy Unless Baisley Returns It.

Local amateur horsemen are very much interested in the outcome of the controversy between the Road Drivers' Association of New York and George P. Baisley, the owner of Hazel Delmar. Mr. Baisley has been requested to return the Cosden Cup, which was awarded to his entry, Hazel Delmar, at the Horse Show, held in connection with the recent Road Drivers' parade. Mr. Baisley insists that his horse won the cup fairly, and will retain the trophy. Unless he changes his mind the Executive Committee of the Road Drivers' Association will institute suit to recover the cup.

President Andrew Crawford and the members of the Executive Committee of the Road Drivers' Association are emphatic in their declaration that Hazel Delmar was illegally entered in the class to which she was not eligible, that Mr. Baisley was warned before he sent in the entry that Hazel Delmar was not eligible, and the attempt to class his mare with younger horses would be unjust to the owners of the other entrants.

The event was for three-year-olds and under, trotters to wagon, and was the feature of the show. Mr. Baisley entered and drove Hazel Delmar, a splendid-looking daughter of Delmar, 2:16¼, sire of Major Delmar, 2:01¼, and the former Speedway trotter, Hazel, 2:20¾. The judges unanimously selected Hazel Delmar as the winner. After Mr. Baisley received the cup the Horse Show Committee learned that Hazel Delmar was really a four-year-old, and that as Mr. Baisley had bred the mare himself there could be little question about her age.

According to the rules governing both light harness and running horses the ages of all horses begin on Jan. 1. Should a filly or colt be foaled on Dec. 30 it would be rated as a two-year-old two days later, or on Jan. 1. It is contended that every novice horseman is thoroughly familiar with this rule, and Mr. Baisley in particular was cognizant of it, as he has bred and owned horses for many years. Consequently they assert that in entering Hazel Delmar he was in the wrong. The Executive Committee has made an official demand on Mr. Baisley for the Cosden trophy, but up to the present no reply has been received to the demand. A meeting of the Executive Committee will be held on Wednesday evening, when legal proceedings to recover the cup will be ordered unless the disputed trophy has been returned by that time. There is considerable bitterness of feeling over the affair, as on Sunday, May 10, Mr. Baisley is said to have promised William J. Clark and George H. Huber, members of the Horse Show Committee, to return the cup. Since that time he has announced his intention of retaining it.

In discussing the affair yesterday, Dr. H. D. Gill, Chairman of the Horse Show Committee of the Road Drivers' Association, said: "There is no excuse for Mr. Baisley's action. He knew when he entered Hazel Delmar in the class that he was violating the rules. It is difficult to believe that Mr. Baisley did not know the age of his mare, as he bred her and had already told persons she was foaled on May 28, 1904, which according to trotting rules made her four years old on Jan. 1 of this year. Mr. Baisley promised to return the cup. If he fails to do so it is up to the Executive Committee to make him do so."

President Andrew Crawford of the Road Drivers' Association said: "Mr. Baisley was told not to enter Hazel Delmar in the class for the Cosden Cup. We have at least one reputable member of the asociation who advised Mr. Baisley not to enter his name, and this man will make an affidavit that Mr. Baisley knew the age of Hazel Delmar. The Road Drivers' Association will protect its own interests, and unless the cup is returned we will surely sue Mr. Baisley."

G. P. Baisley could not be reached yesterday, but in a letter to THE TIMES he objects to his horse being referred to as a "ringer," and says that Hazel Delmar "was entirely eligible under the rules for entry in that particular class in which the trophy was won."

MILES EXPLAINS DEFEAT.

Britisher Says Accurate Hitting Won Championship for Gould.

LONDON, May 18.—Eustace H. Miles, who yesterday was defeated for the court tennis championship by Jay Gould, writes an article in The Daily Graphic under the caption, "Why I lost." He says:

"Never in all my life have I experienced such a set of adverse strokes and situations. They might be summed up thus, that I just missed and he just got. I make no excuse for myself; I deserved to miss because I did not hit quite accurately, while he did."

Miles attributes Gould's revival in the last set to coffee, "which," he says, "for those who can stand it, it is a more potent stimulant than alcohol."

In conclusion Miles thinks that now he knows Gould's new service he will be less unprepared, and will do better if he meets him next Saturday.

Venona In Bermuda Race.

An additional entry has just been made for the Marblehead to Bermuda yacht race, the schooner Venona, recently purchased by E. J. Bliss of Boston. Venona is 65 feet over all, 45 feet on the water line, and will race in Class C. The committee has been notified by the owner of the cutter Alga, which was entered a short time ago to sail in Class C, that he will be compelled to cancel his entry. The entries will close on Friday, May 29, with Commodore Henry A. Morss of the Corinthian Yacht Club, Marblehead, Mass., who is Secretary of the Race Committee, the contest being held under the joint auspices of the Marblehead Club and the Royal Bermuda Yacht Club.

Trinity Takes Relay Race.

The Trinity Club defeated the Pastime Athletic Club yesterday in a handicap relay race on Trinity Field, Brooklyn. The event was the feature of the first outdoor monthly games of the Trinity Club. The race was well contested, the Trinity quartet winning by fifteen yards. Three club events were also decided.

Columbia Elects Soccer Officials.

W. Deacon Murphy has been re-elected manager of the Columbia 'Varsity Association football team, with P. Billingsley as Captain and J. Vosskamp as Vice Captain. E. Dwyer, ex-Captain, is now President.

Camerons Win Soccer Game.

In the return match at soccer between the Camerons and the Arcadia Thistles played on the grounds of the former at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday afternoon the Camerons scored a victory by the score of 1 goal to 0 after a most hotly fought game. A thunderstorm, accompanied by a heavy downpour, interfered with an early start and made the footing very uncertain.

LOZIER

FOUNDRY WORK

¶ The foundry department of our Plattsburg, N. Y., works probably produces a greater variety of automobile castings than any other private foundry in America. The making of cored cylinder-castings for motors of the water-cooled type has been a specialty in the LOZIER works for over eight years, and our experts have reached a high degree of proficiency and skill in the conduct of this work.

¶ IN FACT, OUR CYLINDER-CASTINGS ARE UNSURPASSED BY ANY FOUNDRY IN THE WORLD.

¶ THAT THERE HAS NEVER BEEN A SINGLE INSTANCE OF A CRACKED CYLINDER-CASTING ON A LOZIER MOTOR CAR is at least one piece of evidence in support of the above assertion.

¶ One of these cylinder-castings, such as is used for the motor of the TYPE H, 45 H. P. LOZIER MOTOR CAR, is exhibited in our salesrooms. It is the admiration of experts.

¶ All the aluminum castings used in the LOZIER car are also produced in our own foundries, in addition to which the casting of the numerous bronze parts forms another important branch of our work.

¶ IMMEDIATE DELIVERY IN ALL 1908 MODEL LOZIER MOTOR CARS

THE LOZIER MOTOR COMPANY 55th Street and Broadway N.Y.

HUNT CLUB'S MORNING MEET.

Cross-Country Races In the Forenoon for Memorial Day.

On Memorial Day racegoers may see races at two different courses and under the direction of two different bodies—the Jockey Club and the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association. This is made possible by the decision of the United Hunt Racing Association to give a "morning meeting" at its beautiful new course, which is separated from the Belmont Park track by the Hempstead turnpike and the terminals of the Long Island Railroad Company.

The United Hunt Meeting will begin at 11 o'clock promptly, and the card of five races will have been run off by 1 o'clock, leaving one hour and a half before the calling of the first race at the big course across the pike. The card consists of three steeplechases, one hurdle race, and one flat race.

The new course, which was opened last Fall, is not yet familiar to the majority of New York racegoers, as the meeting then was opposed by racing at Jamaica, but under the arrangements for Memorial Day the rank and file of racegoers may see the new course without sacrificing their devotion to the sport at the principal tracks. That they will be most agreeably surprised is assured, for it is one of the prettiest in the country. It is a regulation steeplechase course, over natural country, and the racing may be seen perfectly from the stand or lawn.

Handball Men Have New Star.

Handball players in Brooklyn have added another star to their ranks, judging by the performance of Manus O'Donnell, who a year ago came from County Mayo in Ireland and settled down in Brooklyn with his brother, Jack O'Donnell, the only man who was able to beat John Coggins, the "Castlebar Giant." Young O'Donnell yesterday was pitted against F. Proudfoot. The youngster, who has a splendid pair of hands and shows good judgment, never let up on his opponent for a moment, and at the finish of the competition won by 21 to 1, 21 to 6, and 21 to 13.

GRAND PRIX RACER READY TO DEPART

Thomas Car for Classic Road Race Will Be Shipped to France on Wednesday.

STRANG'S CONFIDENT MIEN

American Machine Makes 95 Miles an Hour in Preliminary Trials—Roberts Describes Its Characteristics.

The Grand Prix car, which the Thomas Company has entered in the great French classic road race to defend America against the world, has arrived in New York, and is now crated and ready for shipment to the other side. The crew of five men who will accompany the car to prepare it and race it will sail with it on Wednesday on the steamer Adriatic. Lewis Strang, who will drive the car over the Dieppe course, is entirely satisfied with its performances under test at Buffalo. He declares the car made ninety-five miles an hour on the stretches after two weeks' tuning up, and that he believes it can do better than that with a few minor changes and adjustments which the men in charge of it have in mind.

The mechanical side of the racing machine will be looked after abroad by J. C. Marquise, who was Strang's mechanician both at Savannah and at Briarcliff, and, we believe, according to Strang, had a very large part in the victories achieved there. Montague Roberts will also go over with the car, together with an extra mechanician, while the whole party will be under the management of Harry S. Houpt. Quarters will be secured near the course and diligent practice will be continued from the date of the arrival to the consummation of the race.

The changes which have been made in the racing rules and conditions governing the Grand Prix have reduced the excessive power which has characterized the competitors in other races held for the prize and its immediate predecessor. It has made it possible for the Thomas Company to enter a car that is virtually a stock car, stock in all its essentials, except the size of its cylinders. An increase in nine-sixteenth inches has been made in the bore of each of the four cylinders, giving a total cylinder area of 115.4661 square inches and a power of over eighty horse.

The characteristics of the car as summarized by Montague Roberts are as follows:

Wheel base, 112 inches. Weight, 2,650 pounds. Speed, 95 5-10 miles an hour. Drive, side chains with dropped forged steel sprockets. Size of engine, 6 1-16-inch bore with 5½-inch stroke. Frame, special steel channel, heat treated, nickel steel, forged hangers, five cross members. Gears, sliding type, ratios 2.78, 2.6, 2.36, 2.1. Axles, front, one beam section drop forged in one piece, Vanadium steel; rear, one beam section drop forged in one piece, Vanadium steel. Clearance of axle, 10 inches in front, 13⅜ inches in rear.

Bearings, connecting rods and crank shaft best anti-friction metal with following sizes: Rear bearing, 2 inches diameter, 4 inches long. Front, 2 inches diameter, 2¼ inches long. Center bearings, 2 inches diameter, 2⅝ inches long. Connecting rod bearings and crank shaft, 1⅞ inches diameter, 2⅜ inches long. Cam shaft, high speed bronze; transmission, annular, ball and roller; wheels, ball bearing; rear and roller bearing.

Brakes, internal expanding, on rear wheel, 14⅜ inches diameter by 3½-inch face, contracting on countershaft, 10 inches diameter by 3 inches face, 404 square inches.

Cams, hardened and securely pinned and keyed to shaft running in fine high-speed bronze bearings. Vaporizer, float feed, single jet, water jacketed, automatic air control. Clutch, Thomas type, three-disk, with cork inserts. Clutch connecting shaft, high-grade steel with sliding block to insure alignment, compression released by sliding exhaust cam shaft. Controlled by accelerator and hand throttle on wheel with spark advance lever. Chain, diamond roller, ⅝ inch diameter, 1 inch thick. Fly wheel, cast steel, 88 pounds. Gasoline feeding tank, 50-gallon tank in rear with gravity feed. Ignition, Sims-Bosch magneto. Lubrication, pump feed and hand feed. Pistons, light constructed, well-ribbed top, four rings. Radiator, honeycomb, 6-16-inch, angular, corrugated teeth. Radius rods, drop forged. Springs, semi-elliptical, Vanadium steel. Steering gear, Vanadium steel, exceptionally strong ribbed construction, special adjustment. Valves, special nickeled steel. Tires, Michelin demountable rims. Water pump, gear pump, driven from cam shaft.

EAGER FOR BIG RACE.

Manufacturers Suggest Conditions for Transcontinental Endurance Race.

Inquiries from manufacturers concerning the double transcontinental endurance run have been received from every source within the past week. As an indication of the keen interest which the project has aroused, a letter from the general manager of one of the trade associations commends the undertaking warmly, and says: "I am sure that many of the forty-eight makers represented in our association will wish to enter cars." Fourteen of these forty-eight manufacturers have already made inquiries as to conditions for the contest and suggestions for its government, and four of them have sent assurances that they would be represented at the starting line. The four cars that have offered actual entries for the contest as soon as the conditions have been definitely formulated are four of the most prominent makes of cars competing for the favor of the American market, and the committee in charge of the race feels every confidence that the very best makes of cars offered to automobilists to-day will be enlisted before the date of departure from New York.

One of those who is in closest touch with the sentiment of manufacturers throughout the country said yesterday of the race: "It does seem to me that the proposed affair is one that is entitled to the very heartiest support. The intention of rigorously observing the speed regulations of the various States through which the contestants will go is especially commendable. The one drawback to such a contest would be the objection to going in a race that would involve the breaking of speed laws. With replacements to be accurately recorded and the limitation of the entrants to a single crew, the temptation to evade speed regulations is removed. On a double transcontinental tour certain replacements are

INVADER CAPTURES SPEEDWAY HONORS

Andrew Crawford's Fast Trotter Shows Best Form in Weekly Brushes.

RUNAWAYS ENLIVEN SPORT

Mounted Policeman Murphy's Prompt Action Prevents Serious Results—Heats Decided by Close Margins.

Early morning clouds and threatening weather did not frighten the owners of fast horses or the spectators from the Sunday morning sport on the Harlem River Speedway yesterday forenoon. There was an unusually large number of horses out, but, as usual, the contests were few in comparison with the number of the reuglars out. Although the Speedway cup races have already begun and the Classification Committee will no longer be governed by the Sunday morning performances of the cup candidates, yet many members avoid the impromptu sport and save their horses for the cups.

The surprise of the day was the showing of Dr. Chase, the trotter owned by Charles Welland, who has just brought him to the drive for the Spring brushes and matinées. After a few warming-up heats Dr. Chase was started against Invader, 2:10, the Speedway champion trotter, and although he was beaten by a small margin, yet the way he kept Invader hustling showed him to be in fine shape.

Virginia Bell, 2:20, driven by Dr. Semon, had a set-to with Frost Demand, owned by Dr. Gill. They raced three heats, and Virginia Bell succeeded in winning the rubber by a close margin.

The bay mare Lucy, driven by U. Reilly, was in some of the hottest contests of the morning. She took off the measures in turn of Tommy Burns, driven by W. J. Kinney, and Lord Bromley, with P. Kennedy in the wagon. She also won a heat from William Scott's old favorite, Kitty Wilkes, 2:15½, and lowered her colors only to Norrie, 2:09¼, driven by Trainer Elmer Stevens. Before leaving the drive Reilly met and won a closing heat from Lord Bromley.

At the beginning of the brushes Lord Bromley tried twice to get the best of Kitty Wilkes, but had to suffer defeat in each heat. After winning a heat from Dr. Chase, Invader started in a three-cornered brush with E. W. Knapp's Midget, 2:20½. After a very close contest down almost the entire distance, Invader won by a length, with Dr. Chase ahead, of Midget about the same distance. Joseph F. Gibbons was not in many brushes yesterday, as he has been in previous events. He started his double-gaited Claro in one brush only, against C. Hackett's Sally A., and after winning it kept out of the contests. After getting the decision over First Demand, Virginia Bell met and won from G. H. Huber's Frankie Pandit, the latter losing a heat also to F. R. Bain's mare Zealous.

Who Knows, 2:11¾, driven by Thomas B. Leahy, and Thomas G. Hinds's Solstone, 2:15, had two of the best brushes in the pacing division, and both were won by the first-named at close finishes. Zealous lost a heat to White Wings, which showed much improved speed since last seen on the drive. I. M. Thompson, driving Fancy Prince, won from Fanny G.

Two bad runaways close to each other came very near becoming serious, had it not been for the prompt action and dexterity of Mounted Policeman Gus Murphy, the only guard on the drive. While racing against Who Knows, Redbird, driven by B. Cohen, started on a run, but before he got the other side of the bridge Murphy caught him at full gallop.

The officer had hardly reached his post at the finishing point when A. J. D. and Kingmond, driven to pole by Claus Bohling, started on a run, going from the quarter pole up to the bridge, where they were brought to a halt by a policeman. Had not Officer Murphy brought Redbird to a halt as quickly and promptly as he did, the team runaway might have resulted disastrously.

After his run Redbird appeared to have improved wonderfully, as he started in three brushes against James A. Murphy's Fandango and won all in easy fashion. He also won from Sally A., but Who Knows evened up matters by defeating him in a close finish. Ready Boy, 2:16, W. J. Clark's handsome pacer, won his brushes against Phyllora and Sally A.

J. W. Cornish had out the "cream puff" horse, Tempus Fugit, 2:07¼, but did not enter the contests. Silver Ore, 2:16, was being tried yesterday by Andrew Crawford, while one of the fastest teams driven was made up of Leo Ottinger's Charley W. and Nashville.

OLYMPIC RIFLE TEAM.

National Association Will be Represented at the Bisley Competition.

The National Rifle Association has decided to send a team of riflemen to take part in the Olympic Games, which will be held in England in July. This decision was arrived at after letters were read pledging the greater part of the funds necessary to send the team. The kind of ammunition the team is to use is to be determined by exhaustive tests to be carried on by a committee consisting of Gen. Drain, President of the National Rifle Association; Gen. William P. Hall, Adjutant General United States Army, and Gen. Lawrason Riggs, commanding the Maryland National Guard.

The try-outs of the competitors for place on the American team will be held at Camp Perry, Ohio, June 10, 11, 12, and 13. The team to be selected by this committee on the evening of the 13th. The members of the team selected will meet at some range in the East for a few days' preliminary practice before sailing on the St. Louis of the American Line from New York, on June 20. This will land them in time to get in nine days' practice on the Bisley range. Altogether the team will not have more than twelve or thirteen days' practice before the match.

Arrival of Buyers

Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Shillito, John, Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; M. Wickersham, linens and white goods; 346 Broadway.
Dobbie, A., Columbus, Ohio; Miss Williams, corsets; Murray Hill Hotel.
Los Angeles Notion Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; E. J. Risser, hosiery and notions; The Breslin.
Kaufman & Co., Richmond, Va.; W. B. Nelson, silks and ribbons; 621 Broadway; The Breslin.
Witehurst, R., Norfolk, Va.; carpets; Hoffman House.
R. W. K. Company, Chicago, Ill.; H. Rothschild, jewelry; Hotel York.
Plant & Isaac, Cincinnati, Ohio; M. Isaac, notions; 475 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; W. Dolgarno, linens; 43 Leonard Street.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; I. H. Newman, clothing; 821 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Duffy & McInnerney Company, Rochester, N. Y.; C. P. Gilkinson, notions; 458 Broadway.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. Metzenberg, jewelry; 438 Broadway.
Horne, J., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. B. Horne, dry goods; 320 Church Street.
Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; H. P. Bonfies, dress goods; 258 Church Street.
Porteous & Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; J. Porteous, cloaks and suits; 57 White Street.
Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; A. Leith, cloaks and suits; 57 White Street.
Lowenstein, B., & Brothers Dry Goods Company, Memphis, Tenn.; William Folz, prints and dress goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Nugent, J., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; D. C. Nugent, dry goods; 31 Union Square; Holland House.
Clark Brothers, Scranton, Penn.; C. L. Kresky, domestics and dress goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Bowman & Co., Harrisburg, Penn.; Miss J. Webb, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel York.
Emery-Bird-Thayer Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; G. F. Shepard, furnishing goods; 396 Broadway; Hotel Woodward.
Newcomb, Endicott & Co., Detroit, Mich.; H. R. Newcomb, furnishing goods and gloves; S. N. Watson, dry goods; The Breslin.
Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; G. Kalt, carpets; 487 Broadway; The Breslin.
Tregellas, Hertz & Co., Baltimore, Md.; F. Hertel, domestics and woolens; D. A. Moffett, white goods; S. S. Tregellas, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Waldman Brothers, Albany, N. Y.; L. I. Waldman, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.
Little & Golze, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. M. McCutcheon, woolens; Hotel Imperial.
Stein & Newman Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; A. Stein, wash goods; L. Newman, seconds; Hotel Cadillac.
Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Company, Atlanta, Ga.; M. E. Jordan, domestics, dress goods, and silks; 396 Broadway; The Breslin.
Pringle Brothers, Charleston, S. C.; W. Pringle, notions; The Breslin.
Gotthelf & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; L. Kronig, hats; The Breslin.
Wrist, P., Sons, York, Penn.; E. A. Rice, dry goods; H. S. Wrist, dry goods; 491 Broadway; The Breslin.
England Brothers, Pittsfield, Mass.; T. H. Logan, dress goods and silks; 76 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.
Korn, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; P. Hiltz, domestics; 621 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Penny & Gentles, St. Louis, Mo.; J. Gentles, domestics and dress goods; Prince George Hotel.
Rosenberg Brothers, Rochester, N. Y.; E. Rosenberg, woolens; Prince George Hotel.
Powers Mercantile Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; R. Knox, hosiery and underwear; 214 Church Street.
Shepard-Norwell Company, Boston, Mass.; J. Finnie, linens; 31 Union Square.
Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; L. Goldenberg, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; P. J. Linhoff, hosiery and ladies' knit underwear; 874 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Kline & Curtis Company, Reading, Penn.; V. Eckland, notions; 214 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.
Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; P. J. Byrne, dress and wash goods; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Broztell.
Sutton, R. M., Company, Baltimore, Md.; W. F. Sutton, dress goods; E. J. Friedberger, dry goods; Hotel Broztell.
Saks & Co., Washington, D. C.; G. S. Daniels, clothing; Prince George Hotel.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Colby Davis, dress goods; 115 Worth Street; Hotel Latham.
Alms & Doepke Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; H. Kreyenhagen, flannels; 850 Broadway; Hotel Latham.
Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; D. G. Braham, notions and laces; 1384 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.
Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; P. Ullman, dry goods; 4 Washington Place; Hotel Wellington.
Blass, Gus, Dry Goods Company, Little Rock, Ark.; G. Blass, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cumberland.
Kroeger Brothers Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; S. J. Queenman, dress goods and silks; Hotel Cumberland.
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The Antique Lamp Mfg. Co., 33 W. 125th St.
APRONS.
Kursheedt Apron Co., 605 B'way. Rompers.
AWNINGS, TENTS, AND FLAGS.
M. Magee & Son, 147 Fulton St.
BLANKETS, QUILTS AND RUGS.
Schiff Brothers, 475 Broadway.
BOOKS.—Publishers' Remainders.
Newold Publishing Co., 225 Fifth Ave.
CARPETS, RUGS, AND OILCLOTHS.
Union Carpet Co., 221-223 Canal St.
CHILDREN'S DRESSES & ROMPERS
E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 605 Broadway.
CORSETS.
Boston Hygienic Corset Co., 1 West 34th St.
FAVORS & TABLE DECORATIONS.
B. Shackman & Co., 812 Broadway.
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SURROGATE NOTICES.

MONAHAN, JAMES.—In pursuance of an order of the Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against James Monahan, deceased, late of the County of New York, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Frank M. Patterson, at No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 5th day of October next.
Dated the 30th day of March, 1908.
JAMES MONAHAN, Administrator.
FRANK M. PATTERSON, Attorney for Administrator, 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

ROLLINS, WALTER C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WALTER C. ROLLINS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, the office of her attorneys, Messrs. Moran & Healy, No. 51 Chambers Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 19th day of September next.
Dated New York, the 16th day of March, 1908.
EVA F. ROLLINS, Executrix.
MORAN & HEALY, Attorneys for Executrix, 51 Chambers Street, Manhattan, New York City.

The New York Times invites information from its readers in aid of its efforts to exclude from its columns fraudulent and objectionable advertisements. All information will be treated confidentially.

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The Summer time schedule for season of 1908 will go into effect Sunday, June 21.
The "Catskill Mountain Limited," composed exclusively of parlor cars with observation car, leaving New York on week days at 10 o'clock A. M., will be a popular feature of the service.
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION — THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Stock Market Records — Gold Shipments and Money Market.

Last week's stock market was notable for the activity of the trading, Friday's volume exceeding that of any other day of the year thus far, and for the vigorous advance of securities to a new high level for the year. Near the week's close the average price of twenty active railroad stocks, these including only standard issues, stood at 102.56, against an average of 86.04 on Feb. 17 of the present year, and 81.41, the lowest point touched in the course of the so-called "October panic," the quotation itself being made, as a matter of fact, upon Nov. 21. To take an individual stock in order to trace more clearly the extent of the recovery, Union Pacific, which has been the market leader in the recent forward movement, has advanced from 100, where it sold on Oct. 26, to 147¼, its price on Saturday last. For the past fortnight the rise has been so unsupported by actual developments from day to day as to excite distrust. It is a fact, however, that there has never been a stock market recovery from panic and subsequent business depression which in its initial stage has appeared wholly justified. The reason for the suspicion with which such a rebound from low prices is regarded is readily discoverable; a stock market movement of this character is openly professional and based almost exclusively on the future, whereas most business calculations rest, in some degree at least, upon both the past and the present. Wall Street's theory is that with the coming of panic and business stagnation the worst has happened; conditions are so bad they cannot be worse, and the next change, therefore, must be in the direction of betterment. The surprising feature of this apparently hazardous argument is that nine times out of ten it proves sound. Wall Street admits cheerfully enough the presence of conditions which make other people cautious and distrustful of Wall Street's own behavior. There is no disputing, for instance, the dullness in the steel trade, the contraction in mercantile lines, the startling decrease in the volume of railroad traffic. The Steel Corporation's report, the records of commercial failures, and statistics compiled by the American Railway Association, showing 413,000 idle cars on the country's railroads, prove these various and unpleasant facts beyond successful denial. But Wall Street turns from all this to consider the promise of months of easy money, the prospect of splendid crops, the convincing signs of an early disappearance of agitation and legislation against corporations, and the clearing of the political situation, where the outlook now is for nominations of unobjectionable candidates by both the great parties.

In the bond market there is to be found striking evidence of the gradual, but certain, improvement of sentiment among investors, and, therefore, of the return of confidence. From the point of view of the financial community this is an important matter, for whether the activity and strength of the present bond market continues or not it is a well-established maxim of Wall Street that general recovery in securities, as well as in business, must be preceded by a good bond market. From Jan. 1 to the close of last week transactions in bonds on the Stock Exchange amounted to over $349,800,000, as against $201,900,000 in the same period of 1907. In other words, by July 1, a date marking the end of the first six months of the calendar year, the bond business of the Stock Exchange will probably have doubled that of the entire year of 1907. In addition to this the total for the current year promises, if the present pace is maintained through the subsequent six months, to exceed the transactions of any other year in the history of the Stock Exchange. It is part of the maxim mentioned that if the recovery is a genuine one the bonds which will first feel its influence are those of the highest class. An examination of the bond dealings of the year discloses the fact that the majority of bonds most actively dealt in thus far have been of a semi-speculative character, and this fact is used in some quarters to offset the significance of the bond market as a whole. The convertible feature of a number of these bonds, however, has proved so attractive to the investing public, and the general desire for a somewhat greater return on money invested has been so fanned by the continued high cost of living that this dogma regarding high-class bonds no longer possesses its original force. Even if it did, the success of the offering of Pennsylvania's first mortgage bonds is sufficient to satisfy it. It is not only the Stock Exchange that has registered the progress of returning confidence on the part of the public, for the demand has broadened until banking houses acting practically as corporation agents are finding it possible to finance the needs of corporations which a short time ago found it impossible to float securities upon anything like a reasonable basis. A case in point is the Southern Railway, which was compelled to omit the dividend long paid by it on its preferred stock, its earnings having fallen abruptly, but which last week succeeded in selling $15,000,000 of notes, secured by collateral, at a price understood to be 95. The sale of $10,000,000 of notes to finance the Western Pacific is another instance of this broadening market, for this road is still under construction and untested as an income producer. It is not difficult to follow the benefits conferred upon business of all kinds, not only those which touch directly the railroad, but others seemingly remote, by this lifting of the blockade of railroad credit. The importance of this cannot be too often recalled.

In still another respect the week was an interesting one; before its close there had been engaged for export to Europe over $8,000,000 of gold, bringing the total shipments for the current movement up to $25,000,000. The weekly report of the Bank of France showed that institution to be in an exceptionally strong position as regards gold holdings, and the Bank of England's proportion of reserve to liabilities, as published on Thursday, was the highest at this season in a decade. The German demand for gold, however, continues, and, with low interest rates here, additional shipments are entirely probable. The course of our foreign trade is also a factor; in April merchandise exports fell $20,000,000 short of the same month in 1907, where in March they fell only $16,000,000 short, and in February and January showed excesses over imports of $88,000,000 and $120,000,000, respectively. This means simply that our balance of trade is shrinking, as it was bound to do following the forced shipments at the close of last year and early this year to pay for imported gold. The Secretary of the Treasury within a little more than two months must care for $64,000,000 of the maturing Spanish-American war loan, and further recalls of Government deposits will undoubtedly be made. If, however, dull business continues to drive money into the banks the effect upon the exchange position of such withdrawals will be purely negative.

RISING MARKETS IN LONDON.

All Stocks Advance, Americans Leading—Brokers Are Cheerful.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 17.—There was a marked improvement in the Stock Exchange business last week. It extended to all branches, but the leader in the upward movement was again the American market. The rise was not confined to a few descriptions, but extended practically over the whole list.

Starting with a bang Monday, the Yankee movement continued almost uninterruptedly through the week, and yesterday wound up in the Street with a pyrotechnic display in which Unions went above 150, the figure at which Harriman is reported to have said he would put them.

Remarkably easy money undoubtedly was at the bottom of the improvement, though Americans were probably influenced less by this factor than were other descriptions. Brokers at last are taking a cheerful view of affairs. Orders from the outside public have come in in satisfactory numbers, and opinion prevails that easy money will presently lead to a reduction in the Bank rate. It is unlikely, however, that the Bank rate will be lowered until there is a cessation of the demand for gold from Paris, the persistency of which is causing much astonishment.

At the beginning of the week Paris bought all the gold available in the open market, and secured a further amount Friday, although the rate of discount across the Channel had fallen to near the London level.

BERLIN BOERSE BUOYANT.

Business Brightens and Stocks Generally Advanced—Industrials Heavy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 17.—Continued easing up in the international money market last week caused a marked buoyancy on the Berlin Boerse. The rise in British consols breathed new life into not only the German Government securities, but also all the other foreign obligations, and they closed substantially higher. Failure of the Bank of England to make a reduction in its rate caused temporary stagnation; but the market recovered on conviction that the reduction would not long be delayed.

The situation here continues to be affected by fear of a further industrial depression. This fear has been encouraged by the announcement that a leading official of the American Steel Trust is en route to Europe intending to arrange for wholesale dumping operations. This report, combined with knowledge that the shipments of the German trust had decreased, caused free offerings last week of iron and steel issues, but most of these stocks closed slightly higher for the week.

Skepticism with respect to the upward movement of the American market continued, but business was somewhat livelier in Americans after the report came that the Harriman roads will adhere to their dividend policy. Baltimore & Ohio issues had a genuine boom, closing four points higher.

IMPROVEMENT IN PARIS.

French Financiers Taking a Favorable View of American Conditions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 17.—There was further improvement on the Bourse last week, the predominating influence being the continued good news from America. The bear clique, which had not ceased to predict fresh declines in American prices, found itself heavily engaged just before the fortnightly settlement and driven to seek protection by heavy purchases.

Wall Street, more than ever, is now the cynosure of all eyes. It was there the world's financial crisis began; it is there the French financiers expect to see the first signs of universal recovery.

The belief is spreading that the present improvement in America is genuine and of a permanent character.

THE STEEL TRADE POSITION.

Pig Iron Market Demoralization Laid to Talked of Price Reductions.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 16.—The pig iron market continues in a disturbed condition, due entirely to the plan of a large interest several weeks ago to drop the price of Southern iron to a basis of $10 or $10.50, Birmingham, for No. 2 foundry. A strong effort was made to bring other large Southern interests into the project for clearing up the surplus stocks, but it failed. The attempt to establish this low basis was made late in April, and was first announced in The Industrial World. The report spread rapidly throughout the country, and appeared in a garbled form in some publications. Denials were promptly made by one or two large producing concerns that had refused to enter into the project. While the large interest that had taken the initiative did not continue to carry out its plan, and the matter was dropped, the suggestion had a serious effect. As a result many consumers have deferred placing their orders in the hope that the plan may yet be realized. It is stated on authority that the pig iron prices will not drop to the level mentioned, and at the close of the week there was doubt that existing rates would be cut at all. The Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company, one of the most important producers in the South, announces that it will not sell at less than $11.50, Birmingham, and that price can only be obtained on a large tonnage. Some small producers may shade current quotations, but their output is not sufficiently large to affect conditions.

In the North the market is very irregular, and but little buying is noted in any of the important centres. The foundry market has strengthened somewhat, but all other grades are extremely weak. One sale of fifty tons of No. 2 foundry was made during the week at $14.60, or 10 cents a ton above the prevous week's quotation. Several other sales were made at the regular rate, and it is stated that $14.50, Valley furnaces, is the minimum on No. 2 foundry.

Bessemer iron is still quoted at $16 at furnace, but according to reports several small sales have been made at a lower rate. Basic iron, which appeared to be firm a week ago at $15.50, Valley furnaces, has declined to $15, and some producers are freely offering it at that price. A sale of 200 tons at $15 is recorded. The Clinton furnace, Pittsburg, is still operating and piling up its iron. At the close of the week it was estimated that fully 5,000 tons had been accumulated. It is understood the iron is being held in expectation of a better demand soon after the opening of the second half. The Midland furnace, near Beaver, Penn., which had been scheduled to close several times during the past two months, is still in operation, the product being basic iron.

Production in the Valleys was increased last week by the starting of the Struthers furnace. It is making basic iron. Six other furnaces of the nineteen merchant furnaces in the two valleys are going. The big stocks on the yards of the Valley furnaces were reduced by about 5,000 tons during the week, which was taken out on old orders.

Ferro-manganese has advanced, and the lowest quotation last week was $45, and some sales for future delivery are reported to have been closed at $45.50, Pittsburg.

The coke trade continues dull, but prices do not show any further weakness, furnace coke for spot shipment bringing $1.55, and on contract the price ranges from $1.70 to $1.80. Foundry coke ranges from $2 to $2.25 a ton at the ovens. The International Harvester Company is in the market for 7,000 to 8,000 tons monthly, deliveries to extend over the last half of the year. The H. C. Frick Coke Company started 600 idle ovens last week, and is preparing to put 500 more in operation.

There is no material change in the market for finished steel products. A number of small orders have accumulated which warranted the starting of the Carnegie Steel Company's upper and lower mills in Pittsburg, and the structural department at the Homestead works was put in full operation. The plants of the Carter Iron and Steel Company and the Singer works of the Crucible Steel Company of America resumed operations on May 11.

The Amalgamated Association, in convention at Youngstown, has decided to make no demands for advances in any of the branches. Action taken at the close of the week arranged scales by districts and admitted colored iron workers to membership in the association.

The bi-monthly settlements under the Amalgamated Association's sliding scale were made during the week. There was no change in the iron scale, the average for March and April remaining at 1.45 cents for bar iron. The puddlers will continue to receive 6.12½ a ton for May and June, when the present scale expires.

The tin plate average was reduced to the base and the union tin plate workers suffer a reduction of 2 per cent. The sheet scale remains at the base.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Big Gains in Production at the Lake and in Arizona.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 16.—The April output of the Lake Superior district was a little above 20,000,000 pounds of refined copper, bringing $2,600,000 gross value. The opening of navigation found some 14,000,000 pounds on the docks.

Tamarack mines are now back to normal production—2,000,000 pounds of rock daily. Michigan mine broke all records for production in April, and Ahmeek has this month increased rock shipments 33 per cent. Mass Consolidated, in Ontonagon County, produced 145 tons of copper in the month, in which fact some pride is taken.

The industry, which is thus shown to be active in the lake country, is no less flourishing in Arizona. Ore shipments from Bisbee to the smelters at Douglas are heavy—about 4,500 tons daily. Copper Queen's new 500-ton furnace is about ready to be blown in, and then one of the smaller furnaces will be enlarged so as to increase the tonnage. A second furnace for the Southern Arizona Smelting Company is under construction and will blow in in June, giving the Imperial Copper Company 700 tons daily capacity. Old Dominion, which is now operating five blast furnaces, is erecting a fifth.

Activity in Atlantic stock is based, doubtless, upon the bottoming of Section 16 shaft on the Baltic lode, and drifting on the lower levels is confidently expected to find first-class copper ground. Quincy has no copper on hand, and is sold ahead through June at around 13 cents.

The management of Boston & Corbin is greatly encouraged by developments thus far, but will reach a further depth of at least 200 feet before erecting a concentrator. Rich ore bodies are indicated by the work already done.

Assays prove the richness of the strike in the Day mine of Nevada-Utah. The gross value per ton is said to be $11. A smelter contract is being negotiated.

An immense body of ore is reported on the 1,000-foot level of Butte & Superior, assaying 40 ounces silver, 41 per cent. zinc, $2 gold, and 3 per cent. copper.

General Manager Mathewson of the Washoe smelter declares that no smelter or mine in the country can compare with the present copper costs of Amalgamated. The statement is made that the figure is slightly under 9 cents.

A large vein of 2 per cent. copper has been cut on the 1,100-foot level of Raven.

THE GOLD OUTFLOW.

Last Week's Engagements Bring Total Up to $23,100,000.

An added element of interest in last week's gold engagements was the shipment of part of the gold direct to Berlin. Last week's engagement, including some gold reserved for shipment by to-morrow's steamer, amounted to $11,600,000, which brought the total gold exports on this movement up to $23,100,000, exclusive of about $2,500,000 gold coin shipped to Canada. Last week's engagements in detail were:

Previously reported	$11,500,000
WEDNESDAY, MAY 13.	
National City Bank	2,500,000
Lazard Freres	1,500,000
Goldman, Sachs & Co	1,000,000
National Bank of Commerce	750,000
FRIDAY, MAY 15.	
National City Bank	2,000,000
Heidlebach, Ickelheimer & Co	1,500,000
SATURDAY, MAY 16.	
National City Bank	2,000,000
Russo-Chinese Bank	350,000
Total	$23,100,000

Some of the gold which went out during the first part of the movement found its way to Berlin, according to advices which reached this side, but it was not until last week that direct shipments to Germany were begun.

BERLIN IS ASTONISHED.

Startled by News That $3,000,000 in Gold Is Coming from New York.

BERLIN, May 17.—News that $3,000,000 in gold has been engaged in New York for Germany causes some astonishment here, because the price of exchange makes it impossible for Berlin bankers to import American gold at a profit; the statement cabled from the United States that part of the gold engaged this week for Paris is for the German account meets with a decided denial from Berlin financiers.

Some gold, probably about $1,250,000, arrived at the German Imperial Bank this week from Australia, and $3,500,000 more is engaged for shipment next week. Doubt is expressed among the representatives of the German financial institutions whether the imports of American gold will continue, owing to the present level of exchange, which is likely to rise through the gold imports. All the leading exchange rates were advanced yesterday for this cause.

As gold imports from New York are unprofitable at the present level of exchange, it is assumed that the German Imperial Bank is advancing money to bankers, interest free, in order to effect operations. Another ground for expecting the gold arrivals to remain small is that the German money market is growing easier. It is believed that the German Imperial Bank soon will reduce the discount rate, especially if the Bank of England makes a reduction.

The Boerse regards the gold movement in Wall Street with considerable distrust in view of the reduced earnings of American railways and declining iron prices. The financial press predicts an early reaction.

NORTHWEST HAS HIGH HOPES.

Crop Conditions Best in Ten Years—Settlers Breaking New Land.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 16.—Crop conditions in the Northwest are far better than in any season in the last ten years. Spring wheat is well above ground, and the small area of Winter wheat is coming along with great promise. The weather has been reasonably favorable for planting in Minnesota and the Dakotas—much the same conditions prevail as in 1899, when the wheat crop was almost totally destroyed by drought. But drought would have no terrors now, as the farmers have drifted away from the exclusive cultivation of wheat and are engaged in diversified farming and dairying as far north as the Canadian border. The wheat area will be smaller than last year, but the corn, barley and flax acreage will be larger. Flax is the crop of the homesteader on new breaking, and as 320,000 acres in the two Dakotas will be brought under the plow for the first time this season, it is reasonable to assume that the crop will be a large one, though the yield per acre may be smaller than it would be on cultivated land.

The season has been thirty days earlier than the average, and there has been an absence of floods in the Red River Valley, which for several years hitherto have compelled the farmers to eliminate small grain and raise stock food crops. There is also less moisture on the prairies, and farmers have been able to work since the snow disappeared. In South Dakota and Southern Minnesota corn planting has been completed twenty days earlier than last year. This means, under normal conditions, the crop will escape frost and mature. The hot weather of July, which is expected, will push corn along, although it may put a crimp in wheat. One crop will compensate for the loss of the other.

The rapid building of railroads through the Dakotas this year is bringing thousands of new settlers from the Eastern States, and they are either buying or homesteading. The Iowa Immigration Department estimates that 22 per cent. of the farmers of that State have moved west to the Dakotas, Canada, or Oregon during the past two years, having sold their land at $50 to $75 per acre and invested in land at $10 to $20 an acre, which is more than twice as productive as their Iowa land. Northern Minnesota land is also becoming very attractive, for the reason that this section is generally covered with hard wood, supplying timber for barns and houses, fences and fuel. To these advantages are added the favorable terms of purchase. The State of Minnesota has several millions of acres of land of which sections are auctioned off twice a year. The prices range from $5 to $20 an acre, one-fifth the purchase price to be paid down, the balance on forty years' time at 4 per cent. interest. This means that 100 acres sold at $500 requires the payment of $100 down, and all the purchaser has to pay thereafter for forty years is the $16 annual interest. Many of these locations are upon lakes, where the purchaser may earn the price of the land in one season by accommodating tourists who are seeking recreation and fishing.

In Northern Wisconsin the situation is similar. Settlers are flocking to the lands vacated by the lumberman. The soil is very prolific, and thousands of sheep, goats, and cattle are being fed on the "cut over" lands—that is, land from which the pine trees have been taken. Potatoes are a big crop here, yielding as high as 400 bushels per acre. In Northern Wisconsin onions, potatoes, and sugar beets are offering big returns.

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EARNINGS:

YEAR ENDING	March 31, 1904	March 31, 1905	December 31, 1906	December, 31, 1907
Gross Earnings,	$352,994.29	$397,652.04	$1,332,533.81	$1,281,055.01
Operating Expenses,	344,395.97	416,412.95	633,440.63	531,815.83
Net Earnings,	$308,598.32	$331,239.09	$ 699,093.18	$ 749,239.18
Interest,	177,931.17	209,103.44	339,431.42	336,096.63
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

SALES OF STOCKS FOR WEEK ENDED MAY 16, 1908.
TOTAL SALES, 5,709,448 SHARES.

Range for Year 1907. High.	Low.	Range for Year 1908. High. Date.	Low. Date.	Closing Saturday, May 16. Bid.	Ask	Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent.	Period.	Range for Week Ended May 16. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended May 16, '08.
315	150	167 Feb. 19.	164 Jan. 2.	168	180	..	**Adams Express Co.**	100	$12,000,000	Dec. 1, '07.	4	SA	168	168	168	168	..	20
167⅝	4	9⅞ May 16.	5 Mar. 6.	9¼	9⅞	+ ⅞	Allis-Chalmers Co.	100	19,820,000				8⅞	9⅞	8¼	9¼	11⅞	4,215
42⅜	14	24¾ May 16.	14 Mar. 6.	24¾	25	+ 2⅞	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,150,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	Q	22⅞	24¾	21⅞	24¾	30⅛	6,125
121¼	41¾	68¾ May 15.	45½ Feb. 19.	68⅛	68¼	+ 5⅜	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,287,900	Feb. 28, '08.	½	Q	62½	68¾	62⅜	68½	94¼	395,085
25⅝	10	22 May 14.	13 Jan. 4.	20⅝	20⅞	+ ¾	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100				20	22	20	20⅜	19	8,400
95	75	86 Apr. 23.	78½ Jan. 4.	84	86	..	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	18,382,000	Apr. 15, '08.	3	SA	85	85	85	85	85	246
23½	7¾	24⅞ Apr. 23.	9½ Feb. 10.	22¼	22½	+ 1	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	15,000,000				21	22½	21	22½	14	9,920
80	75	78 Apr. 29.	65 Jan. 17.	75	81	..	American Can Co.	100	4,000,000	Apr. 1, '08.	1½	Q	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	..	100
7½	3	5½ Jan. 11.	4 Feb. 20.	5	5¼	+ ⅛	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300				51	51⅝	51	51⅝	51½	1,400
60½	34	56⅝ May 13.	44 Jan. 4.	56	56⅝	+ 1¼	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	41,233,300	Apr. 1, '08.	1¼	QQQ	54⅞	56¾	54⅞	56¾	54½	3,500
45¼	24⅜	38⅛ May 15.	25½ Feb. 13.	37¾	38	+ ⅞	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '08.	1	Q	36¾	38¾	36½	37¾	37	13,600
103	78	98 May 8.	84⅛ Mar. 4.	96½	97¼	+ 1½	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '08.	1⅝	Q	97	97	96½	96½	100	200
36½	21	34⅝ Jan. 14.	24⅜ Feb. 19.	30⅝	31	+ 2	American Coton Oil Co. pf.	100	20,237,100	Mar. 2, '08.	4	A	28⅜	31½	28¾	30¾	30⅝	18,700
90	70	*85 Mar. 6.	*80 Jan. 16.	80	90	..	American Express Co.	100	10,198,000	Dec. 1, '07.	3	SA	83½	83½	83½	83½	..	10
247	175	200 Jan. 9.	179¾ Mar. 9.	185	205	..	American Grass Twine Co.	100	15,000,000	Apr. 1, '08.	3	Q	200	200	200	200	..	10
8¼	3	9½ Apr. 14.	⅜ Jan. 8.	7½	8	..	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	15,000,000	Jan. 2, '03.	¼	..	8¾	8¾	8	8	6	305
6¼	2½	4½ Apr. 14.	2¾ Feb. 26.	3⅞	4	..	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	11,274,100				4	4	3¾	4		800
30½	10	20½ May 11.	12½ Mar. 4.	19	19½	+ ¼	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	20	20½	19	20	20	1,625
88	81⅝	28 May 15.	12½ Feb. 8.	27¼	27⅝	+ 4½	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,037,700	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	23⅞	28	23⅝	27⅝	71⅜	24,835
19¼	6⅝	12 May 14.	5⅞ Mar. 6.	11	11¾	+ 1⅞	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000				.9	12	9	11⅞	14¼	4,150
36	16½	26½ May 14.	17 Mar. 5.	24	26	+ 2½	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	22½	26½	22½	25½	26	1,800
75⅜	32¼	52⅜ May 7.	31⅞ Feb. 25.	50½	50⅞	— 1	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Feb. 28, '08.	1½	Q	50⅜	51¼	49⅝	50⅞	61	19,480
111⅛	83	103½ May 12.	85½ Jan. 3.	102½	103½	+ ¼	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Apr. 21, '08.	1¾	Q	103½	103½	103	103	..	300
5¼	2½	6¾ Mar. 21.	3 Mar. 2.	5½	6	+ ¼	American Malt. Corp.	100	4,888,500				5⅝	6	5	5⅝	..	700
40	17	34½ Mar. 27.	21 Jan. 7.	32	34	+ 3⅜	American Malt. Corp. pf.	100	8,180,100				32	33	30	33	..	2,200
155	58¼	79¼ Jan. 15.	55½ Feb. 17.	77	77½	+ 3½	American Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 15, '08.	1	QQQ	73½	78	73½	77	128½	198,000
117⅝	81¾	100 May 12.	87¾ Feb. 20.	99¼	99¾	+ 1½	American Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 1, '08.	1¾	Q	98	100	98	99½	107¼	5,725
93⅛	60	87⅛ May 15.	70 Jan. 17.	81	82	+ 1⅜	American Steel Foundries Co.	100	30,000,000	Mar. 2, '08.	1¼	QQQ	80	81½	80	81½	93	930
10⅝	4⅝	7 Jan. 16.	4½ Feb. 14.	6⅞	7⅛	..	American Steel Found. Co., tr. rcts.	100	15,810,000				6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	7	150
47½	20	6⅜ Apr. 22.	4½ Feb. 18.	6½	7	..	American Steel Found. Co. pf.	100	13,822,700				6½	6⅝	6¼	6½	..	400
137½	..	35 May 12.	20⅛ Feb. 14.	34	38	+ 3¼	American Steel Found. Co. pf.	100	17,240,000				35	35	34¼	34¼	38	200
131	106	347⅝ May 14.	27⅜ Feb. 15.	34	35	+ 2	American Steelfoundries Co. pf.	100	15,203,000				32¼	34⅞	32	34	25	1,700
133	88	131⅞ May 15.	98¼ Jan. 2.	131¼	131½	+ 3½	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 2, '08.	1¾	QQQ	128½	131⅞	128	131⅜	125⅞	32,300
98¼	60	125¼ May 15.	105 Feb. 18.	126	130	+ 3½	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 2, '08.	1¾	QQQ	123	125¼	123	125¼	124½	388
133	88	120 Apr. 24.	101 Jan. 6.	117⅛	118	— ½	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	180,581,600	Apr. 15, '08.	2	QQQ	118	118	117	117¼	..	1,450
98¼	60	92¼ May 11.	72½ Jan. 2.	92	92⅜	+ 1	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	Apr. 1, '08.	1½	QQQ	92	92½	90	92¼	92¼	1,700
36¼	12⅞	22¾ May 14.	15½ Feb. 17.	22¼	22½	+ 2	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000				21	22¾	21	22¼	28¾	4,600
102⅞	68	80 May 16.	78¾ Feb. 19.	88	90	+ 4¾	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	35,000,000	Apr. 15, '08.	1¾	QQQ	85¾	89	85½	89	92½	822
75⅝	25⅛	45⅝ May 15.	27½ Feb. 19.	45¼	45½	+ 6⅝	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	30,000,000	Apr. 15, '08.	50c	QQQ	38⅝	45⅝	38½	45⅝	62¼	104,045
108¼	66⅜	84 May 16.	66 Feb. 14.	83⅝	83⅞	+ 1⅞	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé.	100	103,001,000	Dec. 2, '07.	3	SA	81⅞	84	81	83⅝	88⅝	69,315
101⅝	78	92⅜ May 15.	83⅜ Feb. 17.	92¼	92⅞	+ 2¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '08.	2½	Q	92¼	92⅝	91	92⅝	94	1,340
122	75⅜	93¾ May 15.	76½ Feb. 10.	93	93¼	+ 4⅝	Atlantic Coast Line	100	47,537,600	Jan.10,'08.	**	SA	87	92¼	87	92½	100¼	4,850
9⅛	3	5 Mar. 26.	2½ Jan. 23.	3⅜	3⅝	— ⅛	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,175,800	Mar. 2, '08.	3	SA	89	93⅜	89	93½	96¼	46,475
20½	8	16⅜ May 15.	12 Jan. 13.	15	17¼	— ½	Batopilas Mining	20	8,929,920	Dec.31,'07.	12½c	..	3¾	3¾	3½	3½	9	3,850
65	23	44 May 15.	33 Apr. 8.	40	42	+ ¾	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	14,862,000				15	16¾	15	15	..	3,000
83¾	26¾	52½ May 16.	37¼ Feb. 10.	51⅜	51⅞	+ 4	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	41	44	40	40¾	..	3,200
14½	6	11⅜ May 14.	6 Jan. 5.	10⅞	12	+ 1⅞	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000				48⅝	52¼	47⅝	52	53¼	140,205
49½	27	23 Apr. 13.	12¼ Feb. 10.	22½	23½	+ 2	Brunswick Dock & City Imp. Co.	100	5,000,000				9⅝	11⅝	9⅝	11⅝	..	1,300
65½	52	63⅛ May 11.	54 Mar. 4.	62	63	+ 2¼	Butterick Co.	100	12,000,000	Sept. 3, '07.	1	..	19	23	18	23	37½	2,005
195½	138	160⅞ May 14.	140 Feb. 17.	159	159¼	+ 1	**Canada Southern**	100	15,000,000	Feb. 1, '08.	1¼	SA	61	63½	61	62¼	..	500
..	..	156½ May 14.	136 Feb. 19.	154½	156	+ 3	Canadian Pacific	100	121,680,000	Apr. 1, '08.	3½	SA	158	160⅞	158	159	173	41,395
40	11⅞	27½ May 11.	15½ Feb. 10.	27	27¼	..	Canadian Pacific ctfs., 40 p. c. paid.	100					156½	156½	156½	156½	..	180
102	68	35½ May 11.	75¾ Jan. 2.	94½	95	..	Central Leather Co.	100	38,409,800				27¼	27½	26½	27	26½	12,755
220	144	188 May 15.	160 Feb. 11.	185	190	+ 4½	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	31,061,500	Apr. 1, '08.	1¾	Q	95½	95½	94½	94¾	96	1,441
138½	104½	*105 May 13.	*100 Apr. 9.	100	110	..	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	May 1, '08.	2	Q	185	188	185	188	183	500
56	23½	46¼ May 11.	25½ Feb. 19.	44⅜	44½	— 1½	Central & South Amer. Telegraph.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 9, '08.	1½	Q	105	105	105	105	36	50
27½	8⅞	23⅛ May 6.	10 Feb. 13.	21⅞	22⅜	— ⅛	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Dec. 12, '07.	1	A	44	46¼	42⅝	44½	36	150,995
69	48	60 May 6.	47 Mar. 24.	58	60	— ⅛	Chicago & Alton.	100	18,638,500				22⅜	22⅞	21¾	22¼	12	4,100
18	6⅞	8½ Jan. 3.	3½ Feb. 8.	6¼	6⅝	+ 1⅛	Chicago & Alton pf.	100	19,483,800	Jan. 2, '08.	2	SA	59½	60¾	59½	59½	..	100
71¾	21	31 Jan. 6.	15½ Feb. 15.	22	23	+ 1½	Chicago Great Western	100	44,465,100				5	6⅝	5	6⅝	11	15,700
26⅛	8¼	10 Jan. 6.	5 Feb. 10.	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅛	Chicago Great Western pf. A.	100	11,372,400	Apr. 1, '07.	2½	..	20½	20½	20½	20½	48¼	150
79	46	50 May 16.	33½ Mar. 19.	50	55	+ 1¼	Chicago Great Western pf. B.	100	23,070,700				7½	8⅝	7½	8¼	15¾	2,300
137¼	93½	136⅜ May 16.	103½ Jan. 2.	135⅝	135¾	+ ⅞	Chicago Great Western deb.	100	28,127,000	July 15, '07.	2	..	50	50	50	50	..	100
165½	130	153 May 8.	138 Jan. 3.	153	154	..	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.	100	83,107,100	Apr. 20, '08.	3½	SA	134⅜	136⅛	132¼	135⅝	129¼	157,610
141	85	125⅞ May 16.	98¼ Jan. 3.	125½	126¼	+ ½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	49,976,400	Apr. 20, '08.	3½	SA	153	153	151	153	156	910
149	111	145⅛ May 16.	125⅜ Jan. 2.	145½	145¾	+ ½	C., M. & S. P. in. ctfs., 45 p. c. pd.						124⅛	125⅞	123⅞	125¾	112½	4,596
205	126	153½ May 16.	135⅛ Jan. 2.	155	155¼	+ ⅝	C., M. & S. P. pf. in. cfs., 45 pc. pd.						143½	145½	143⅜	143½	134	7,045
234	185	204 May 13.	195 Jan. 2.	202	210	+ 9	Chicago & Northwestern	100	99,591,900	Jan. 2, '08.	3½	SA	154⅜	155½	152½	155⅜	150½	19,602
170	106	134½ May 15.	114 Feb. 25.	133	135	+ 4	Chicago & Northwestern pf.	100	22,395,100	Apr. 1, '08.	2	Q	200	204	200	204	133	625
165	137½	165 May 15.	140½ Jan. 3.	160	165	+10	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha.	100	18,556,200	Feb. 20, '08.	3½	SA	130	134½	130	134		545
..	..	3 Apr. 13.	1 Mar. 31.	..	..	..	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha pf.	100	11,256,800	Feb. 20, '08.	3½	SA	160	165	160	165	8	400
..	..	3⅜ May 14.	3 May 2.	3½	3⅝	— ⅛	Chicago Union Traction tr. rcts.	100	16,742,400				2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	..	2,900
92⅞	48	62 Jan. 15.	48½ Feb. 19.	50½	60	+ 2½	Chicago Union Tr. tr. rcts. stamped.	100	16,203,700				3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	..	2,900
57⅞	14	29⅞ May 14.	15⅝ Feb. 19.	28½	28¾	+ 1	Chi. Union Tr. pf. tr. rcts., stamped.	100	16,715,400				12½	14⅜	12½	14	..	5,470
85½	31	50 May 11.	35 Feb. 11.	28½	28¾	+ 1	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis.	100	47,656,300	Mar. 2, '08.	1	SA	60	60½	58⅞	59⅜	69	1,100
38⅞	17	33 May 14.	21 May 4.	40	60	+ 5	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	84,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	28	29⅞	27¼	28⅝	31½	45,300
69½	41	60⅜ Apr. 23.	50⅜ Jan. 2.	59¼	60	+ 1⅜	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	1,709,000	Feb. 20, '03.	4	..	50	50	50	50	..	100
58½	20½	51½ Apr. 25.	39⅜ Feb. 19.	49	52	+ 4½	Colorado Southern	100	31,000,000				30⅜	33	30¼	32⅜	24⅜	29,645
21⅝	7	23¼ May 16.	14⅜ Mar. 6.	22¼	23	+ 3⅜	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '08.	2	SA	59⅝	60	58⅝	59⅝	..	2,650
140¼	74	123 Apr. 28.	96 Jan. 3.	102½	103½	+ ¼	Colorado Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '08.	2	SA	50⅜	51¼	50	51	46	2,300
24⅜	8	18¼ May 13.	10¾ Feb. 10.	17⅛	17¼	+ ¼	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron.	100	6,928,000	Mar. 1, '04.	¼	Q	19½	23¼	19	22⅞	24⅝	12,690
88	46	72⅝ May 16.	56 Jan. 2.	72	73	+ 3½	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	80,150,500	Mar. 18, '08.	1	Q	121	128	120¼	121½	121⅞	8,950
227½	123	168 Jan. 10.	141½ Jan. 10.	142	143	+ 2½	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,514,900				15⅝	18¼	15⅝	17⅛	18⅞	17,620
510	360½	540 May 8.	420 Jan. 2.	520	540	+ 3⅜	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,745,800	Ap. 10, '08.	½	Q	6	6	5	5⅝	..	700
42⅞	16	27 May 15.	14¼ Jan. 6.	25	26	+ 1½	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,400,000	Mar. 16, '08.	2¼	Q	69⅞	72¾	69¼	72½	75	2,800
83	53	65 May 15.	39¼ Jan. 2.	64½	65⅞	+ 4⅝	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western.	50	26,200,000	Apr. 20, '08.	2½	Q	164½	165	162½	164½	176	6,950
18	5¼	11¾ May 14.	5 Mar. 11.	7½	12	+ 1⅜	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000				54	540	540	540	468	200
78	25	36⅝ May 14.	27¼ Feb. 19.	35⅞	36	+ 1⅝	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	45,754,400	Jan. 15, '08.	2½	SA	25¼	27	25	26¾	28½	5,407
19½	6¼	16¾ Apr. 23.	6 Feb. 19.	15⅞	16	+ 2½	Des Moines & Fort Dodge.	100	4,283,100				11	11¾	11	11¾	22	2,082
39	10	26 Apr. 24.	11⅞ Feb. 11.	13½	14	..	Distillers' Securities Corporation.	100	80,726,000	Apr. 30, '08.	½	Q	33⅞	36⅝	33½	36	67½	500
44¾	12¼	21 May 16.	12 Feb. 13.	23	24	..	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.	100	12,000,000				13½	14	13½	14	12	26,898
75⅞	28	88¾ May 16.	24⅜ Mar. 6.	26⅜	26⅝	+ ½	Duluth, South Sh. & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000				24½	24⅝	22⅝	24	22½	980
67	20	27⅝ May 16.	16 Mar. 6.	23⅝	24	+ 2⅜	**Erie**	100	112,378,900				22¼	23¼	20	20⅜	23⅝	800
		62½ May 16.	27⅞ Feb. 14.	38	38⅜	+ 1½	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 28, '07.	2	SA	38⅜	38⅝	36	38⅝	55	13,623
47	17	76½ May 14.	59 Feb. 10.	71	77	+ 3½	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	SA	76½	77	69	69¾	39¼	6,100
163	80½	139¾ May 16.	111 Jan. 2.	138½	139¼	+ 2¾	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf.**	100	12,000,000	Nov. 1, '07.	4	SA	62	62½	60	62½	..	2,200
152	60	98¾ Mar. 30.	78¾ Jan. 2.	92½	95	+ 2	**General Electric Co.**	100	65,167,400	Mar. 16, '08.	2	Q	72½	73½	72½	73½	..	1,100
189¾	107½	132⅞ May 16.	113¾ Feb. 10.	132½	132⅝	+ 1⅝	Granby Con. Min. Smelt. & Power.	100	13,477,900	Apr. 15, '08.	2	Q	137	137¾	135¼	135¾	142	8,340
85	37	61 May 16.	48¾ Jan. 2.	60½	60⅝	+ ⅛	Great Northern pf.	100	2,490,000	Sept. 30, '07.	$3	Q	92	92	92	92	132¾	200
86½	72	86 May 16.	70 May 6.	70	79⅞	+ 1⅝	Gt. Northern ctfs. for ore prop.	100	193,600,800	May 1, '08.	1¾	Q	130½	132⅞	128⅞	132½	130¾	141,045
114	63	90 May 14.	62 Feb. 10.	89¾	92	+ 6	**Havana Electric Ry. pf.**	100		Mar.16, '08.	$1½	Q	59¼	61	59	60½	57	39,250
94	64	85 May 14.	69 Mar. 19.	82	90	+10	Hocking Valley rt. rcts.	100	3,214,800	Jan. 13, '08.	2	SA	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾	..	100
75	54	75 May 15.	67 Feb. 19.	74	75	..	Hocking Valley pf.	100	15,000,000	Jan. 13, '08.	2	SA	87	90	87	90	..	400
172	116	141 May 16.	122¼ Jan. 4.	140¾	141	+ 5	**Illinois Central**	100	21,840,000	Apr. 25, '08.	50c	M	85	85	85	85	..	200
39	4⅞	12 May 14.	6⅝ Feb. 19.	11⅝	11⅞	+ 1⅛	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	95,040,000	Mar. 2, '08.	3½	SA	75	75	75	75	..	270
75½	14	32¼ May 14.	17⅝ Feb. 19.	31	31⅜	+ 2⅜	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	93,262,100				135¼	141	135¼	141	140	17,860
18½	7½	12¼ Jan. 18.	8 Apr. 1.	11	11½	+ ⅜	International Paper Co.	100	45,740,500	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	10¼	12	10¼	11	10¾	17,980
81	51	65 Jan. 16.	52 Jan. 2.	59	60	+ 4¼	International Paper Co. pf.	100	17,442,900				29	32¼	28¾	31⅜	19¾	29,155
41	8	26 Mar. 23.	13 Jan. 2.	23	23½	+ 1½	International Steam Pump Co.	100	22,539,700	Apr. 15, '08.	1	Q	10½	11½	10¼	11	13½	39,845
81	50	74⅜ May 11.	65 Jan. 10.	72	73½	+ 2	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	Q	55½	59¾	55½	59¾	73	5,250
29	9½	17 May 16.	10 Feb. 19.	15	17	+ 1¼	Iowa Central	100	11,350,000	May 1, '08.	1½	Q	24⅝	24⅝	22⅜	23	24	4,125
51	29	38⅜ Apr. 27.	27¼ Feb. 19.	35	35½	+ 1¼	Iowa Central pf.	100	8,524,400				72	74⅜	71¼	72½	..	2,800
80	60	70 Jan. 13.	59⅞ Feb. 19.	63	66	..	**Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. pf.**	100	5,673,300	May 1, '00.	1½	..	17	17	15¼	17	18⅞	12,800
30⅜	18	26 May 13.	18 Feb. 19.	25	26	+ ⅛	Kansas City Southern.	100	13,510,000	Apr. 1, '08.	1	Q	34½	35½	34½	35⅛	41¾	8,785
61⅜	45	57¾ May 14.	46 Feb. 19.	56½	57	+ 1⅝	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	30,000,000				65	66	65	66		200
*37½	*37½	25 Apr. 27.	20 Apr. 27.	20	30	..	Keokuk & Des Moines pf.	100	21,000,000	Apr. 1, '08.	1	Q	24⅞	26	24⅝	25	25¼	5,815
23¾	11	19¾ May 16.	12 Jan. 4.	19	20	+ 3⅝	**Lake Erie & Western**	100	1,524,600				56	57⅜	56	57	59⅜	5,805
67½

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TARIFF FIGHT WON, REVISIONISTS SAY

Henry E. Miles Says It's Time to End Our Role of Playing International Hog.

ATTACKS CHAIRMAN PAYNE

Chairman of Manufacturers' Tariff Committee Declares Congressmen Don't Want the Truth.

Henry E. Miles of Racine, Wis., Chairman of the Committee on Tariff and Reciprocity of the National Association of Manufacturers, arrived in this city last night from Washington, accompanied by James W. Van Cleave, President of the association, to attend the opening of the thirteenth annual convention of the association at the Waldorf-Astoria to-day. Both were greatly pleased at the result obtained on Saturday of their efforts for tariff revision in the passing by the Senate of a resolution calling for the immediate investigation of the different schedules by an expert commission with a view to obtaining the basis for an intelligent revision.

Mr. Miles, in talking with a TIMES reporter at the hotel last night, said that he believed that it is now only a question of time before there will be a thorough revision of the tariff schedules. "The time has come," he said, "for the United States to give up its rôle of international hog and adopt some of the intelligence of the other great commercial nations of the world. We are told that we are the greatest exporting Nation of the earth, but, as has been aptly said, we are nothing more nor less than a great stevedore carrying raw materials to the coast to be shipped somewhere else to be made into the finished product. The trouble has been that tariff revision has been delayed because the people have been mistrustful of the men behind the movement at different times. There have been those that have wanted revision for the benefit of some special interest, and those who have really wanted revision for the benefit of the country. The two factions have been confused. But the time has now come when every one realizes that something must be done to make our schedules more reasonable if we are ever going to be a great commercial Nation. The only question is when and how. I feel confident, however, that something will be done in the near future, and that the association has won a great victory."

Mr. Miles says that he believes the final result of the agitation will be the establishment of a permanent Tariff Commission of the nature of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, to investigate the grievances of any faction, and before whom any one can appear and have his say. "This is the only intelligent way to deal with the matter," said he, "and the only method by which we can get expeditious and satisfactory results. We must have something besides the arbitrary, cut and dried making of schedules by a House Committee which knows little or nothing about what it is dealing with."

Plain Talk for Chairman Payne.

"Nothing could more vividly illustrate this lack of a 'political intelligence' than the utterances of Chairman Payne made on the floor of the House, that there will be no action whatever on the part of the House or its committee until after the election, when there will be held a few 'hearings,' and then 'the majority members of the committee will excuse their Democratic friends from attendance upon committee meetings' and make another tariff, as a kitchen cabinet, in the old way. Only two members of that majority will have had any previous experience. Mr. Payne confesses that in the past it has been impossible by such methods to get information, and that they 'only compromised' with the people's interests.

"Our Congressmen are lawyers almost to a man. But when they touch the tariff the lawyer is lost in the politician. Lawyers know how to get information and to get at the truth. But such is the pressure they don't want the truth, and the whole truth. Read the volumes of tariff hearings and your heart will sink into your boots.

"It is no attenuation of statement to say that carelessness is rank dishonesty in matters of such importance. Only in that sense would we reflect upon Congress. As a great Senator said, 'What was right ten years ago is not right now.' The careless and loose ways which were, for the most part, offset and corrected in fact, by sharp competition within the country, may well be forgotten and forgiven, but insistence upon a continuance of those methods in the future is unthinkable, and with the present light cannot be tolerated.

"It is a great misfortune that men like Mr. Payne are allowed to call themselves Protectionists. They have been advanced by powerful interests not that the country may have protection, but that a sleeping and trustful public may be wronged by the misapplication of the principle and its gross abuse. In their fancied security and their insistence upon continued evil opportunity, these men are now in the position of the life insurance Presidents a few months ago, just before the public awakening, when they were cast up to general view, broken and despised, and those in Congress and out, who even by inaction contribute to the strength of Mr. Payne's position are particeps to a public wrong. They hurt Mr. Payne and his friends even more than the public, for the public is fast getting ready to care for itself in this matter without regard to constructionists, active or passave.

Determined on a Real Revision.

"American manufacturers, as protectionists, propose two things:

"First, enormously to increase our foreign trade by reciprocity treaties.

"Second, to free the tariff of its abuses so that whatever schedules they hereafter enjoy shall be so justified and approved by expert and scientific investigation that each rate shall be equivalent to a certificate of merit.

"Many schedules are and were when made unjust and unfair. Some have been taken advantage of by manufacturers, others have not, consequently there is not only injustice and confusion but mistrust. All of which is unfortunate and disapproved of by us as an association. There is neither sense nor justice in the situation. President Roosevelt and his advisers have for five years been for our proposition and encouraged it. Unquestionably we have had the sympathy of the Senate as now disclosed, and now the Senate, having followed its own better judgment, openly declares for our proposition and our principle, and engages to apply them with the assistance of experts."

The principal business at the opening sessions of the convention to-day will be the appointment of committees and addresses by the following: George J. Seabury on "Industrial and Commercial Problems"; Allen Ripley Foote, "American Protection for American Industries"; Alfred H. Post, "The Shipping Problem," and William H. Douglas, "Exporting." Public Service Commissioner McCarroll will address the convention on "Government by Commission" to-morrow afternoon. There will also be sessions on Wednesday and a dinner in the evening, at which the principal speakers will be ex-Congressman Littlefield, Wu Ting Fang, and Gov. Fort of New Jersey.

RESTRICTION ON BONDS.

Public Service Commission Won't Let Corporations Replace Money Expended

ALBANY, May 17.—In granting authority to the Lehigh & Hudson River Railway Company to issue only $270,000 bonds in its application for permission to issue $300,000, the Public Service Commission, Second District, decides that an issue of stock or bonds cannot be permitted for the purpose of reimbursing the treasury of the applicant for moneys previously taken from the treasury, although such moneys may have been expended for purposes which would have been the proper subjects of capitalization.

SEEK TO SELL STEEL CO.

Receivers of Passaic Concern Declare It Is Losing Money—Big Losses Feared

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, May 17.—Upon application of John R. Lee and William A. Arnold, receivers of the Passaic Steel Company, United States Judge William M. Lanning late last night made an order to show cause why the big plant in Paterson should not be sold for the benefit of creditors.

William B. Gourley, counsel for the receivers, in applying for the order, which is returnable May 25, said that the concern is losing money under the receivership, and the assets are rapidly shrinking in value. The assets are placed at $1,087,282.99 above liabilities, although the total loss for the four months the receivers have been in charge nets $54,157.45.

JOYS OF ARMY LIFE TO BE SHOWN IN WAX

Figures Depicting Regulars in Camp and Barracks Ordered for War Department.

GROUPS WILL BE LIFE SIZE

Soldiers at Mess, Playing Chess and Checkers, and in Their Permanent Quarters Among Subjects Selected.

The United States Army in wax is the latest novelty authorized by the War Department in Washington, and a certain New York concern, whose wax figures are talked about from ocean to ocean, has the contract and is now at work on it. These figures are, officially, called "artistic reproductions," and when the groups are completed every phase of the soldier's life will be shown in wax.

Major Gen. Aleshire, the Quartermaster General of the army, issued the order for the figures, the idea being to show in wax lifelike representations of the soldiers in the full enjoyment of camp, barrack, and field life. Some of these figures will be put in the corridors of the War Department, just in front of the office of Gen. Aleshire. Others will find a permanent resting place near the quarters of the Quartermaster Generals of departments.

Some of these groups will startle those that look upon them for the first time, the reproductions being so perfect that a person with poor eyesight will be likely to mistake them for living men. For instance, two of the martial figures will be seated in chairs, with a neat walnut table between them. On this table will be a checker board, and leaning over the board will be two soldiers intently figuring out the next move.

Another group will show cavalry men in the midst of a game of chess. This is to be the piece de resistance. The figures in this group are as perfect as the art of the wax artist can make them, and around the players, when the group is in position, will be their wax brothers in arms representing the three arms of the service all watching intently the supposed mental struggle between their martial brothers.

Still another group will represent a room in the soldiers' barracks, with pictures on the walls, while lounging about on cots or in chairs will be wax likenesses of young men in the army. Then the mess hall will be shown with the soldiers seated at the long table eating pork and beans. The Young Men's Christian Association, with its buildings, so many of which are features of army posts, the canteen, where the hardest thing procurable is sarsaparilla, the gymnasium, showing the soldiers doing record-breaking stunts, a scene in camp, and other attractive features of the life of the enlisted men will also be shown.

All the figures will soon be ready for shipment to Washington. Several of the groups have already been shipped, and officers who have seen them declare that they are excellent reproductions of the subjects represented.

The Phenix National Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
Corner Nassau & Liberty Sts.

Capital, Surplus, and Profits, $1,500,000

DIRECTORS.

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B. L. HASKINS, Cashier. — H. C. HOOLEY, Ass't. Cash.

Accounts of Banks, Firms and Individuals Solicited.

CHARTERED 1866.

Brooklyn Trust Company

177 Montague Street, 1205 Fulton Street } Brooklyn.
99 Broadway, (2 Wall St.) Manhattan.

Capital $1,000,000
Surplus (earned) $2,011,000

OFFICERS:

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Grenville M. Dodge, — Andrew Squire,
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George J. Gould, — John F. Truesdell,
Edwin Gould. — E. F. C. Young.

Capital $1,000,000. Surplus $500,000

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
7 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

The Outside Securities.

Par value of shares when other than $100 is inserted after the name of the stock.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 16, 1908. Bid.	Asked.
BANKS.						
Aetna Nat.....	$300,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 08	..	170
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 2, 08	500	..
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	May 1, 08	220	225
Bk. of Discount	100,000	..	..	.....	150	160
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	..	..	.....	118	125
Bowery	250,000	8	Q	May 1, 08	325	335
Bronx Borough	100,000	..	..	.....	200	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)...	300,000	8	S	Jan. 2, 08	150	155
Century	200,000	..	..	Oct. 1, 07	170	185
Chase National.	5,000,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 08	235	..
Chat'mNat.($25)	450,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 08	308	315
Chelsea Exch...	100,000	..	..	.....	200	..
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	May 1, 08	400	415
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	140	150
City (National)	25,000,000	5	S	May 1, 08	290	293
Coal & Iron Nat.	500,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	200	210
Colonial	100,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 08	700	..
Columbia	300,000	6	S	Jan. 2, 08	425	500
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 08	168	170
Consol'd Nat....	1,000,000	3	S	Jan 10, 08	110	120
Corn Exchange	3,000,000	4	Q	May 1, 08	300	310
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 08	135	145
††Fidelity	200,000	3	S	May 1, 08	165	175
Fifth Avenue...	100,000	25	Q	Apr. 1, 08	3700	..
Fifth National.	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 08	310	350
First National.	10,000,000	8	Q	Apr. 1, 08	640	..
Fourteenth St..	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 08	175	200
Fourth Nat.....	3,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 08	185	190
Gal'tin Nat.($50)	1,000,000	6	S	Apr. 6, 08	315	325
Garfield Nat....	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 08	300	325
Ger.-Am. ($75).	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 08	125	135
German Exch...	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 08	475	500
Germania	200,000	10	S	May 1, 08	500	..
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	May 1, 08	255	275
Hanover Nat....	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 08	475	500
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 08	505	520
Interboro	200,000	..	..	.....	..	145
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 07	..	125
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 08	175	185
Jefferson	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 08	170	180
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 08	440	450
Lincoln Nat....	1,000,000	2	Q	May 1, 08	475	525
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	18	S	Jan. 2, 08	275	285
Mar. & Ful.Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	240	..
Mechanics' Nat.	3,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 2, 08	220	225
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	16	S	July 2, 07	145	..
Merch. Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 2, 08	153	158
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 08	165	175
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	May 1, 08	380	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	160	165
Mount Morris..	250,000	4	S	May 1, 08	220	240
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 2, 08	260	270
Nassau ($50)...	500,000	4	S	May 1, 08	210	225
Nat. Cop. Bank	2,000,000	..	..	.....	190	200
N. Netherlands.	200,000	..	..	.....	200	220
N. Y. (B.A.)....	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 2, 08	280	290
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 2, 08	1300	..
N.Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15, 08	140	150
N't & Day B'k.	200,000	..	..	.....	..	325
Nineteenth W'd	300,000	2½	Q	Mar 31, 08	495	..
Northern	300,000	3	..	July 1, 07	..	160
Pacific ($50)....	500,000	12	Q	May 1, 08	230	245
Park National..	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 08	405	415
People's	200,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 08	300	325
PhenixNat.($20)	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 08	142	147
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 08	570	600
Riverside	100,000	..	..	Jan. 2, 07	200	..
Seaboard Nat...	1,000,000	8	S	Jan. 2, 08	340	350
Second Nat.....	1,000,000	6	S	Jan. 2, 08	350	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 08	325	335
23d Ward.....	100,000	8	S	Feb. 1, 08	190	..
Union Exch....	750,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 08	170	180
Wash. Heights.	100,000	..	..	.....	230	..
West Side.....	200,000	6	S	Jan. 2, 08	500	..
Yorkville	100,000	8	S	Dec 31, 07	400	425
TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES.						
Astor Trust....	$1,250,000	..	..	.....	275	295
Bankers' Trust.	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 08	435	460
B'd & Mtg.Guar	3,000,000	3	Q	Nov 15, 07	290	310
Bowling Green.	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 08	295	310
Broadway Tr..	700,000	3	S	Nov. 6, 07	120	130
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 08	400	415
Carnegie	1,000,000	..	..	.....	140	147
Central	1,000,000	15	Q	Apr. 1, 08	1500	..
Citizens'	500,000	..	..	.....	110	125
Columbia Trust	2,000,000	..	..	.....	200	220
Com'wealth Tr.	500,000	..	..	.....	100	125
Commercial	500,000	..	..	.....	150	160
Empire	500,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 08	340	350
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	3	Q	Jun 29, 07	375	425
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25).	1,000,000	10	Q	May 1, 08	1075	1105
Fidelity Trust..	750,000	..	..	.....	185	195
Fifth Avenue...	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 08	400	420
Flatbush	200,000	4	S	July 1, 07	250	265
Franklin	1,500,000	3½	S	Jan. 2, 08	190	210
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 08	250	..
Guaranty Trust	2,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31, 08	390	410
Guardian Trust	500,000	..	..	.....	160	175
Hamilton	500,000	2½	Q	May 1, 08	250	275
Home	500,000	2	S	Jul 15, 07	85	100
Hudson Trust...	500,000	3	..	Mar 15, 07	120	..
Kings County..	500,000	3	Q	May 1, 08	440	460
Knickerb. Trust	1,200,000	..	..	.....	340	355
Lawyers' Mtg..	2,500,000	2½	Q	Oct. 1, 07	178	185
Law.Tit.& Tr..	4,000,000	3	Q	May 1, 08	185	200
Lincoln'	750,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	190	200
Long Island....	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 08	240	270
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	16	S	Jan. 2, 08	350	400
Mercantile	2,000,000	5	Q	.....	775	825
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	6	Q	Apr. 1, 08	475	500
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1	Q	July 1, 07	85	95
Morton	2,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31, 08	400	420
Mutual Alliance	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 08	175	190
Nassau	500,000	2	Q	May 1, 08	..	210
National Surety	500,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 08	145	148
N.Y.Lifeln.&T.	1,000,000	125	S	Dec 10, 07	1000	..
N.Y.Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Oct., 1907	120	140
New York.....	3,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31, 08	490	510
People's Trust..	1,000,000	1	M	.....	270	295
Standard	1,000,000	5	S	Dec 30, 07	350	390
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	4	Q	Mar 31, 08	335	375
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	Q	Oct. 1, 07	100	125
Tr. Co. of Am..	2,000,000	8	Q	Oct. 1, 07	265	275
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Apr 10, 08	1100	1200
U. S. Mtg. & T..	2,000,000	10	S	Dec 31, 07	..	385
United States...	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 2, 08	1085	1100
Van Norden....	1,000,000	2	Q	Mar 31, 08	300	315
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 08	400	..
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 20, 07	..	165
*New stock.						

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 16, 1908. Bid.	Asked.
FERRY COMPANIES.						
Brooklyn	$7,500,000	6	..	.....	1	2½
††Do 5s.....	6,500,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 06	24	80
Hoboken 1st 5s, 1946	4,100,000	2½	S	May, 1908	98½	101
N. Y. & E. R....	750,000	1½	Q	.....	..	60
Do 1st 5s,1922	750,000	2½	S	May 1, 07	50	60
N.Y. & Hob.gen. 5s, 1946.....	3,800,000	2½	S	Dec., 1907	90	95
10th & 23d St...	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1907	28	35
Do 1st 5s,1919	550,000	2½	S	Jun, 1907	50	65
Union	8,000,000	½	Q	Jan. 2, 08	9	15
††Do 1st 5s,'20	2,200,000	2½	S	May, 1907	70	80
GAS COMPANIES.						
Am. Lt. & Trac.	$6,760,700	1½	Q	May 1, 08	99	105
Do preferred	*14,236,200	1½	Q	May 1, 08	91	93
BinghamtonGas 1st 5s, 1948....	650,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 08	85	95
Bklyn. Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	.....	..	65
Do 1st mtg. 5s	500,000	2½	S	Mar., '08	90	..
B. Un. G. cv. 6s	3,000,000	3	S	Apr., 1908	105	110
Buffalo Gas....	7,000,000	..	..	.....	4	6
††Buff. City 5s.	5,900,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 07	54	59
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,450,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	92	98
Columbus Gas 1st 5s, 1932....	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	85	93
††Con. G.of N.J. 1st con.5s.1936	971,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	78	85
Denver G. & El. ††Do g. mtg. 5s, 1949...	8,600,000	½	M	May 1, 08	78	76
Do. p.1.6s,1918	2,580,000	2½	S	May 1, 08	85	90
††Ft. Wayne 1st 6s, 1925.....	1,000,000	3	S	Apr., 1908	95	102
Grand Rapids 1st 5s, 1915....	1,940,000	3	S	Jan., 1905	20	35
Hudson Co. Gas	1,500,000	2½	S	Feb., 1908	93	98
Do 1st 5s....	10,500,000	1½	S	May, 1908	105	110
Ind'apolis ($50).	10,290,000	2½	S	May, 1908	102	104
††Ind.Nat. & Ill. 1st 6s, 1908...	2,000,000	2	..	July 2, 00	30	50
††Lafayette 1st 6s, 1924.....	800,000	..	..	Jun, 1904	10	20
††Logansport & W.V.1st6s,1925	1,000,000	..	..	May, 1904	20	40
Madison (Wis.) deb. scrip....	1,750,000	..	..	Jun, 1904	15	30
Do 1st 6s,1926	100,000	3	S	Apr 10,08	100	..
Mutual	350,000	3	S	Apr. 1, 08	103	106
††Ohio & Ind.1st 6s, 1924.....	8,500,000	3	S	Jan 10, 08	130	160
NewAmsterdam 5s, 1948.....	1,940,000	3	S	Jun, 1904	10	20
N.Y. & E.R. 1st 5s, 1944.....	10,035,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	93	96
Do con.5s.1945	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	95	100
North. Union 5s	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	85	92
††Ohio & Ind.1st 6s, 1924.....	1,250,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 07	85	92
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1937...	1,940,000	3	S	Jun, 1904	10	20
St. Paul (Minn.) gen. 5s, 1944‡.	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	75	85
Do con. mtge. 6s, 1918....	8,294,000	2½	S	Mar., 08	90	95
SouthALt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s, 1949	600,000	3	S	Jan., 1908	97	..
So. Jer. G. & El.	1,800,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 08	75	83
Do 1st 5s..	4,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1907	100	108
Standard (N.Y.)	10,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1907	93	98
Do preferred	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec., 1906	..	75
Do 1st 5s,1930	4,295,700	3	S	Dec 31, 07	70	100
Syracuse 1st 5s, 1946	1,362,000	2½	S	Nov, 1907	92	97
	2,047,000	2½	S	Jan., 1907	91	98
INSURANCE COMPANIES.						
Continental	$1,000,000	22½	S	Jan., 1908	1000	1200
Empire City....	200,000	8½	S	Jan., 1908	115	..
Fidelity	1,000,000	..	..	.....	190	210
Germ. Alliance..	400,000	6	S	Jan., 1908	190	215
Germ.-Amer....	1,500,000	15	S	Jan., 1908	400	415
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	6	S	Jan., 1908	195	230
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	5	S	Jan., 1908	140	150
Home	3,000,000	10	S	Jan. 1, 08	410	440
Nassau ($50)....	200,000	5	S	Jan., 1908	140	160
Niagara ($50)...	750,000	10	S	Jan., 1908	240	300
Nor. River ($25)	850,000	5	S	Apr., 1908	150	175
Pacific ($25)....	200,000	3	S	Jan., 1908	100	130
Peter C'per ($20)	150,000	5	S	Jan., 1908	85	105
Ph'ix, Brkn.($50)	1,500,000	5	Q	Jan., 1908	..	300
Stuyvesant ($25)	200,000	3	..	July, 1907	..	100
Un. States ($25)	250,000	3	..	Jan 11, 04	60	80
W'chester ($10)	800,000	15	S	Feb., 1908	390	420
W'sb'g City($50)	250,000	10	S	Jan., 1908	400	480
INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.						
Amer. Chicle...	$6,000,000	‡2	M	May 20,08	180	185
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	87	90
††Am. Malt. 6s.	3,893,000	3	S	Dec., 1907	98	102
Am. Tobacco....	40,242,400	7½	Q	June, 1, 08	340	345
Am. Type F'd's	4,000,000	1	Q	Apr 15, 08	33	37
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 08	92	98
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	.....	2	2¾
Do preferred	12,500,000	1	..	Apr. 1, 07	17	20
††Do 1st 5s,'19	17,000,000	2½	S	July, 1907	78	80
Bliss & Co., E. W., ($50)...	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	100	125
Do pf., ($50)..	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	100	125
Bord. C. Milk..	17,500,000	‡2	S	Dec 14, 07	130	137
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Jun 15, 08	102	105
Boston Copper.	₹750,000	..	..	.....	12	12½
Br. Col.Cop.($5)	$2,000,000	‡40c	Q	Sep. 4, 07	4⅛	5
Butte Coal.($15)	15,000,000	15c	Q	Dec 17, 07	24¼	24¾
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	120	130
Cen. Fireworks.	1,406,150	½	S	Dec 31,07	5	12
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 07	50	65
Cent. Fdy	6,650,000	..	..	.....	1½	2
Cent. Fdy. pf...	6,650,000	..	..	.....	7	8
††Cent. Fdy. 6s.	3,860,500	3	S	Nov 1, 07	55	70
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	1½	M	.....	373	423
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,118,800	1	Q	Oct 25, 07	22	25
Chic. Subway...	40,000,000	..	..	.....	19¾	19¾
Col. & Hocking C. & I. pf.....	200,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	..	75
Do 1st 5s.....	720,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 08	82	87
Do 1st 6s.....	400,000	3	S	July 2, 07	97	101½
Con. Rub. Tire.	5,149,500	..	..	.....	1	3
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	..	Dec., 1900	10	20
Do deb. 4s...	3,865,000	3	..	Apr. 1, 07	20	30

PART THE JEWS HAVE IN OUR HISTORY

Interesting Papers Read at Annual Meeting of the Jewish-American Historical Society.

HENRY CLAY'S APOLOGY

Statesman Wrote to Solomon Etting Explaining a Reflection on the Race —Our Laws and Christianity.

The Jewish-American Historical Society held its sixteenth annual meeting yesterday afternoon and evening at the Hotel Astor. Since its founding in this city in 1892 the society has devoted itself to collecting and publishing material referring to the settlement and history of the Jews in this country, and at the annual meetings papers are read and reports made covering this work.

Isidor Straus at the morning session moved that a sum of $250 be voted to carry on the work of indexing the articles on the subject which have appeared in the various periodicals. This raised some discussion, for the Corresponding Secretary, Max Kohler, pointed out that the bills for this had been coming in at about the rate of $50 a month, and suggested that something be done toward obtaining the co-operation of the periodical editors in the matter. The indexing committee was finally given $250.

The first paper was "Jewish Privateering in the Eighteenth Century," presented by Leon Huelmer, M. A., curator of the society. Privateering was a very lucrative, if risky, trade, said Mr. Huelmer, and was followed very largely by the merchants of the eighteenth century in time of war. Indeed, it was about the only course left open to the naturally peaceful trader. To send out his goods as usual was fraught with great danger of their confiscation; to withdraw his ships would be to see them fall to pieces on his hands. A successful privateering trip brought large returns. The small sloop, Peacock, took $600,000 worth of prizes on one cruise during the American Revolution, and a common sailor would frequently draw $1,000 in prize money beyond his regular wages for one trip.

Coming down to the American Revolution, Mr. Huehner read from the list of owners and bonders of privateersmen during the Revolution several Jewish names. The foremost of these was Isaac Moses of Philadelphia, who was a friend of Robert Morris, and who separately and again jointly with Morris was an owner of several ships.

The second paper, read by Walter H. Liebmann of this city, presented some hitherto unpublished correspondence between Solomon Etting, the prominent Jewish merchant of Baltimore, and Henry Clay, on the occasion of Clay's "introducing the expression of 'the Jew' in a debate in the Senate of the United States, evidently applying it as a reproachful designation," and requesting an explanation. This was Clay's reply:

My Dear Sir: I regret extremely to perceive from your letter of yesterday (July 5, 1832,) that you have thought it possible that a remark of mine applied to a subordinate officer of the customs, who was in attendance here, was liable to an unfavorable interpretation in respect to Jews in general. Nothing could have been further from my intention. The remark was intended to describe a person, and not to denounce a nation. It was strictly, moreover, defensive. Some of my friends who were in the Senate had been attacked by Gen. Hayne, as I thought rudely, for the assistance which they had rendered about the tariff.

In reply I said they were not the only persons attending on that object, but that on the other side, Moses Myers (or Myers Moses, for I do not know his proper designation) had been summoned by the Secretary of the Treasury, and might be seen daily skipping about the House, and I proceeded to describe his person.

I judge men, not exclusively by their nation, religion, &c., but by their individual conduct. I have always had the happiness to enjoy the friendship of many Jews, among whom one of the Gratzs of Lexington, formerly Philadelphia, stands in the most intimate and friendly relations to me, but I cannot doubt that there are bad Jews, as well as bad Christians and bad Mohammedans.

I hope, my dear Sir, that you will consider this letter perfectly satisfactory.

H. CLAY.

Solomon Etting, Esq.

The first paper of the afternoon, on "The Jews of New Jersey, from the Earliest Times to 1850," was read by Mr. Friedenburg. He said that the traditional date 1654, given for the coming of the first Jews to the eastern bank of the Delaware, was probably incorrect. After the passing of New Jersey into the hands of Berkeley and Cartaret, following the surrender of the Dutch to the English in 1664, concessions were made, and among them the item "every person shall enjoy his and their judgments and religion." Mr. Friedenburg then traced the passing of East and West Jersey from the hands of its original grantees to William Penn and his Quaker associates by sale, till when, in 1702, the territory went back to the Crown the name of a Jew, one Solomon Levi, a London merchant, was among the signatures of the deed of sale. Still, said Mr. Friedenburg, although several Jewish names can be found in the documents, the real immigration did not come till between 1840 and 1850, when large numbers of Poles went to Paterson and Newark.

The paper of the afternoon which raised the most discussion was that of Dr. Herbert Friedenwald of this city, entitled "2 Why This is Not a Christian Country." While admitting that Christianity was the foundation religion of the Colonists, he traced the "constant progression from the narrowest Christian sectarianism to the broadest recognition of religious rights."

The courts since the Brewer decision in the Trinity Church case, he said, had a tendency to emphasize the statement that this is a Christian country, and to uphold sectarian legislation on that ground, though it usually specified that they are upheld because they come within the police powers of the States. In this connection he said:

> An error, and an important one, in all court decisions is that which confuses Christianity with religion. In the minds of the ordinary Judge, whether he be a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States or of an inferior State court, Christianity is the religion, and having been brought up in the tenets of some sect of that faith he is too seldom inclined to have regard for the rights of the votaries of any other faith. If we stop a moment and endeavor to find out what Christianity means we are confronted by such a divergence of views as to lead us into an almost impenetrable maze. The Roman Catholic who goes to mass on Sunday morning and having devoted the rest of his Sunday to legitimate enjoyment, even attending the theatre or indulging in some other sinful entertainment, is regarded with little favor by the hardshell Baptist or the dyed-in-the-wool Methodist. Similarly the stolid German who spends his Sunday at a beer garden meets with stern disfavor from our strict American Sabbatarian. Still, even he would not go so far as to hold that Roman Catholics are not Christians and that Germany is not a Christian country.
>
> Most men are mere imitators, and when, therefore, it is announced in high quarters that this is a Christian country lesser minds grasp at the idea, and without investigation blindly accept the statement.

At the close of the reading it was moved that the phrases "hard-shelled Baptist," "dyed in the wool Methodist," and "stolid German," occuring in the course of the paper, should be changed before the manuscript was submitted for publication, to avoid causing an ill-feeling among those so referred to. When the matter came up for discussion the Rev. Barnett Drachmann, President of the Hebrew Sabbath Observance Society, made a plea against the so-called "reformed" Jews favoring the substitution of Sunday in place of the Jewish Sabbath. Max Kohler followed by saying that on reading even the often quoted Hale and Brewer decision carefully one could see that no court had ever decided that this is a Christian country. N. Taylor Phillips, the Treasurer of the association, declared that the Sons of the American Revolution when teaching the immigrants instructed them that this was only a Christian country in so far as the majority of its inhabitants were of that religion, and not so from a legal aspect. He then gave it as his opinion that the attempt to enforce Sunday observance among the Jews was really more of an effort to see that there was one day of rest, as many of the Jews work on both Saturday and Sunday. He declared it would be better for the Jews, if necessary, to observe both Sabbaths than to omit taking that day's rest necessary for health.

The evening session, opening at 8:30, was devoted to the discussion of a proposed amendment to the constitution by which the society would go into the study of Jewish history in general, instead of limiting it to America, as hitherto has been the rule. The President, Cyrus Adler, Assistant Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C., spoke in favor of this, as providing wider range of material. Prof. Gotthiel of Columbia also advocated it to prevent the formation of a second society specially for this purpose.

The amendment was finally made to read, "to promote the study of Jewish history in general preferably, so far as the same is related thereto, or connected with, the causes of emigration from various parts of the world to this continent."

HEBREW MEMORIAL SERVICE

For Dead Soldiers and Sailors at the Temple Rodeph Sholem.

The Hebrew Union Veteran Association and the Hebrew Veterans of the War with Spain held joint memorial services at the Temple Rodeph Sholom, Sixty-third Street and Lexington Avenue, last evening for the dead soldiers and sailors. Spaces were reserved in the centre of the temple for the members of the two associations, and the rest of the auditorium was filled.

Addresses were made by Charles A. Towne and Daniel P. Hays, and the service included several musical numbers. Among the guests of the evening were Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan (retired) and Grand Marshal Isidore Isaacs of the Grand Army of the Republic and his staff.

ONLY CLUE A TORN LETTER.

Son of Missing Spaniard Here on Strange Quest for His Lost Parent.

Seeking his father, who disappeared from sight many months ago, his only clue being the torn fragment of a letter, Carlos Amenabar, a Spaniard, arrived here yesterday on the American liner St. Louis. As soon as he was landed he left town, starting on a trip to Mexico, and one which he hopes will be the final lap in his strange journey.

The story of Amenabar's strange quest was told on the American Line pier while he was getting ready to leave by train. The family come from Huelva, where they are interested in the shipment of iron ore. In 1904 Jose Amenabar, the head of the family and the father of young Carlos, came to this country with the hope of extending his business connections here. He landed at Baltimore, and from there he is said to have made a tour of many mining cities in connection with his business. His family heard from him at intervals until early in 1907, when he disappeared. He was at that time either stopping or living at Baton Rouge, La.

A search for him was prosecuted by his family, but it was of the long-distance kind, for his letters had never been regular, and the family believed that he was occupied with business, and that he would be heard from in due time. They did not doubt that he was safe.

Now comes the strange part of the tale. Some weeks ago the son received a letter from his father. It was sent from a small town in Mexico, and apparently it had been deliberately torn in half after it had been written. The letter was brief, and the half received at Huelva conveyed no information of sufficient intelligence to tell what had befallen the writer. The side with the signature, the date, and the name of the town where written, was missing. The latter, however, was supplied by the postmark. That the letter was written by Jose Amenabar there could be no doubt. The family knew his handwriting. Another strange fact was that the subscription upon the envelope was not in the same handwriting as the body of the letter.

This letter, taken in consideration with the former silence of the head of the family, led Carlos to come at once to this country and start to Mexico in the hopes of locating his father. The young man does not believe that his parent has come to harm, but while he cannot explain the half letter, declares his father was always rather eccentric.

LEST PHYSICIANS FORGET.

Dr. Darlington Now Supplies Blanks for Registration Purposes.

Dr. Thomas Darlington, Commissioner of Health, has sent to every practicing physician in the city a box containing blank forms for the reporting of births, deaths, and contagious diseases. This is done to facilitate the reporting of cases to the Department of Health and to bring about better co-operation between the practicing physician and the department.

The following letter accompanies each box:

> Dear Doctor: Permit me to again call your attention to the moral and legal responsibility of physicians relative to the registration of births. The failure of the physician to comply with the law requiring him to register births is attended with serious consequences to the child, who in many cases is deprived of the opportunity to help his parents and earn his own livelihood at a time when he is willing and able so to do, for the admission of the child to the public school at the proper age and his ability to obtain employment on arriving at the age of 14 depend upon the filing of a certificate by the physician in attendance at the time of birth.
>
> The labor law requires the parents of the child to furnish documentary proof of age before the Board of Health is allowed to issue an employment certificate.
>
> Seventy thousand certified copies of birth certificates and age statements were issued by the department in 1907 for use in criminal, civil, and probate courts, and for school, employment, and other purposes.
>
> Failure to comply with the law constitutes a misdemeanor. Yours respectfully,
>
> THOMAS DARLINGTON, President.

OUSTS CUSTOM SQUATTERS.

Col. Fowler Clearing New Building of Other Federal Departments.

The campaign waged by Collector of the Port Edward S. Fowler to make the new customs building a home for that branch of the Treasury Department and not a Federal building is already bearing fruit. Yesterday it was said that three occupants of the building were compelled to vacate their quarters. The departments which have had to move are the Bureau of Animal Industry, the Panama Canal Commission, and the Chinese Inspection Bureau.

The Collector has just returned from Washington, where he had a conference regarding affairs in the new building with George B. Cortelyou. Collector Fowler also seeks to remove Station P of the Post Office, which occupies the entire south end of the main floor of the building. The eviction is to be entirely friendly, and the Postmaster General is willing to move provided a suitable place can be found for the branch station. It means an increased expense for the Post Office Department of at least $25,000 a year for rent. The space occupied by the Post Office is wanted for the Internal Revenue branch of the customs service. That office is now on the third floor of the building.

When the building was opened in November the offices were assigned by the Secretary of the Treasury. There was an immediate rush on the part of other branches of the Government service for quarters in the Custom House, with the result that the building soon became uncomfortably crowded. This is being used as an argument for the appropriation of $500,000 for the construction of a Federal building adjoining the Barge Office at the Battery. The appropriation has already been asked for, but it is not likely that the money for the building will be awarded this session.

MORSE BUSY AGAIN IN MONEY AFFAIRS

Organizes a $10,000,000 Concern in Maine to Purchase Securities.

NEVER 'DOWN,' HE DECLARES

Rise in Stocks Has Put Morse on a Better Financial Basis—His Secretary in the New Company.

Less than three weeks ago Charles W. Morse, who once controlled eighty-one steamships and had a great deal to say in the management of thirteen banks, but who was hit hard in the financial flurry of last Fall and is now under indictment, had this to say of his future:

"All I ask is to be let alone and I will work things out. That is all I ask."

Since that time Mr. Morse has been one of the busiest men in New York. All his efforts have been directed at rebuilding the great fortune. On Saturday Mr. Morse organized a $10,000,000 concern in Bath, Me., his birthplace, known as the Morse Securities Company, which, he says, was formed as a holding company, organized to purchase securities.

The organization of the $10,000,000 company is the second important financial exploit of Mr. Morse since he made the remark about what he would do if let alone. The first was the settlement of the claim of half a million dollars which the National Bank of North America had against the financier. This claim was settled on May 1, when Mr. Morse and his friends turned over $250,000 in cash and securities to Charles A. Hanna, receiver for the bank. Upon the receipt of this money Mr. Hanna instructed his counsel to have the suit for $405,676.62 and interest against Mr. Morse dismissed. Arthur Braun, formerly Mr. Morse's private secretary, is named as one of the stockholders of the Morse Securities Company in Bath. The other stockholder of the securities company is H. S. Carney, a close friend of Mr. Morse, and he has offices at 100 Broadway.

In the incorporation papers it is set forth that the Morse Securities Company may acquire and hold, as investments, any shares of capital stock, bonds, securities, or other evidence of indebtedness created by any other corporations of the State of Maine or any other States. The capital of $10,000,000 consists entirely of common stock of a par value of $100.

Arthur Braun, who lives at 125 Riverside Drive, was not inclined to talk about the company yesterday. He said at first that he knew nothing of it, but when told that the report of the formation of the company had come from Bath he said that it was true that such a company had been organized for the purpose of buying and holding securities, but that he was not at liberty to talk about it. He said that about all he knew of Mr. Carney was that he was formerly Commissioner of Lighting in this city.

The affairs of Mr. Morse have improved materially since February, his friends say. The rise in stocks held by Mr. Morse has placed him upon a firmer financial basis than since before the flurry of last October. Mr. Morse's holdings of American Ice Compnay stock are said to be very large. When the Attorney General's investigation of the ice company was dropped, several weeks ago, and the special Grand Jury reported that there was no ground for indictment, the ice company stock started upward, and Mr. Morse's holdings are said to have about trebled in value since the Winter.

Many of Mr. Morse's loans are secured with ice stock. While these securities were far short of the face value of the loans a few months ago, their market value is said now to be far in excess of the face of the loans. This has also relieved the strain on Mr. Morse to a large extent.

Mr. Morse has never admitted that he was "down." In a recent interview he said:

> "I was never down, in the sense the public was led to believe. I don't suppose you will find many men who have not lost money some time during the last eight or ten months. They were all hard hit, and I was among the number. I have not been compelled to go into the market to regain a lot of money to pay off a lot of alleged debts."

This last was in reply to a report current in Wall Street that Mr. Morse had been making large sums of money by speculations in stocks and that his winnings would nearly wipe out all his indebtedness. There is still a suit pending against Mr. Morse for his connection with the National Bank of North America. This is a suit for $700,000 brought by the receiver against all the Directors of the bank to recover losses made by the bank through alleged stock speculations. It has no connection with the suit for $405,000 against Mr. Morse, which has been dropped since he settled the latter claim.

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Attention invited to facilities offered for business and personal accounts.

Complete Bond Transactions.

Week Ended May 16, 1908.

BONDS.

Sales W'k Ended May 16, $26,938,000	Week Ended May 16, 1908. First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	88	88½	88	88¼	18
Albany & Susquehanna 3½s	95¼	95½	95¼	95½	11
American Cotton Oil 4½s	91¾	92	91¾	92	21
American Hide & Leather 6s	80½	82	80½	82	14
American Ice Securities 6s	67¼	67½	67¼	69½	9
American Telephone & Telegraph 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	5
American Tobacco 6s	106	106¼	105½	106¼	837
American Tobacco 6s reg	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	2
American Tobacco 4s	72½	72½	71¼	72	120
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s	97⅞	99⅛	97¾	99	188½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s	87½	88	87½	88	3
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s, stamped	86½	87	86½	87	16½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 5s	102¼	102⅝	102¼	102⅝	171
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s	93	93½	92¼	93	156
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé, East Okla. 4s	95¼	95½	95¼	95¼	5
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	90	90¼	90	90¼	73
Atlantic Coast Line, L. & N. col. 4s	82	83	82	83	64
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s	98	98½	97¾	98¼	59
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s	92½	93½	92½	93½	17
Balt. & Ohio, Southwest. Div. 3½s	88½	89	88	89	101
Balt. & Ohio, Pitts., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	90	90	90	90	1
Broadway & 7th Ave. consol. 5s	99	99	99	99	1
Brooklyn Rapid Transit gold 5s	100	100	100	100	1
Brooklyn Rapid Transit ref. 4s	73	73⅞	72⅝	73⅞	2,855
Brooklyn Union Elevated 1st 5s	100	101¼	99⅞	100⅝	114
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	103	103	102½	102½	11
Buffalo & Susquehanna 1m deb. 5s	94½	94½	94½	94½	5
Canada Southern 1st ext. 6s	107⅝	108	107½	108	22
Canada Southern 2d 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	7
Central of Georgia consol. 5s	104¼	104½	104	104½	16
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s	70	71	70	71	7
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s	46	47	46	47	57
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s, stamped	48	48	45	45	9
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s, tr. rcts	45	45	45	45	1
Central of Georgia 3d inc. 5s	37	37	37	37	20
Central of Georgia 3d inc. 5s, stamped	36	37½	36	37½	5
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s	124	124	124	124	4
Central Leather 5s	93¾	95¼	93⅝	95¼	82
Central Pacific gtd. 4s	96⅝	97	96	96¾	88
Central Pacific gtd. 3½s	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	2
Chesapeake & Ohio 6s, 1911	103	104	103	104	2
Chesapeake & Ohio consol. 5s	112	112	111½	112	7
Chesapeake & Ohio gen. 4½s	101	101⅜	100½	101⅜	74
Ches. & Ohio, Rich. & Alle. 1st con. 4s	95⅞	97	95⅞	96½	10
Ches. & Ohio, Rich. & Alle. 2d con. 4s	92½	92½	92½	92½	2
Chicago & Alton 3½s	65	66	65	66	82
Chi., Bur. & Q., N. P.-Gt. N. jt. 4s	96⅞	97	96¾	96¾	889
Chi., Bur. & Q., N. P.-Gt. N. jt. 4s reg	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	1
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 3½s	88⅝	90	88½	90	120
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska ext. 4s	101	101⅜	101	101⅜	40
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska ext. 4s reg	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	5
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 4s	100½	101¼	100½	101¼	63
Chi., Bur. & Q., Denver Div. 4s	99½	99½	99½	99½	2
Chi., Bur. & Q., deb. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	2
Chicago & Eastern Illinois gen. 5s	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	5
Chicago, Ind. & Louisville ref. 6s	123	124	123	124	8
Chicago Gas Light & Coke 5s	104	104	104	104	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul term. 5s	106	106	106	106	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul, Southwest. Div. 6s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul gold 3½s, Series B	88½	89	88½	89	17
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul, C., P. & W. 5s	110	110	110	110	1
Chicago & Northwestern consol. 7s	117	118	117	118	6
Chicago & Northwestern gen. 3½s	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	5
Chicago & Northwestern deb. 5s, 1909	100½	100½	100½	100½	8
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific gen. 4s	88½	99	97⅝	99	21
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific ref. 4s	88	88	87½	87¾	143
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 4s	67¾	69	67⅝	68⅝	343
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 5s	74	75	73¾	74½	818
Chicago & Western Indiana con. 4s	112	112	112	112	1
Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis gen. 4s	75	75	75	75	1
Colorado Midland 4s	95½	95½	95½	95½	4
Colorado Industrial 5s	61	62	61	62	21
Colorado Southern 4s	60	60½	59½	60½	278
Colorado & Southern ref. & ext. 4½s	89½	90	89½	89⅝	43
Columbus & 9th Avenue 1st 5s	80½	80½	79⅝	80¾	326
Consolidated Gas conv. 6s	97½	97½	97½	97½	2
Consolidated Tobacco 4s	123½	124	124	123½	75
	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	1
Delaware & Hudson conv. 4s	99	99	99	99	59
Denver & Rio Grande con. 4s	91	91	91	91	1
Distillers' Securities 5s	71⅞	72½	71⅜	72	85
Duluth & Iron Range 1st 5s	106½	108⅝	106½	108⅝	19
East Tenn., Va. & Ga. consol. 5s	104½	104½	104½	104½	1
Elgin, Joliet & Eastern 1st 5s	106½	106½	106½	106½	2
Erie 1st consol. 7s	119½	119½	119½	119½	8
Erie 1st con., prior lien 4s	87½	87½	87	87	11
Erie gen. 4s	70⅝	71	70¾	70¾	50
Erie conv. 4s, Series A	58¾	59	57	58½	47
Erie conv. 4s, Series B	54½	54½	52½	53¾	152
Evansville & Terre Haute gen. 5s	81¾	82	81¾	82	22
	100	100	100	100	5
Fort Worth & Denver City 1st 6s	110	110	110	110	3
Fort Worth & Rio Grande 1st 4s	83	83	83	83	5
General Electric conv. deb. 5s	118	120⅞	118	120⅞	90
Green Bay & Western deb. B	11¼	11⅝	11	11⅜	27
Georgia & Alabama 5s	94½	94½	94½	94½	1
Hocking Valley 4½s	103⅛	103⅝	103⅛	103⅝	5
Illinois Central 4s, 1951	102	102	102	102	1
Inter. R. T. conv. 6s, J. P. M. & Co. rcts.	100⅜	100⅜	100¼	100⅜	270
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s	66⅜	68½	66¼	67⅝	8,119
International & Gt. Northern 1st 6s	103	103¼	103	103¼	14
International & Gt. Northern 2d 5s	80	80½	80	80	37
International Steam Pump 6s	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	2
International Navigation 5s	82	82	82	82	1
International Paper conv. 5s	81	81¾	80	80	95
International Paper 6s	102	102	102	102	3
Iowa Central ref. 4s	76	76	75¾	76	21
Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis 4s	74½	74⅝	73½	74	26
Kansas City Southern 3s	70	70½	70	70½	2
Kings County Elevated 4s	81½	81½	81½	81½	10
Kings County Elevated 4s, stamped gtd.	81¼	81¾	81	81¼	69
Lackawanna Steel 5s	90	91	90	90	28
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	92	93	91½	93	246
Lake Shore deb. 4s	94¼	95½	94⅛	95	25
Lake Shore 3½s	93	93	93	93	5
Lake Shore 3½s reg	92½	92½	92½	92½	2
Lehigh Valley of New York gtd. 4½s	104½	104¾	104⅛	104¾	18
Long Island refunding 4s	95	95	95	95	3
Louisville & Nashville gen. 6s	116	116	116	116	1
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	97⅝	98	97⅝	98	87
Louis. & Nash., At. Knox. & Cin. 4s	86½	87¾	86	87¾	72
Louisville & Nashville coll. tr. 4s	93	93½	93	93½	15
Manhattan consol. 4s	96	96	96	96	14
Mercantile Marine 4½s	71	71	70	70	43
Metropolitan Elevated 1st 6s	102½	102⅝	102½	102⅝	81
Metropolitan Street Railway gen. 5s	78½	78½	78¼	78¼	1
Metropolitan Street Railway ref. 4s	52	52	50	50	10
Mexican Central consol. 4s	81¼	84½	81	84½	598
Mexican Central consol. 4s tr. ctfs	81¼	84½		84½	509
Mexican Central 1st income	15⅞	17	15½	16⅜	38
Mexican Central 1st income tr. ctfs	15⅜	18	15⅜	18	80
Mexican Central 2d income	14	16¼	14	16¼	105
Mexican Central 2d income tr. ctfs	15½	16⅝	15½	16¾	40
Minn., St. Paul & S. Ste. M. con. 4s	97	97	97	97	1
Missouri, Kansas & Eastern 1st 5s	106	106	106	106	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	98¼	99	98	99	15
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 2d 4s	81½	83½	81½	83½	38
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ref. 4s	75	76	75	76	15
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ext. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	5
Missouri, Kansas & Texas s. f. 4½s	80	82	79½	81	853
Missouri, Kan. & Texas, St. L. Div. 4s	80¼	80¼	80½	80¼	1
Missouri Pacific 1st col. 5s	94	96	94	96	3
Missouri Pacific trust 5s	96	96	96	96	2
Missouri Pacific 4s	70	71¼	69⅞	71	387
Mobile & Ohio new 6s	117½	119	117½	119	20
National R. R. of Mexico con. 4s	80½	80½	80½	80½	17
New York Air Brake conv. 6s	91	92	91	92	126½
New York Central deb. 4s	92½	93	92½	92½	7
New York Central gen. 3½s	89⅝	90	89⅝	90	102
New York Central gen. 3½s reg	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	10
New York Cent., Lake Shore coll. 3½s	80	80½	79⅝	80½	51
New York Central, Mich. Central col. 4s	78	78	78	78	2
New York, Chicago & St. Louis 4s	101	101	100½	100½	9
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. 4s	80	81½	79⅝	81½	73
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. coll. tr. 5s	100	100	100	100	5
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s	126½	127	126	126	73

BONDS.

Week Ended May 16, 1908.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s, 1st pd	123½	123½	123½	123½	100
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	87½	87½	87½	87½	8
N. Y., Susquehanna & Western gen. 5s	90	90	90	90	5
N. Y., Ontario & Western ref. 4s	97	97	96¾	97	17
Norfolk & Western divisional 4s	90	90	90	90	2
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	94½	95	94	94	71
Norfolk & Western conv. 4s	85	86¼	84¾	86¼	152
Norf. & West. Pocahontas Coal & Coke 4s	85	85¼	85	85	70
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	101½	101½	101	101½	77½
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	71½	71½	71¼	71½	23
Ohio River 1st 5s	110	110	110	110	4
Oregon Short Line gtd. ref. 4s	90¾	91¾	90½	91½	198
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	105	105	105	105	5
Pennsylvania con. 4s, temp. rcts., w. i.	101⅝	101⅝	101	101¼	987
Pennsylvania gtd. 4½s	105	105⅝	105	105⅝	6
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1912	94⅝	95	94½	95	66½
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915	92¼	93⅝	92⅝	93¼	708½
Peoria & Eastern income 4s	48	48	48	48	1
Portland Railway 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	1
Reading gen. 4s	97¾	98¾	97½	98¾	147
Republic Iron & Steel col. 5s	92½	92½	92½	92½	5
Rio Grande Western 1st 4s	89	89	89	89	1
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg 5s	110	110	110	110	1
St. Joseph & Grand Island 1st 4s	85	85	85	85	2
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South. gen. 5s	107½	108	107¼	108	5
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & So. unif. & ref. 4s	78	79½	78	79½	16
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & So., R. & G. 4s	82¾	82¾	82¼	82½	10
St. Louis & San Francisco gen. 5s	107	107	106	107	7
St. Louis & San Francisco ref. 4s	74	74½	73¼	73⅝	782
St. Louis & Southwestern consol. 4s	67	68¾	67	67	28
St. Louis & Southwestern 1st 4s	88¼	89	88¼	89	4
St. Louis & Southwestern 2d inc.	70	70	70	70	8
St. Paul & Sioux City 1st 6s	116	116	116	116	4
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	82½	85	82½	85	89
Seaboard Air Line 4s	49½	50	49¾	50	7
Southern Pacific 1st col. 4s	87½	87½	87	87½	271
Southern Pacific ref. 4s	91¼	98	91¼	98	77½
Southern Railway 1st consol. 5s	100	103	100	102½	113
Southern Railway, Mobile & Ohio col. 4s	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	4
Tennessee Coal & I

LEGAL NOTICES.

COUNTY COURT, KINGS COUNTY—In the matter of the General Assignment of EDMUND C. VIEMEISTER and GEORGE A. VIEMEISTER, composing the firm of VIEMEISTER BROTHERS, for the benefit of their creditors, to Henry Rosellen.

Upon the annexed petition and affidavit of Edmund C. Viemeister, verified the 16th day of April, 1908, and the affidavits of Samuel Walker, verified April 1, 1908; Daniel A. Murphy, verified March 26, 1908, and Caleb K. Colby, duly verified the 15th day of April, 1908, and upon all the papers and proceedings herein, let Henry Rosellen, assignee for the benefit of the creditors of George A. Viemeister and Edmund C. Viemeister, composing the firm of Viemeister Brothers, show cause before me, or one of the Judges of this Court, at a term thereof to be held at the County Court House, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on the 3d day of July, 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why said Henry Rosellen should not be removed as assignee of the late firm of Viemeister Brothers, and why a successor should not be appointed in his place and stead, and why the petitioner should not have such other and further relief as may seem just.

And sufficient reason appearing, therefore it is

Ordered that service of this order be made upon Henry Rosellen by publishing the same in two newspapers published in the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, viz., The Times and Globe and Commercial Advertiser, once in each week for six successive weeks, commencing on the 4th day of May, 1908, and it is

Further ordered that service of this order and papers upon which it is granted be made upon said Henry Rosellen by depositing in the Post Office of the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on or before the 4th day of May, 1908, a true copy of this order, together with the papers upon which it is granted, in a securely closed post-paid wrapper, directed to Henry Rosellen, Neus am Rhein, Germany, his last known place of residence, and another true copy of said order and the papers upon which it is granted in a securely post-paid wrapper directed to Henry Rosellen, Market House, No. 146 West Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, his last known place of residence in the City and State of New York, and it is

Further ordered that a true copy of this order and the papers upon which it is granted be served upon Albert Sira, attorney for said Henry Rosellen, assignee, at his office in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at least five days before the return of this order, and upon Julia Schloborn, Herman Heineman, or George A. Viemeister, or either of them, as executors of the last will and testament of Louis H. Viemeister, deceased, one of the sureties on the bond of Henry Rosellen, said assignee, and upon George T. Hoynes and Christina Meyer, sureties on said assignee's bond, will be deemed sufficient notice and service.

Dated May 9d, 1908.

NORMAN S. DIKE,
County Judge, Kings County.

To Henry Rosellen:

The foregoing order to show cause is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Norman S. Dike, County Judge of Kings County, dated the 2d day of May, 1908, and filed with the petition and affidavits upon which it was granted in the office of the Clerk of Kings County, at the Hall of Records, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, on the 4th day of May, 1908.

Dated May 4th, 1908.

EDMUND C. VIEMEISTER,
Petitioner in Person,
118 Centre Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of PHILIP S. GILL and OSCAR MANDEL, individually and composing the firm of GILL and MANDEL, alleged bankrupts.

By order of this court, the assets of the above-named bankrupts, contained in the premises, No. 42 Wooster Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will be sold as follows:

Sealed bids will be received by the receiver, at the office of his attorneys, until May 20th, 1908, at 4 P. M., at which time and place they will be opened, and bids must be accompanied by a certified check or cash, for 10% of the amount bid. Bids can be made as follows:

For all the stock, fixtures, and lease of the premises; for the stock and fixtures alone; for the lease alone. Bids in all of the above forms will be accepted and the property will be sold in the way that realizes the most money.

The property to be sold consists of an up-to-date manufactory of ladies' waists, containing a large stock of made-up waists, laces, trimmings, machinery, motor, desks, safe, and general fixtures.

The receiver reserves the right to refuse all bids, and if the bids are not accepted, the property will be sold at public auction at the premises by Charles Shongood, United States Official Auctioneer, on May 29, 1908, at 10:30 A. M.

The property can be inspected on May 21, 1908, and 22, 1908, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

HENRY MELVILLE, Receiver.

OPPENHEIMER & SCHREIER, Attys. for Receiver, 170 Broadway, N. Y. City.

NO. 10,248.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID RESHOFSKY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of David Reshofsky of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1908, the said David Reshofsky was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, Room No. 1,875, in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1908, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 18th, 1908.

NO. 10,970.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS DAVIDSON, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Julius Davidson of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1908, the said Julius Davidson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, Room No. 1,875, in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 2d day of June, 1908, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 18th, 1908.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—LEO S. GREENBAUM and MORRIS KREISLER, composing the firm of GREENBAUM & KREISLER, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Leo S Greenbaum and Morris Kreisler, composing the firm of Greenbaum & Kreisler, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated April 3d, 1908, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, both individual and partnership, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on June 1st, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts and thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 16, 1908.

NO. 10,191.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LAZAR TANEZER and SAMUEL TANEZER, copartners composing the firm of L. TANEZER & SON, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Lazar Tanezer and Samuel Tanezer of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1907, the said Lazar Tanezer and Samuel Tanezer, copartners composing the firm of L. Tanezer & Son, were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, Room No. 1,875 in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1908, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 18th, 1908.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—HENRY UNGAR, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated May 6th, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on June 1st, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 16th, 1908.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of M. JEROME AHRENS, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, May 18th, 1908, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 15 West 20th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of millinery, hats, frames, silk, fixtures, &c.

HENRY TALMADGE, 2d, Receiver.

CARRELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID KASS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, May 20, 1908, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 104 Stanton St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, safe, &c. The above stock is open for inspection this day, May 18th, and May 19th, 1908, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

H. K. STOCKTON, Receiver.

H. KUNZ, Attorney for Receiver, 277 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARTIN & CAMPBELL, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, May 27, 1908, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2 Gouverneur Lane, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of a large lot of groceries, ship provisions, rope, hardwara, shovels, cement, hemp, jute, office furniture, partition, safe, &c. Above stock is open for inspection on May 25th and 26th between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ROBERT A. INCH, Receiver.

HAMLIN & CONKLIN, Attorneys for Receiver, 59 Wall St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CORINNA HARTMAN, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, May 18th, 1908, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,760 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of whisky, claret, rum, brandy, port, bitters, ale, champagne, mineral waters, cigars, flasks, cork pullers, sardines, canned goods, meats, barrels, safe, &c.

WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Receiver.

MORRIS HYMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 280 Broadway, New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

RANNEY, CHARLES H.—THE PEOPLE OF the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent.—To CORDELIA V. RANNEY, formerly Cordelia V. Ranney, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at our Surrogate's Court of said County, held at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the sixteenth day of June, 1908, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause why authority should not be given to Maxwell Evarts Ranney, as creditor and administrator of Charles H. Ranney, deceased, to mortgage, lease, or sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary for the payment of his debts, and such of you as are hereby cited, who are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

[L. S.] Witness, Hon. CHARLES H. BECKETT, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 28th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

CONNOLLY, HELENA.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York:

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HELENA CONNOLLY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Turner, Rolston & Horan, 22 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 24th day of February, 1908.

MICHAEL P. CONNOLLY, Executor.
TURNER, ROLSTON & HORAN, Attorneys for Executor, 22 William Street, New York, N. Y.

ECKSTEIN, JOSEPH H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH H. ECKSTEIN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Harry R. Kohn, No. 42 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of July next.—Dated New York, the 7th day of January, 1908.

JOHN J. COONEY, Executor. HARRY R. KOHN, Attorney for Executor, 42 Broadway, N. Y. City.

BECKER, JOHANNE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHANNE BECKER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Clinton T. Roe, No. 44 Pine Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of August next. Dated New York, the 28th day of December, 1907. KATHERINE BECKER, Executrix. CLINTON T. ROE, Attorney, 44 Pine St., Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

ACOSTA, RICARDO.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated Dec. 6, 1907, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against RICARDO ACOSTA, also known as RICARDO DE ACOSTA, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Parker, Hatch & Sheehan, No. 3 South William Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 22d day of December next.

Dated New York, the 18th day of December, 1907.

MICAELA HERNANDEZ DE ACOSTA, Executrix.
Parker, Hatch & Sheehan, Attorneys for Executrix.

CUNZ, CHARLES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES CUNZ, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, executors, at their place of transacting business, No. 847 Sixth Avenue, in the City and County of New York, on or before the 6th day of August, next.—Dated New York, the 22d day of January, 1908.

CATHERINE CUNZ,
CHARLES JEROME CUNZ,
Executors.

NELSON SMITH, Attorney for Executors, 141 Broadway, New York City.

FOWLER, CHARLES H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES H. FOWLER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 96 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 31st day of October next.

Dated New York, April 6th, 1908.

MYRA H. FOWLER,
CARL H. FOWLER,
Executrix and Executor of CHARLES H. FOWLER, Deceased.

RUTHVEN, MARY W.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY W. RUTHVEN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business at the office of Messrs. Turner, Rolston & Horan, No. 22 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of August next.—Dated New York, the 29th day of January, 1908. FLATT T. TURNER.

TURNER, ROLSTON & HORAN, Attorneys for Executor, 22 William Street, New York, N. Y.

HAMILTON, JANE M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York,

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JANE M. HAMILTON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of E. Mora, No. 299 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 6th day of October next.

Dated New York, the 4th day of April, 1908.

FANNY R. HAMILTON,
GEORGE F. HAMILTON,
HARRY S. HAMILTON,
Executors.

E. J. MOSS, Attorney for Executors, No. 299 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BARHYDT, DAVID PARISH.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against DAVID PARISH BARHYDT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at its place of transacting business, at No. 514 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on or before the tenth day of October next.—Dated New York, April 6th, 1908. FIFTH AVENUE TRUST COMPANY, Executor. RUSHMORE, BISBEE, ROGERS & STERN, Attorneys for Executor, office and Post Office address, No. 40 Wall St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

WALLACH, EMANUEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMANUEL WALLACH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business at the office of Wallach & Cook, their attorneys, No. 111 Broadway, the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of September next. Dated New York the 5th day of March, 1908. FLORA WALLACH MOSES WALLACH, JOSEPH BENEDICKS, Executors. WALLACH & COOK, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WALLACH, LEOPOLD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LEOPOLD WALLACH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Wallach & Cook, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of September next. Dated New York, the 5th day of March, 1908. TERESA WALLACH, ALFRED A. COOK, MYRON I. BORG, MAXIMILIAN MORGENTHAU, Jr., Executors. WALLACH & COOK, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BIMBERG, MEYER R.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MEYER R. BIMBERG, late of the County of New York, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 170 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of November next.

Dated New York, the 27th day of April, 1908.

LEOPOLD SONDHEIM,
Executor.

EUGENE SONDHEIM, Attorney for Executor, 4170 Broadway.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NEWSCHAFER, WILLIAM H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. NEWSCHAFER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, the office of Franz Sigel, Room 910, No. 38 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 19th day of October next.—Dated New York, the 13th day of April, 1908. CATHERINE A. MILLER, AMELIA S. NEWSCHAFER, Executrices.

WACHENHEIMER, EDWARD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWARD WACHENHEIMER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business at the office of Edward M. Bernstein, 299 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 14th day of October next.—Dated New York, the 13th day of April, 1908. SAMUEL L. FEIBER, Executor. EDWARD M. BERNSTEIN, Attorney for Executor, 299 Broadway, N. Y. City, Manhattan.

MOORE, CORNELIA H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CORNELIA H. MOORE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Henry Kropf, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 24th day of August next.

Dated New York, the 17th day of February, 1908.

CHRISTIAN G. MORITZ, Executor.
HENRY KROPF, Attorney for Executor, No. 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WELMAN, KATE F.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against KATE F. WELMAN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the law offices of Lawlor, No. 40 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan and City of New York, on or before the first day of September next.—Dated New York, the fifteenth day of February, 1908. GEORGE F. BUTTERWORTH, Executor. STRONG & CADWALADER, Attorneys for the Executor.

AYERS, MARY V.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY V. AYERS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of March, 1908. ANDREW DOUGHERTY, ROBERT H. WYLIE, Executors. I. NEWTON WILLIAMS, Attorney for Executors, No. 25 Liberty St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TOOP, GEORGE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE H. TOOP, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, at the office of Rollin M. Morgan, No. 38 Park Row, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of August, 1908, next.—Dated New York, the 10th day of February, 1908. WILLIAM H. TOOP, Executor. ROLLIN M. MORGAN, Attorney for Executor, 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

HAYDEN, JAMES T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against James T. Hayden, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of their attorneys, Lenehan & Dowley, No. 71 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in The City of New York, on or before the twenty-fifth day of November next.—Dated New York, the ninth day of May, 1908. ELLA C. HAYDEN, BRACE HAYDEN, JOHN M. PARKER, Executors. LENEHAN & DOWLEY, Attorneys for Executors, 71 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BOWSKY, MAX.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MAX BOWSKY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorneys, Adolph and Henry Bloch, No. 99 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the thirtieth day of September next.—Dated New York, the 27th day of March, 1908. MARGARET BOWSKY, Administratrix. ADOLPH & HENRY BLOCH, Attorneys for Administratrix, 99 Nassau Street, New York City.

KUHN, CLARA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CLARA KUHN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Stoddart & Marshall, No. 49 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of September next. Dated New York, the 7th day of March, 1908. WILLIAM C. MUNDT, Administrator. STODDART & MARSHALL, Attorneys for Administrator, No. 15 William Street, New York City.

FAIR, JOSEPH BROOKS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH BROOKS FAIR, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, at the office of George S. Eddy, No. 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 27th day of July next.—Dated New York, the 11th day of January, 1908. CHARLES M. FAIR, Administrator. GEORGE S. EDDY, Attorney for Administrator, 10 Wall Street, New York City.

MAYER, ALBERT E.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALBERT ERNEST MAYER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 29 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 1st day of December next.

Dated New York, the 16th day of May, 1908.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Executor.
CRAVATH, HENDERSON & DE GERSDORFF, Attorneys for Executor, 52 William Street, New York City.

SANDERS, BENJAMIN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BENJAMIN SANDERS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business at the office of Henry Meyer, No. 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of August next.—Dated New York, the 27th day of January, 1908. NATHAN SANDERS, Executor. HENRY MEYER, Attorney for Executor, 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

CELLA, GEROLAMO.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEROLAMO CELLA, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the offices of Campora & Thiery, No. 93 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of October next.

Dated New York, the 11th day of April, 1908.

VICTORIA M. CAVAGNARO,
ANNA MARIA PISARRA,
Executrices.

CAMPORA & THIERY, Attorneys for Executrices, 93 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

KRIDEL, ABRAHAM M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated the 2d day of April, 1908, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ABRAHAM M. KRIDEL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Hollander, Bernheimer & Bernheimer, No. 10 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of October next. Dated New York, the 20th day of April, 1908. SAMUEL KRIDEL, ALEXANDER H. KRIDEL, Executors. HIRSCH, SCHEUERMAN & LIMBURG, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York; HOLLANDER, BERNHEIMER & BERNHEIMER, 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, Attorneys for Executors.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

RICHARDSON, HELEN D.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Helen D. Richardson, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Gibson, Hulbert & Webb, No. 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of August next.

Dated, New York, the 7th day of February, 1908.

HARRIET M. RICHARDSON,
Administratrix.

GIBSON, HULBERT & WEBB, Attorneys for Administratrix, 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NUGENT, DAVID.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against DAVID NUGENT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Paul D. Judge, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 15th day of September, 1908.—Dated New York, January 24th, 1908. MARY C. McLOUGHLIN, THE TRUST CO. OF AMERICA, Executors. PAUL D. JUDGE, Attorney for Executrix, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

MOORE, MARGARET T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARET T. MOORE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Weekes & Forster, No. 45 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of October next.—Dated New York, the 10th day of March, 1908. WARREN DELANO, Jr., Executor. WEEKES & FORSTER, Attorneys for Executor, 45 William St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

LEAIRD, GEORGE T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated November 30th, 1907, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE T. LEAIRD, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the offices of George Haas, No. 119 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of June, 1908.—Dated November 30th, 1907. JAMES NASH WEBB, Temporary Administrator. GEORGE HAAS, Attorney for Temp. Adm., 119 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

CRILLEY, STEPHEN THEODORE.—IN PURsuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against STEPHEN THEODORE CRILLEY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the Mechanics' National Bank, No. 88 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the thirtieth day of November next.

Dated New York the fifth day of May, 1908.

WILLIAM LESLIE CRILLEY, Administrator.
WILLIAM H. FLITNER, Atttorney for Administrator, 106 Wall Street, New York.

ROBERTSON, ANDREW.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANDREW ROBERTSON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Strong & Cadwalader, No. 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 31st day of October next.—Dated New York, the 22d day of April, 1908. AGNES E. CLARKE, EDWARD J. HANCY, Executors. STRONG & CADWALADER, Attorneys for the Executors.

WOOD, MARGARET.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARET WOOD, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Ronald K. Brown, one of the subscribers, No. 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of November next.—Dated New York, the 29th day of April, 1908. WILLIAM G. WOOD, RONALD K. BROWN, Executors. J. ALBERT LANE, Attorney for Executors, No. 320 Broadway, New York.

DENSLOW, MARIE C. C.—IN PURSUANCE of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARIE C. C. DENSLOW, late of the County of New York, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Carl L. Schurs, No. 49 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the second day of November next.

Dated New York, the 21st day of April, 1908.

GUY VAN AMRINGE,
JAMES POTTER DOD,
Executors.

CARL L. SCHURZ, Attorney for Executors, 49 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.

KISTEL, PAUL O.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against PAUL O. KISTEL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Robert Thorne, No. 30 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of August next.

Dated New York, the 17th day of February, 1908.

FREDERICK P. KISTEL, Administrator.
ROBERT THORNE, Attorney for Administrator, No. 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WOOLSEY, THEODORUS BAILEY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated November 7, 1907, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THEODORUS BAILEY WOOLSEY, late of the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 52 Beaver Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of June next.

Dated New York, the 16th day of December, 1907.

LOUISA B. WOOLSEY,
WOOLSEY CARMALT,
GEORGE DE WITT WILLIAMSON,
Executors.

FRIEDENBERG, JETTE, or YETTE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JETTE FRIEDENBERG, also known as YETTE FRIEDENBERG, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Henry Meyer, No. 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of August next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of February, 1908. DAVID FRIEDENBERG and JULIUS MEYER, Executors; LIZZIE MEYER, Executrix. HENRY MEYER, Attorney for Executors, 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

COLE, EDWARD HALL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWARD HALL COLE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, Room 1,102, No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the Twenty-second day of September next. Dated New York, the thirtieth day of March, 1908. EDWARD HALL COLE, Executor. DONALD McLEAN, Attorney for Executor, 27 William Street, New York City.

BARTRAM, FERDINAND S.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FERDINAND S. BARTRAM, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Alexander T. Wells, No. 290 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 12th day of October next.—Dated New York, the 4th day of April, 1908. CHARLES B. BARTRAM, Executor. ALEXANDER T. WELLS, Attorney for Executor, 290 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

POST, WRIGHT E.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WRIGHT E. POST, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the law offices of Ward, Hayden & Satterlee, No. 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of June next.—Dated New York, the 5th day of December, 1907. EDWARD C. POST, LANGDON WARD, Executors. WARD, HAYDEN & SATTERLEE, Attorneys for Executors, No. 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NOURSE, CHARLES J.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES J. NOURSE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorneys, Adolph and Henry Bloch, No. 99 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the thirtieth day of September next.—Dated New York, the 27th day of March, 1908. MARGARET BOWSKY, Administratrix. ADOLPH & HENRY BLOCH, Attorneys for Administratrix, 99 Nassau Street, New York City.

GAFFNEY, LEONARD T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having cla

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

East Side.

Greatest bargain to quick buyer at sacrifice for $22,500; handsome 5-story double flat near Madison Av.; terms right. Hattenbach, 179 East 94th St.

$1,500; 1st Av., 88th St., 26x103, 4½-story; $21,000. Connor, 162 East 103d St.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Must sell! Two four-story and basement single brick flats; prominent avenue, facing Park Institute; mortgage at 4½%; six, seven room apartments; tiled halls, bath; little cash required. Further particulars, Weiss, owner, 550 Brook Av.

Bronx Realty, Bonding and Insurance Co., Smith Building, 148th St. and 3d Av., N. Y. C.; mortgages and building loans.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

7TH AV. STORE PROPERTY.
Rents, $2,700. Price, $23,000.
Builder must sacrifice new four-story, 26x100, cold-water buildings, Park Slope; positive bargain; must sell this week. Call Levy Bros., 5 Beekman, Manhattan.

Rare Opportunity—Single family, detached, 10-room house, in restricted Borough Park; grounds, 40x100. Address Owner, on premises, 1,263 48th St., near 13th Av., Borough Park; brokers protected.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Flushing Country Place for Rent or Sale.—3 acres; brick mansion; late residence of H. A. Bogert; 3 stories; large attic; 19 rooms; butler's pantry; 2 bathrooms; conservatory; large basement, kitchen, and laundry; steam heat; hardwood floors; $75,000; rent, $250 per month. Apply Elliott, Jaffray & Co., 194 Broadway, New York City, or local agents.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Bargain at Jamaica, L. I.
25½ acres, or 433 building lots, with two new houses, on Rockaway Turnpike, one block from New York Av. trolley; easy terms. Apply to Dr. B. Pomerantz, 177 Madison St., New York.

For Rent, Hempstead.—10-room house, near station; five sleeping rooms; two servants' rooms; all improvements; butler's pantry; third rail Manhattan without change; rent, $50 monthly. A. W. BRIERLEY.

To any one interested in the wonderful development of Long Island, we will send a magazine descriptive of the entire movement. Address Secretary, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

$25.00 Per Acre.—Large parcels at Southampton, near Riverhead, L. I.; 323 acres free and clear; might exchange for city property. Sam'l Cohn, 271 West 125th St.

Cottages and boarding houses to rent and for sale; shore fronts, building lots, on easy terms. George Herrmann, Center Moriches, L. I.

Seven-room cottage; nearly new; plot 50x125; near station; owner going West; must sacrifice. A. P. Bjerregaard, Mineola, L. I.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Greatest bargain in Jersey; 50 acres; fine house, improvements; barns, outbuildings, quantities of fruit, crops, stock, tools; $4,500; terms. Holmes, 1,367 Broadway, Brooklyn.

NEW ENGLAND—SALE OR TO LET.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

IN THE BERKSHIRES.
For sale, Colonial house of 12 rooms, bath, and lavatory; steam heat; open plumbing; all modern improvements; nice lawns; stable, orchard, and garden; 4 acres land in meadow; house only built about 6 years; situated on Main St., Williamstown, Mass. Apply to H. H. Heap, Williamstown, Mass.

To lease for Summer months, daintily and thoroughly furnished cottage in Newton, Mass.; conveniently located; high ground; nine rooms and bath; broad covered piazza; ready for immediate occupancy; aristocratic neighborhood. Address J. C. B., care American Banknote Co., Boston, Mass.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

AT THE PRESENT TIME I HAVE A LARGE DEMAND FOR 6-STORY DOUBLE AND TRIPLE FLATS. OWNERS SEND FULL PARTICULARS.
E. J. KEHOE,
271 WEST 125TH ST.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

To Exchange—An entirely new six-story, stone, fireproof construction, American basement, 23x100, handsomely finished residence; fashionable Central Park East section New York; cost $145,000 to build; to exchange for country residence. Address Wilmerding & Field, 11 West 35th St.

$2,500 equity in suburban dwelling, and cash; for New York or Brooklyn. Apply owner, John B. Hibbard, 156 Broadway.

Builder will exchange four-story double flats, South Brooklyn, adjoining 4th Av. Subway, for unimproved property. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman, Manhattan.

Exchange $7,000 equity in flathouse on Brooklyn prominent residential avenue; must have $4,000 cash. Milton J. Gordon, 41 Park Row.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted.—Information regarding a good farm for sale; not particular about location; wish to hear from owner only, who will sell direct to buyer; give price, description, and state when possession can be had. Address L. Darbyshire, Box 4,984, Rochester, N. Y.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage loans procured on Manhattan real estate, with quick action. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

LOANS WANTED.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Wanted—Building loan of $20,000 for Bronx; liberal amount allowed for same. Conrad Muller, Jr., 299 Broadway. Phone 2377 Worth.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Light lofts to let, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes, with or without steam heat and power; rent low; near 9th Av. L Station. G. B. Raffetto, 402-412 West 13th St.

Desirable lofts, 51 West 13th St., elevator, heat, $800-$900. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

$25 will rent light, attractive office, with real estate firm. Stone, 114 Liberty St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Otsego Co.—To rent to right parties, 10 furnished rooms; running water; shady lawn; piano; telephone R. F. D.; 3 miles from town, on creek road. Box 14, R. F. D. No. 1, Morris, N. Y.

FOR SALE.

20c. *a line* 1t.; $1.12 7t.; 7 *words to line.*

Desks, roll-top; partitions, railings, bookcases, filing cabinets, chairs, tables, telephone booths, fixtures. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway. Bargains in slightly used business furniture, 59-65 Franklin St.

2,000 Edison's gold moulded records 15c. each, $1.75 per dozen; all the latest selections; (will also exchange your records.) W. W. Scott, 239 Broadway, New York.

Gentlemen's clothing to order on $1 weekly payments; perfect fit; fine material. Exchange Clothing Co., 289 Broadway, entrance on Park Place.

Gasoline motor yacht, 55 feet long; draws 6 feet; well equipped for use; first-class builder; $2,500. Room 18 No. 55 Broadway.

Typewriters rented, $3 up; installments, repairing. Telephone 2084 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 181 Broadway.

For Sale.—Remington typewriting machine in good condition; very cheap. Room 121, 51 Maiden Lane.

For Sale.—Business and property; groceries, liquors, &c.; going abroad. Splawsky, 45 Liberty St., Long Branch, N. J.

Typewriters, cash registers, time clocks, office furniture, safes, mimeographs, desks, chairs. Nathan's, 4 White.

One stock board, 10 feet long, oak, complete, with electric light; also stock tickers. Budd & Co., 71-73 Spring St.

AUCTION SALES.

ADJOURNED ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, will sell at Public Auction on Monday, May 18th, 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 72 First Avenue, Manhattan: The contents of a store, consisting of notions, hardware, and housefurnishing goods belonging to the estate of Morris Friedman, deceased.
By order of SAMUEL FRIEDMAN, Administrator.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Extraordinary proposition for responsible lessee to acquire in heart of city, between 34th and 42d Sts., near Broadway, and in the midst of hotel and theatre district, a unique improvement, consisting of bowling alleys, cafe, billiard room, ball and banquet hall, built in conformity with lessee's views. H. I. Phillips, 25 West 42d St. Tel. 495 Bryant.

INSTRUCTION.

20c. *a line*; 50c. 3t.; $1.05 7t.; $4.50 30t.

I wish to call the attention of the public, especially tailors and dressmakers, to my new and improved system of designing, which is extremely simple. PROFESSOR D'ALESSIO, School of Designing, 74 5th Av., New York.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

WEST SIDE.

APARTMENTS, ALL IMPROVEMENTS.

200 West 62d St., 3 rooms	$10.00
646 9th Av., 3 rooms	12.50
434 West 53d St., 3 rooms	11.00
707 9th Av., 4 rooms	18.00
434 West 53d St., 4 rooms	14.00
72 West 109th St., 4 rooms	14.00
400 West 52d St., 4 rooms	16.00
530 West 50th St., 4 rooms	16.00
327 East 43d St., 4 rooms	15.00
252 West 92d St., 5 rooms	35.00
1 West 111th St., 7 rooms	40.00

Janitor, or P. C. ECKHARDT, 603 9TH AV.

A.—229 WEST 101ST ST., CORNER BROADWAY.
Apartment 4 large light rooms for housekeeping; high-class house; passenger elevator; telephone; rent $45.
Firm L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty, 1,181 3d Av.

In the Stuart, Corner Broadway and 94th St.—Nice, large, light, and airy rooms. Apply to Christopher Heiser, 62 Liberty St., or to Superintendent, on the premises.

EAST SIDE.

Royal Crown, 142 East 27th St., Near Madison Square.—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $40; four rooms, bath, $45-$50; five rooms, bath, $60-$65; decorations to suit; tiled baths; electric lights; elevator; 'phone in apartments.

4 and 5 rooms, baths, hot water; moderate rents; healthy location. Corner Avenue A and 67th St.

BRONX.

2,405 Grand Av., between 184th St. and Fordham Road, 6 large, light rooms and bath; reasonable rents. Apply janitor on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—FURNISHED

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

To Sublet—From June 1 until Oct. 1, 3-room and bath with shower, corner apartment; large, airy, well furnished; outside rooms, eastern, western, and southern exposures, overlooking the Hudson and Riverside; use of Chickering piano and books; services of maid included in rent. For terms address or apply apartment 11A, Hotel Narragansett, 93d St. and Broadway. Telephone 3943 River. Apartment can be seen at any time.

Strictly private family will rent for Summer to gentlemen two very large rooms and bath on Riverside Drive, near 79th St. Subway station. Address W. H., Box 28 Times, Times Square.

Delightfully cool corner, seven-room, high class apartment, handsomely furnished; $75 monthly, formerly $150. 758 West End Av., 96th Subway. De Neuville.

Furnished seven-room apartment to rent to October; $50 month. Taylor, 170 West 78th.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Bachelor, highest reference, desires comfortably furnished apartment for the Summer months; location must be between 42d St. and 59th St. and between Madison and Sixth Avs. Address L. T., Box 106 Times Downtown.

BOARD AND ROOM DIRECTORY.

1 *line* 7 *words* 7 *times* 70c.

71st St., 70 West.—Well furnished; moderate.

77th St., 111 West.—Large room; gentlemen.

141st, 504 West.—Room with board; telephone.

786 Lexington Av., 61st St.—Comfortable room.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

COMPANION.—A resident companion for a young invalid lady, living in the country; must be cultivated and refined and not over 35 years old, and an Episcopalian; will be required to read aloud and write from dictation; no menial work required. Address, stating qualifications, K. L. W., Westchester, New York.

GOVERNESSES, teachers, housekeepers, matrons, attendants, nurses, &c. Hopkins' Educational Agency, 1 Union Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, competent stenographer and typewriter able to take dictation on machine must be familiar with mimeograph. Address, stating salary desired, Competent, Box 39 Times, Times Square.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.—On daily newspaper to solicit cards for daily trade directory on commission. Address Opportunity, Box 67 Times, Times Square.

ORGANISTS for churches East, West, South; $800 to $1,000. Webster's 136 5th Av.

SALESMAN for Greater New York; only those having experience in selling tea and coffee to the retail trade considered; all replies must give age, nationality, and experience; all replies treated in confidence. Box 1,084 New York City.

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write English; men wanted now for service in Cuba and the Philippines. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 2,362 3d Av., 962 3d Av., 808 East 34th St., 749 6th Av., 147 Park Row, 79 Cortlandt St., 332 8th Av., 2,306 8th Av., New York; 363 Fulton St., 474 5th Av., 197 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City; 54 Hudson Place, Hoboken, N. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent bookkeeper and stenographer; several years experience; can take full charge; salary $18.00. E., Box 24 Times, Times Square.

COOK.—Lady leaving the city on May 23 wishes to place her competent cook. Call Monday, May 18, between 11 and 1 o'clock, 66 West 52d St.

DOMESTIC SERVANTS of a superior class on register. Miss Curry's Bureau, 26 W. 42d.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Several colored girls, experienced, with city references; city or country; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 514 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

INFANT'S NURSE.—Competent; wages, $35 to $40. Call former employer's, 29 East 80th St.

SECRETARY, &c.—Young American woman, school teacher, after June 1, work, any kind, secretary, companion, nurse to invalid, caretaker; references exchanged. P. S., Box 414 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—By stenographer, typewriter, and general office assistant; eight months' experience; neat, accurate, painstaking; best references; $7-$8. Nelson, Box 197 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Understands bookkeeping; recent graduate good school; good penman; accurate, neat; correct in figures; $6. Miss Fein, 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; neat, accurate, refined; $12-$15; highest references. Accuracy, Box 128 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school education; competent; references; $10. Punctual, Box 189 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; several years' experience; educated, refined, tactful; highly recommended. A., Box 134 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; High School education; neat; very accurate; $3. Earnest, Box 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Experienced, capable, and efficient; reference. I. M., 147 East 78th St., city.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert service; reasonable rates; highest references; audits, investigations monthly or quarterly; special temporary work; systems installed. Auditor, 156 5th Av., Room 923. Tel. 2488 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, posted, audited; moderate. Hermann Goldschmidt, 154 Nassau 4,317 Beekman.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced all lines; desires temporary position; $6 weekly; books opened, closed, written up, disentangled; special arrangements made with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; highest references. Expert, Room 612, 150 Nassau St. 'Phone 4587 Beekman.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant; writes up, balances, audits books regular intervals. Accountant, 148 East 55th St.

CHEF.—White, middle-aged, strictly temperate, open for engagement at Summer hotel, boarding house, or private family in country; would serve as steward of outing club or camping party; soups, entrees, salads, frozen desserts his specialties; references. S., Box 200 Times, Times Square.

COACHMAN for the Summer; only best of reference. P. Conefry, 2,232 8th Av.

DETECTIVE, with best city reference, 30 years of age, strictly temperate, wishes position. Address Paper, Box 50 Times, Times Square.

ENGINEER—Desires position; had charge of office buildings, hotels, and refrigerating plants; holds first-class papers. J. W. R., Box 149 Times Downtown.

GRADUATE civil and mining engineer, (30,) married, seeks position involving cost-engineering, accounting, or economical production with manufacturing or commercial concern or railroad; salary subordinate to opportunities; has held successfully positions requiring executive as well as technical ability, and can refer to all previous employers. C. W., Box 36 Times, Times Square.

HOTEL CLERK.—27; man of executive ability, well educated, attractive personality, highly recommended, character, ability, desires permanent engagement, first-class hotel or club, city or country; capable assistant to manager; qualified bookkeeper. Herbert Cox, 683 Carroll St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) experienced clerk; last position with advertising department of leading New York newspaper; 7 years' law office experience; moderate salary. R. B., Box 193 Times Downtown.

LOST AND FOUND.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

LOST—On Saturday afternoon, either on S. S. Saratoga or McCreery's 23d St. store or Macy's or Subway, lady's plain gold watch, onyx fob, set with pearls. Suitable reward if returned to W. Williams, 128 Broadway, care of Pennsylvania Railroad.

LOST—Thursday, 7 P. M., in a taxicab, between Hotel Astor and Schuyler Arms, gold lorgnette, with diamond setting. Liberal reward on return to office at Schuyler Arms, 207 West 98th St.

LOST—Lady's diamond solitaire ring in Orangerie Dining Room, Hotel Astor; suitable reward. A. L. Tuska, 55 Murray St., New York City.

LOST—A lady's open-faced gold watch, large monogram, M. B., in or between Astor Theatre and Grand Central Depot; reward. Williamson, 81 Fenimore St., Brooklyn.

LOST—12th Regiment Armory, diamond stud, on last Friday night, 5-8-'08; suitable reward. B., Box 72 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Gold and diamond monogram pin, letters "J. L. P." Reward if returned to Postley, 611 West 137th St.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS AND DOGS.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House, at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to procure pets should apply at the Shelter.

LOST.

The following articles were advertised as Lost in THE NEW YORK TIMES last week. Information regarding them should be sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES Lost and Found Bureau, Times Building:

1. 4 bracelets	15. 4 rings	28. Surgical belt
2. 3 bags	16. 4 pocket-books	29. Blank book
3. 3 breastpins	17. Photographs	30. Card case
4. 5 necklaces	18. R. R. pass	31. Vanity case
5. 12 watches	19. 5 purses	32. Envelope
6. 3 packages	20. 3 handbags	33. Horses and wagon
7. 2 hearts	21. Borette	34. Stud
8. 4 brooches	22. Watch charm	35. Cuff button
9. R. R. ticket	23. Horse	36. 16 dogs
10. Papers	24. Cane	37. 10 bank books
11. Umbrella	25. Earring	
12. 4 fobs	26. Suit clothes	
13. 8 pins	27. Chain and pencil	
14. Book		

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

West Side.

20TH, 856 WEST.—Large and small rooms; bath on every floor; excellent table; telephone.

59TH, 9 W.—Attractive, large rooms, excellent table board; references.

58TH ST., 506 WEST.—Comfortable large room; first-class board; homelike, well-kept house; references.

72D ST., 151 WEST.—Fourth floor (front) rooms; beautifully furnished; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Delightfully cool rooms, singly or en suite; private baths; electric lights; superior accommodations at moderate cost.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Unusual opportunity to secure in first-class, homelike house unsurpassed board; references.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Large and small room, with board; Summer rates; telephone; references.

84TH ST., 33 WEST.—Large, elegant front room; running water; dressing room; private house, near Central Park; excellent table; homelike; reasonable.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; good board; all conveniences; telephone; references.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Double room, second floor; select house; couple, gentlemen; table guests; references.

137TH ST., 311 WEST.—Excellent accommodations for couple or gentlemen, with small Jewish private family; two rooms, bath. St. Nicholas Park neighborhood.

149TH ST., 540-544 WEST, (Near 145th St. Broadway Subway Station.)—Most beautiful and healthiest location in city; newly furnished large, bright room; bath; $14-$16 for two; good home meals; every comfort.

PRIVATE family, owning home, will rent front room; one flight; married couple or bachelor; upper west side. B., Box 28 Times, Times Sq.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, N. W. Washington Square.—Large rooms; every convenience; first-class board; elegant location; Summer rates.

WEST END AV., 879, Corner 103d St.—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; most beautiful location New York; overlooking park and river; handsomely furnished rooms; private baths; private telephones; more foliage than country; no noisy street cars; superior table.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Double room; also small room; exceptionally good table; table guests.

24TH ST., 119 EAST.—Southern cuisine; elegant shower bath; Atkinson cottage, Virginia Beach, Virginia; June 1-Sept. 15; under same management.

58TH ST., 50 EAST.—Refined people can secure exceptionally desirable rooms, with board, at Summer rates; also ready to make arrangements for Fall and Winter; references required.

MADISON AV., 673-694,696, (61st St.)—Single and double rooms; excellent board; Summer prices.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, Douglaston.—Open the year round. In the centre of large estate on Little Neck Bay. Attractive and homelike. Easy commuting distance. Write for terms and particulars.

COUNTRY BOARD.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

INEXPENSIVE VACATION.
65 minutes from New York; 7 minutes station; farm; furnished room; bath; excellent board; beautiful situation on Raritan River; stable horse, automobile. W. C., Box 24 Times, Times Square.

BAY 26TH ST., 114.—Well-furnished rooms, with excellent board, agreeable society, attractive, homelike; direct connections with New York, one block from bathing place on sea shore. Von Glahn.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

ABSOLUTELY select accommodations; every section of city; list mailed upon request; desirable vacancies solicited. Temple Rental Company, 110 West 34th St.

West Side.

21ST ST., 5 WEST.—Superior rooms, large and small, day or week, 50 cents to $1.50.

51ST ST., 351 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private house; nice location; moderate price.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Doctor's office; private house; moderate terms; all accommodations.

72D ST., 152 WEST.—Second floor suite, single; porcelain bath; "L" Subway; gentlemen; moderate; references.

81ST ST., WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished room to refined gentleman, private house; references; very cheap for Summer. Address H. D., Box 20 Times, Times Square.

84TH ST., 35 WEST.—Finely furnished room, private bath, in private house; telephone, electric light; gentleman only; breakfast served in room if desired.

95TH ST., 206 WEST.—Bachelor apartment; elegantly furnished; four bedrooms; $30 week; Subway. Talford.

96TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large rooms, en suite; also small rooms; breakfast if required.

107TH, 230 WEST.—Large cool rooms, private baths; everything first-class; breakfast optional. Pierce.

111TH ST., 125 WEST.—Private house; desirable rooms; running water, hot, cold; Subway. "L."

136TH ST., 154 WEST.—Room in private family; hot and cold water; board; convenient. Whitney.

143D ST., 520 WEST, (Tel. 8584 Audubon.)—Private house; nicely furnished rooms for men; handy to Broadway Subway, Ball grounds, and excursion boats.

150TH ST., 527 WEST.—Double room; also single; cool private house; board convenient; telephone connection.

WAVERLEY PL., 102, (adjoining best corner Washington Square)—Well-furnished, comfortable room in high-class apartment; quiet; $5.

WEST END AV., 520, Corner 86th.—Southern exposure; large, small rooms, suites; breakfast.

East Side.

45TH, 139 EAST.—Private, high-class house for gentlemen only; newly decorated and completely furnished; scrupulously clean; Summer rates; reference.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsome room; private bath; square room; running water; single room; references.

58TH, 34 EAST, (Near Madison Av.)—Single connecting rooms; all conveniences; breakfast; Summer rates.

Brooklyn.

BEDFORD AV., 1,121, Brooklyn.—Association Club Building, finely furnished rooms for young men; steam heat, electric light, hot and cold water, telephone, elevator service, restaurant, gymnasium, swimming pool, baths, bowling alleys, billiard room; all club privileges. Rooms $2.75 to $4 a week. Bedford Branch, Y. M. C. A.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

20c. *a line*; 48c. 3t.; 84c. 7t.; 7 *words to line.*

Cafe.—Long established, corner, near 125th St. 8th Av. "L" station; bargain; good reason for selling. Benner Co., 55 Liberty St.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

20c. *a line* 1t.; $1.12 7t.; 7 *words to line.*

Bargains—Sohmer, Steinway, Weber uprights, 20 uprights, $75 upward. Winterroth, 108 East 14th St.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

YOU MUST NOT FORGET

THE ABSOLUTE SALE OF

LOHBAUER PARK

700 BRONX LOTS

COMMENCES

TO-MORROW

Tuesday, May 19, at
Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street,
11 A. M.
JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer.
Offices, 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ELMHURST, L. I.

4 miles from Long Island City.

84 Trains a day; 9 minutes from Long Island City. Fare 5c.
20 minutes trolley ride from Long Island City. Fare 5c.
30 minutes trolley ride to Borough Hall, Brooklyn. Fare 5c.

Assessed in 1897 at $275,000.
Assessed in 1908 at $969,000.

Compare the above figures and they will show what Elmhurst has done.

SPECIAL SALE

2-family brick houses; all improvements; 2 heaters, 2 sets of plumbing; 5 and 6 rooms on each floor. Price $6,300 and upwards on very easy terms.

FLOORS TO RENT
THE CORD MEYER COMPANY,
62 William Street, N. Y., or Elmhurst, L. I.

LET STOCKS AND BONDS ALONE

PUT YOUR MONEY IN LOTS AT

ELMHURST HEIGHTS NEW YORK CITY

AS NEAR TO HERALD SQUARE AS 125TH STREET

and directly in line of the great transportation developments now nearing completion. Real estate well within the city limits is the safest and most profitable investment that you can make. The growth of the great City of New York insures big profits to present buyers at Elmhurst Heights.

ACT NOW
BANKERS LAND CORPORATION

A POSTAL WILL BRING YOU PARTICULARS
887 MANHATTAN AVE.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

OWNER MUST SELL

four-story NEW modern Brick Apartment, 37.6x88, containing 70 rooms in best condition. RENTING FOR $4,000. PRICE $30,000; ONLY $5,000 CASH NEEDED. Property is on a leading boulevard 100 feet wide, within five minutes' walk of entrance to Blackwell's Island Bridge, Long Island City.

Call at once. Take ferry from East 23d and walk up three blocks to office.

J. P. Sloane, Attorney,
887 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Desirable

loans on improved property will have prompt attention and always be quickly acted upon.

Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company

CAPITAL & SURPLUS $9,500,000
87 Liberty Street, 59 Liberty Street, MANHATTAN.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
1354 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Geo. R. Read & Co

REAL ESTATE.
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way.
Branch: 2 East 35th St.

NEW ENGLAND—SALE OR TO LET.

LYME, CONN.—To Let, Old Colonial House, 15 rooms, and three cottages of 13, 11, and 10 rooms; all with modern improvements and three fully furnished; the last unfurnished. Address Mrs. E. E. SALISBURY, New Haven, Conn.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

BATH BEACH.—House wanted at Bath Beach; 8 rooms, improvements; moderate rent; small family; permanent tenant. Address W., Box 82 Times, Times Square.

Wanted, flats and tenements for cash buyers. FEIST, 408 WEST 42D.

LOANS WANTED.

$160,000 Wanted at 5½%

To replace expiring guaranteed 5% mortgage on row high-class Brooklyn apartments. Address J. K., Box 102 Times Downtown.

NEW ENGLAND—SALE OR TO LET.

QUICK SALE NECESSARY.

Maple Grange Farm, Enosburg, Vt., 900 acres, the best farming section in Vermont; finely located; two complete sets excellent buildings; large, roomy house, three modern, up-to-date barns, running water in house and barns; 4,400 sugar trees, fully equipped; capacity farm 125 head stock; farm durably fenced with wire—a farm for a farmer of capacity or an estate for city gentleman. One of the best farm purchases in Vermont. Also one of the finest properties for an estate. Will sell as one farm or will divide into two. Price for whole, $18,000. Write quick for full particulars to A. M. ASELTINE, Real Estate Agent, Enosburg Falls, Vt. Large list of desirable farm properties from 70 to 600 acres.

FURNISHED SEASIDE COTTAGE.

Nine rooms and bath, open plumbing, 125 feet porch, 3 sides magnificent, unobstructed ocean view; finest bathing beach; house 200 feet from same; perfect lawn, purest drinking water; short distance from Lyme Station, above New Haven shore line division, New Haven Railroad; restricted; telephone therein; sell cheap or rent June 1st to Oct. 15th, $250. Owner, P. O. Box 82 Mount Vernon, New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LENOX AVE. STORE TO LET
211 Lenox Ave., Corner 121st St.
In new 6-story elevator apartment house. Good size store, suitable for any line of business (especially ladies' or children's wearing apparel.)
RENT CHEAP—$65.
ONLY ONE REMAINING.

Fifth National Bank Building,
23d St., corner 3d Av. Large, light offices, including electric light, elevator, and janitor service. Charles Bohlen, Agent, under bank.

QUEENS BOROUGH LOTS.

Full size, high and dry, 800 feet from Subway Station, next to Jamaica, $250 up; New York City school, stores, churches, within 2 blocks from property; trolley, with 5-cent fare to Brooklyn, traversing it. Cement sidewalks and parked boulevard. Most desirable development in the Borough. For information and free transportation, address Room 802, 150 Nassau St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE.

NEW DEPARTURE.
Prospect Park West and 4th St.

Brooklyn's choicest residential section; one family houses, three-story American basement, 10 rooms and two baths; artistic stone fronts; most up to date, high-class houses in the city.

Price, $14,000
Easy terms; always open for inspection.
OTTO SINGER, Builder.

$1,000 CASH. LOOK!

Here is a chance. Owner going West, will sell remarkably cheap his handsome two-story and basement 2-family stone house; 2 sets of improvements; carpets, shades, &c.; superb location, highest ground in Bay Ridge, overlooking New York Bay; near "L" and trolley.
NEW YORK REAL ESTATE CO.,
6th Av., 52d St., Brooklyn.

BATH BEACH BARGAIN.

To close out estate will sell 5 lots fronting on 86th St. and 24th Av. at a great sacrifice; ready for building. Attorney, 1,719 Flatiron Building.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

For Rent at Riverdale.
Especially Suitable for a Road House or Hotel.

Magnificent estate of thirty-five (35) acres. Large mansion containing fifty (50) rooms, eight (8) bathrooms, all improvements, parquet floors, open plumbing, electric light, etc.

Large barn and garage, several tenant houses, a lodge house at entrance to grounds, greenhouses, chicken houses, tool houses, etc.

Property faces on Riverdale Ave., near 252d St. This ground is positively the highest elevation in the City of New York. Ten minutes' walk from Riverdale Station, fifteen minutes' walk from Kingsbridge Station of the Subway.

The property has beautiful lawns, driveways, and any number of superb shade trees. Rent $4,000, 5 years' lease.

McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co., Sole Agents.
489 Fifth Ave., below 42d St. Tel. 4000 38th.

Furnished Houses.
WHITE PLAINS AND WESTCHESTER CO.
To Rent for the Summer.
$50 per mo.; $75, $100, $200 to $400 and up.
E. N. Ehrhart, 7 E. 42d St. (4545—38th St.)

For Sale—Elegant brick dwelling near completion; 2½ stories, 11 or 13 rooms; all improvements; beautifully located on banks of Hudson; 40 minutes from city. Teesedale, 2,201 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

5 DAYS TO MAY 24

SEVERAL OF THE LAST OF THE OLD ESTATES IN GREATER NEW YORK HAVE BEEN COMBINED AND ARE NOW BEING CAREFULLY DEVELOPED AND HIGHLY RESTRICTED AS A RESIDENTIAL SECTION. THEY WILL BE OPENED FOR INSPECTION

SUNDAY, MAY 24

Previous to that date special privileges in price and location will be granted to those applying at the office.
Only twelve miles from the centre of city; easily reached in 25 minutes by a new third rail electric system. Opening prices low.
SAVE MONEY BY WRITING TO-DAY FOR FREE BOOKLET AND VIEWS OF THE PROPERTY.

H. L. STINE,
MANAGER OF THE ESTATE.
Room 302.
45 West 34th St., New York

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

MIDDLETOWN FARM,
Containing 60 acres; elegant brick dwelling, other buildings; healthiest location; situated at station; sell or exchange. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman, Manhattan.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The JOHNSON HOUSES

TWO-FAMILY BRICK semi-detached houses, situated on the east side of Whitlock Av.; Hunt's Point Av. to Tiffany St. TO REACH THE PROPERTY by Subway, leave the train at Simpson St. station, walk south on Southern Boulevard two blocks, then east one block.

ON LOTS 25x130 FEET, the houses cover 20x35 feet, being built in pairs. Full three-story and cellar; steam heat, hardwood trim, double floors; front and gable walls of pressed brick. THE IMPORTANT FEATURES of LIGHT and AIR, AMPLE CLOSETS and size of rooms will meet the requirements of the most exacting.

OUR TERMS ARE EASY and our prices moderate. With a small percentage of cash we offer a long-time mortgage at a low rate of interest.

THE HOUSES ARE OPEN FOR INSPECTION daily and Sundays.

George F. Johnson's Sons' Comp'y
Owners and Builders.
OFFICE, 830 WESTCHESTER AV., at the Prospect Av. Station of the Subway.

A-RE-CO TWO-FAMILY HOUSES ON EASY TERMS

Finest two-family houses in New York—on Faile Street—half hour from downtown. Nine rooms and bath for owner, six rooms and bath for rental.

Large rooms, reception hall, big closets, hardwood floors, steam heat, hot water, electricity, gas.

Send for illustrated booklet or call.
AMERICAN REAL ESTATE COMPANY
1028 Westchester Avenue (Simpson Street Station of the Subway). Tel. 2383-Melrose.

BARGAIN $3,750.

buys four-story double, cold-water flat. Two stores, avenue property, near 159th Street. Always rented; mortgage $15,000; rent $1,900. C. HERRLICH, 3305 Third

80 AUTO SPEEDERS CAUGHT BY POLICE

Kingdon Gould and Auctioneer Joseph P. Day Among Those Held Up.

RECORD ARRESTS MADE

Machine Owned by Jersey City Police Commissioner in the List—Bingham's Machine Makes Captures.

Bicycle policemen, mounted policemen, and just plain policemen all over the city were on the alert yesterday for chauffeurs with slight regard for the speed regulations, and there were eighty arrests, the largest number ever made in the city in one day.

In Harlem the automobiles of Commissioner Bingham and Deputy Commissioner Bugher were scouring the boulevards and favorite haunts of the speeders, and greatly assisted in the work of overhauling those who tried to get away.

Twenty-six arrests were made by the police of the West 152d Street and West 125th Street Police Stations up to midnight, making a total of forty-eight captures for Harlem in the twenty-four hours, twenty-two arrests having been made on Saturday night. Thirty-three automobile prisoners were arraigned before Magistrate Cornell in the West Side Court during the day, and all but two were held for trial. All around, it was a busy day for the stop-watch men.

The most notable arrests were those of Kingdon Gould, the chauffeur of Joseph P. Day, the auctioneer, and treasurer of Tammany Hall, and the Chauffeur of Martin Dabs, Police Commissioner of Jersey City.

Young Gould was one of the fifteen men arrested by Lieut. Dobson and Policeman Leach in Commissioner Bingham's auto and taken to the West 152d Street Police Station. He was overhauled at Broadway and 185th Street, and at the station house was charged with going at a rate of twenty-two miles an hour. He cheerfully remarked to the Lieutenant on the desk that he "guessed they had him right," and put up the $100 without question.

Mr. Day, who was hastening to address a meeting at Lohbauer Park, the property which he will auction off to-morrow, was stopped at Eastern Boulevard and Elliott Avenue, the Bronx. His chauffeur was arrested on a charge of driving at a rate of twenty-seven miles an hour, and both were taken to the Westchester Police Station. Mr. Day offered to put up Tammany Hall as his bail, and declared that he did not have the requisite $100 in his pocket. After telling the officers in the station house of a few things that might happen to them, he was finally persuaded to give a piece of real estate as security and continued on his way to the park.

Commissioner Dab's wife was in his machine with two women friends when it was stopped at Broadway and Fifty-third Street early in the afternon by Bicycle Policeman Kerrigan. At the West Forty-seventh Street Station Mrs. Dabs put up cash bail and laughingly told the Lieutenant that she didn't blame him. "My husband is getting after them over in Jersey," she said.

Lieut. Giesler and Policeman Finnegan, in Commissioner Bingham's auto, while stationed at the 110th Street entrance to Central Park, made two captures after an exciting chase. Both autos came out of the park at the same time at a good rate of speed and started up Seventh Avenue. Giesler concluded that they were making at least twenty miles an hour and went after them. At 125th Street the traffic held the machines up and Finnegan jumped out and arrested the driver of one of them, who said he was William Wilkinson of 317 West 117th Street.

The other machine, which was being driven by a woman, swung around hurriedly and started back down the avenue. She was overhauled at 116th Street, and at the West 125th Street Station said she was Mrs. Sarah N. Staisny of 38 West 119th Street. She offered a bracelet and her watch as bail, but the Lieutenant on the desk decided that they were not sufficient, and a man who was in the machine with her and refused to give his name helped her out with his watch.

The Commissioner's machine was later turned over to Sergt. Nerney and "Ajax" Whitman. Early in the evening they captured John Roach, who said he lived at the Hotel Navarre, and his sister.

She is Mrs. Walter C. Burbank, and they were at the Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street. At the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station Mrs. Burbank offered a diamond ring, which she said was worth $1,000, as security, but it was refused, and they had to leave their machine, a big red touring car, before the police would release them.

Later in the evening, while chasing another car down Eighth Avenue, a street cleaning cart drove out of Fortieth Street in front of the Commissioner's machine, forcing it up on to the sidewalk. No one was thrown out, but one of the mudguards was smashed against a lamppost and the auto got away. The driver of the cart was arrested and fined $1 in the Night Court.

William C. Grover, a merchant, of East Orange, was arrested by Bicycle Policeman Haggerty at Westchester Road and Pelham Parkway, the Bronx, on a charge of driving at thirty miles an hour. Sanford Robinson of 32 West Forty-fifth Street was caught by Bicycle Policeman Dilion at Fordham Parkway and New Rochelle Road, the speed charge, and gave his watch as security.

Other arrests were: Eugene Meyer, Jr., the stock broker of 7 Wall Street, and the chauffeurs of J. N. Sulzberger of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger; Madge Leidlow of 310 West Eightieth Street; Charles F. Flint, 4 East Forty-sixth Street, and Frances L. Hirschoff, of West Sixty-ninth Street.

Arthur Piel, the brewer, who gave his address as 148 Riverside Drive, was arrested in Pelham Manor for speeding at the rate of twenty-eight miles an hour. He put up $25 cash guarantee for his appearance on Wednesday for trial.

SPEEDING AUTOISTS FOOLED.

Showered with Blossom Petals When They Expected to be Arrested.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., May 17.—Two automobiles were racing along Fulton Avenue at a forty-mile clip this afternoon when suddenly two men stepped out from a group on a corner with their hands held out as if holding stop watches. The two machines slowed down to a Sunday school gait as if by magic, expecting to be arrested. But keen was the surprise of the drivers when they got a shower of blossom petals in their eyes.

With "speed forward" the cars leaped ahead, and were lost in a cloud of dust. And the boys stood in the middle of the road and grinned.

AUTO RUNS DOWN WOMAN OF 71.

Wheels Break Both Her Legs and Driver Escapes by Putting on Speed.

On her way home from church last night Mrs. Anna Flynn, 71 years old, of 56 Lee Avenue, Brooklyn, was knocked down by a touring automobile at the corner of Bedford Avenue and Ross Street. The machine passed over her body, breaking both legs and inflicting internal injuries. The car, which contained three women and two men, sped on and the woman was taken to her home in an ambulance from the Williamsburg Hospital by Dr. Henderson, who said her condition was critical.

The police of the Clymer Street Station were unable to find the owner of the automobile last night.

TOWED CRIPPLED AUTO—FINED.

Justice Is Lenient, However, as His Own Son Is Accused of Speeding.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, May 17.—G. Osmar Reynolds, Jr., of Pelham Manor to-day received a telephone message from a Pelham Manor neighbor, J. R. Westerfield, who owns a big machine, that his car had broken down on North Street, New Rochelle, and asking him to come and tow him home. Mr. Reynolds drove his car to New Rochelle, and was towing his neighbor toward Pelham Manor, when he was arrested for speeding. He said he had to go fast to get his tow up a hill. He was fined $15. Arthur Bedell of Mount Vernon was fined $20; Fred Newman of 2,441 Eighth Avenue, Manhattan, was released.

Justice Schlessinger was noticeably lenient with auto speeders to-day. His son was arrested for speeding in Manhattan last week and he will defend him this week.

1 DEAD, 7 HURT, IN AUTO CRASH

Chauffeur, Entertaining Friends in Employer's Absence, Instantly Killed.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 17.—One man is dead and seven others hurt, two dangerously, as a result of a rear-end automobile collision this morning at Hillsgrove, ten miles from this city.

Stephen Dodge, chauffeur for Andrew B. Kelly, 325 Broadway, this city, without Kelley's knowledge took a party of seven friends out for a spin in Kelly's sixty horse power auto late last night. The party were skimming along on a level stretch at Hillsgrove, when suddenly, just ahead, Dodge saw a small car going the same way. It was too late to stop, but Dodge clapped on the brakes. When the crash came the big auto turned at right angles and went over. Dodge was pinned beneath it. The other men were thrown in every direction.

Edward Conroy of Pawtucket Heights and George Whittaker, together with Dodge, were taken to the Rhode Island Hospital. Dodge's skull was fractured, and he died a few hours later.

The injuries of the other five are not serious. Clarence E. Austin of 22 Fort Avenue, who with a friend was in the small auto, was uninjured, nor was his automobile damaged.

AUTO GETS NEW CYCLIST.

Knocked Out on the Jericho Turnpike, Where He Was Learning the Wheel.

Special to The New York Times.

JERICHO, L. I., May 17.—In the course of his education as a bicycle rider, Toney Muskey of this place was run down by a heavy red touring car on the turnpike west of Jericho at noon to-day. In going his wabbling way he succeeded in avoiding one car, only to run into another of the many motors which take advantage of this speedway on Sundays. The crash left the man unconscious and his bicycle useless. Three men in the car who refused to disclose their identity rushed the victim to Kruggs's Hotel and then motored to the Nassau Hospital, taking Dr. R. D. Grimmer, the house surgeon, back with them. The man is now at the hospital. No bones were broken and he will recover.

Frank Burrelle's Auto Injures a Man.

An automobile containing Frank A. Burrelle, his wife, and another woman, knocked down and ran over an Italian choemaker, Leonardo Cousins, 45 years old, of 179 Branfield Avenue, Montclair, N. J., last night at Broadway and Mail Street. Cousins was removed to the Hudson Street Hospital. His left thigh was fractured. The chauffeur of Burrelle's machine, Vincent Champlain, was locked up. Burrelle took charge of the automobile and went on his way.

FIRE ESCAPES BLOCKED.

Three Families Barely Saved in a Harlem Tenement Blaze.

Three families were rescued from fire in the four-story tenement house at 813 Amsterdam Avenue, between 149th and 150th Streets, last night at 8:30 o'clock. The fire was extinguished after it had done $2,000 damage.

It started in the basement, where an Italian had a coal and wood shop, and as the house filled with strifling smoke, the tenants made a rush for the stairs.

Three families saw the basement stairway blazing, and found all the fire escapes jammed with boxes, old clothes, and other rubbish. They became so excited that they had not sense enough left to clear away the rubbish.

Samuel Bleyer of 461 West 153d Street, Leonard Bleyer of 149 West 143d Street, Alphonso Gordan of 465 West 153d Street, and George Ranks of 480 West 150th Street, went up along the fire escapes, clearing them of their impediments and inducing the tenants to come out and climb down to certain safety.

It was found that the fire ladders reaching from the lowest fire escape were too short, so that many of the tenants had to jump from the last platform. Ernest Miller, a boy from the third floor, fell through the opening of the fire escape platform at his window. He was caught by Samuel Bleyer, who helped him down to safety.

The police reserves were called from the West 152d Street Station to hold back the crowds.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.
1:10—33 E. 108th St.; owner unknown..... Loss, $10
2:10—148 Lincoln Av.; J. Male..... Trifling
2:35—552 Courtlandt Av.; S. Jackson.. Trifling
3:00—160 E. 128th St.; W. Kelly..... Trifling
6:55—2,073 8th Av.; H. Hunter..... Trifling
7:00—31 Chrystie St.; owner unknown.. Trifling
10:45—401 and 408 Cherry St.; G. Jennings.. Trifling

P. M.
1:35—202 E. 108d St.; S. Russe..... $50
1:35—176 Madison St.; Dora Levy..... $100
1:35—249 W. 61st St.; S. Wright..... $100
4:30—Baretto St. and East Bay Av.; City of New York..... Trifling
5:30—245 Rivington St.; L. Goldstein.. Trifling
7:15—617 6th Av.; Farrell & Fickett.. Trifling
7:25—51 E. 108th St.; Matilda Peters..... $50
7:45—1,583 3d Av.; M. Kitchen..... $100
7:45—233 E. 105th St.; owner unknown. Trifling
7:50—244 E. 20th St.; William King... Trifling
8:25—1,818 Amsterdam Av.; unknown.. $2,000
9:10—517 E. 85th St.; Fannie Gross.. Trifling
9:30—111 W. 62d St.; owner unknown... $100
10:45—100 Pitt St.; Charles Frischinan.. Trifling

Post Office Clerks to Hold Games.

The best athletes in the East will take part in the games of the New York Post Office Clerks' Association at Celtic Park on May 31. The events are handicap runs at 100, 300, 880 yards, one mile, 440-yard novice, running hop, step, and jump handicap, and a one-mile relay race open to Intersettlement Athletic League, Catholic Athletic League, Church Athletic League, and Young Men's Christian Association teams. There will also be three closed races for Post Office employes, a 100-yard dash, 440-yard run, both handicap, and a half-mile inter-city relay race for four-men teams, each runner to go 220 yards. The inter-city relay will have entries from New York, Philadelphia, and Brooklyn.

FOUR PAGES OF PAINTINGS FROM THE PARIS SALON.

The New York Times in its edition of next Sunday, May 24, will publish four pages of superb reproductions of many of the more notable paintings now being shown in Paris in the Annual Salon of the Society of French Artists. The selections have been carefully made from the three thousand canvases and their presentation in the Picture Section of The Times will be fully worthy of the originals. Pictures representing all the various schools will be included. To one of these The Times will devote a full page. This is Louis Beroud's great canvas, "The Rush for Fortune"—a picture possessing remarkable interest.

There will also be a large double page group photograph of the Governors of the various States at their recent conference in Washington, showing as well the President and Vice President, members of the Cabinet and Supreme Court, and other notable guests. The demand for this special number of The Sunday Times is certain to be great and orders should be placed with newsdealers as early in the coming week as possible.—adv.

THE NEW YORK TIMES—NEXT SUNDAY, MAY 24.

Electric Lights

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Jacobs Electric Supply Co., 545 Lenox Av., near 135th St.

WHITEWASHING

of cellars, shafts, lofts, factories done; thorough and reasonable. Commercial Whitewashing Co., 229 East 75th St.

SAYS COAL WILL END WITHIN OUR TIME

Dr. Steinmetz Declares Electricity Will Then Prove the World's Salvation.

WATER POWER WILL GIVE IT

That Will Reduce Our Rivers to Slow-Moving Streams — Electricity Will Also Refertilize Exhausted Soil.

Dr. Charles P. Steinmetz, consulting engineer of the General Electric Company at Schenectady and Professor of Electrical Engineering at Union College, painted a doleful picture yesterday afternoon of what life will be in the world when the coal supply has been exhausted, when the natural fertility of the soil has been used up, and when the population has largely increased. And he thought that time not far distant. He thought that ultimately the people of the earth would have to look to electricity for heat; would have to depend on it to refertilize the earth so that it might bring forth enough for food and clothing to keep people alive.

Dr. Steinmetz spoke in the hall of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, 33 West Thirty-ninth Street, to the students and friends of the New York Electrical Trade School. His subject was "The Future of Electricity."

"You who sit in this room," he said, "will see the time when there will be no more hard coal. You may see the time, too, when supplies of soft coal are so far removed that they won't be worth while bringing to people. Even if folks continue to use that coal, it can't last very long. And there is a possibility that some day people will wake up to the fact that soft coal poisons the atmosphere. Then they may prohibit it. But it can't be a very great while before we must seek for other means than coal for keeping us warm. Wood has long since been discarded, as coal must soon be. What next?

"It seems to me that our best hope is electricity. But we must have power for that. With coal out of the question, where is the power to come from? The solution of the problem seems to be our natural water power, of which we use so very little now.

"We must look ahead also for our food and clothes. In the old days the people of the rich river valleys of the Far East tilled the soil, taking out of it what they needed for food and raiment. As time went on the soil had less and less to give up. There came a time when it would not produce unless something was put back into the soil. We call that fertilizer.

"Up-to-date farmers began years ago putting back into the earth fertilizer. When they began they first used bird manure, the accumulation of centuries. That long since played out. They turned to saltpetre. That is already so scarce and hard to get at that it is almost prohibitive in price.

"Where, then, in the coming times are we to get fertilizer to put back into the earth? There is a great mass of natural fertilizer which we now send down to our rivers as sewage to pollute them. It goes on down to the ocean, and is irreclaimable. But if we gathered this and put it back into the earth it would only be part of what was taken out of it. And so much has already been lost.

"Already nitrate is being taken out of the air by electricity, and this, taken out of the air, can be put into the earth. The method now used is not a commercial success. We must make it so.

"We shall depend upon electricity, then, to keep us from freezing and to keep from starving. We must have power to generate electricity. You admire very much the big motors that drag trains of cars, but for every horse power that is used by one of these motors a little more than a horse power must be generated somewhere along the line.

"In most cases now it is a steam engine that is doing it. Coal is fed to the steam engine. When our coal is gone, what shall we do for our power to generate electricity? We now use to some extent the natural force of water, but we use very little of the power that we have.

To Come from Water.

"I look forward to water to make the power. Where rivers are harnessed now, little of the power is utilized. We must get it all. In the Spring we have freshets. The creeks and brooks and small rivers are filled to overflowing, and they rush along. All that power we let go almost to waste.

"In the time to come we shall harness every stream that has the least motion. We shall guard every bit of energy that water has. In the coming days brooks and creeks and small rivers will be dry for most of their length, and the big rivers will be great slow-moving bodies of water, almost pools. A great deal of what we call natural beauty must perish. But we must live first, and then consider natural beauty."

Dr. Steinmetz told what electricity had already done. What has been done, however, has but opened up the lines of discovery. Communication over long distances was the first feat of electricity. Wireless telegraphy is the latest development of the new force. The inventor of a wireless telegraph wave cannot control its direction; it wanders all over the earth. The operator at a receiving station cannot select his waves. He must listen to them all.

The electrically driven car came, went on Dr. Steinmetz. The trolley has already united city and country. The time might come, he said, when there would be nothing in a city except factories, stores, and boarding houses for bachelors. If so, the cost of generating the motive power must be reduced. It had already been reduced by improvements; it must be reduced more.

Electricity for light and heat had been used, went on Dr. Steinmetz, but it was now too costly for that, primarily because of the special time demands and because of the transmitting devices used. For example, devices have recently been invented to get forty-eight candle power out of the same energy that was formerly needed for sixteen candle power, but nevertheless it is impossible to get sixteen candle power out of one-third of the old energy. Plants that haven't a sufficient number of daylight patrons have to charge more to their night patrons, and vice versa. If the users were but organized, then the cost to all wiuld be less.

Talking along the line of organization, Dr. Steinmetz thought that it might come to pass that the Government would have to take charge of all energy, human and otherwise, and direct it, that all might exist. He said this in connection with the statement that many farmers now cry out for help at harvest time, though they can give only a month or two of work. But men can't wait around ten months for two months of work. The trolley car might be indispensable in the shifting of these units of human energy from one place to another.

BROOKLYN NEWS NOTES.

Arrangements have been completed for the parade, review, and memorial services of the Army and Navy Union Garrisons of Greater New York next Sunday. The march will be from Gates and Bushwick Avenues to the National Cemetery, Cypress Hills. Gov. Hughes will be one of the speakers at the cemetery.

The announcement is made that the old Montauk Theatre, at Flatbush Avenue and Fulton Street, which has been reconstructed, will be reopened in the Fall under the name of the Crescent Theatre. It will be managed by Percy G. Williams. A big stock company is being organized to produce plays there.

An appeal is to be made to Commissioner Bingham for a new police launch in Jamaica Bay. The launch is wanted to patrol the waters around Broad Channel and Rockaway Beach, where, in the Summertime, many sailing and fishing parties get into difficulties.

United States Commissioner Richard P. Morle was before Magistrate Steers in the Flatbush Court yesterday, charged with racing with John A. Tourney, who lives in Manhattan, on the Ocean Parkway bridle path. The policeman who made the arrest alleged that the two men were galloping their horses at the rate of thirty miles an hour. Magistrate Steers suspended sentence on the two riders.

MOTHER'S VISIT CHEERS THAW

Had Spent Bad Night After Experience on Stand at Insanity Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, May 17.—Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw arrived here at 11:40 o'clock from New York City. She went immediately to the jail and joined her son in the quarters of Sheriff Chanler.

Mother and son attended the Episcopal services held in the chapel of the jail, the two joining in the singing of the hymns. There are only eighteen prisoners in the jail, and all of them were present. The choir, consisting of women, was a large one, many of the volunteer singes attending to get a glimpse of the prisoner from Matteawan and his mother.

Mrs. Thaw had dinner with her son in the jail, and left for New York on the 3:45 train. She appeared in good health. She believes that her son will be liberated from Matteawan by the decision of Justice Morschauser, which will be ready the first of next week.

Thaw was reported to have passed a bad night Saturday, after his brief experience on the witness stand.

He was somewhat disheartened by the newspaper reports of the culmination last night of the hearing on his application for release from Matteawan, and discouraged because his experts had told him that his conduct on the stand had prejudiced his case. Before his mother's arrival Thaw wrote a note to Dr. Pilgrim, Superintendent of the Hudson River State Hospital and one of his experts, saying:

> Dear Dr. Pilgrim: If you can call here this afternoon and see my mother it will oblige me very much. She will leave at 3 o'clock for Pittsburg. She is not well, so if you come please do not say anything that will cause her anxiety.
>
> HARRY K. THAW.

The note was written correctly, not at all like his letters of five years ago, which are in evidence. Dr. Pilgrim was touched by the note, he said to-night, but he received it too late to get down from the hospital in time to meet Mrs. Thaw.

Harry was somewhat excited when he reached his room at 9:30 last night, having been told of the bad impression caused by his conduct on the stand. Nevertheless, he was up at 6:30 as usual this morning, and to Jailer Havens he said:

"I do not think I was as nervous as the reporters described me. I tried to be very careful in my answers to Mr. Jerome, and I suppose my extreme caution made me appear nervous. Stenographers were changed just as I took the stand, and that caused some confusion.

"Mr. Jerome caused me some surprise, as I did not know that he intended to call me, and he did it so suddenly. I wanted to testify, and told my counsel so, but I would have preferred to take the stand some morning. I was fatigued after the strain of those three long days in court. Still, I am pleased with the termination of the case, and I have no complaint to make about anything."

The visit from his mother seemed to cheer him, and to-night apparently he had regained confidence.

WIFE WANTS SUIT PUT OFF.

Attorney for Evelyn Nesbit Thaw Will Seek an Adjournment.

Efforts will be made by Daniel O'Reilly, counsel for Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, to obtain a further adjournment of the hearing scheduled for Tuesday next in the proceedings brought by Mrs. Thaw for the annulment of her marriage to Harry K. Thaw. Former Judge Deyo of this city is referee in the case.

Mr. O'Reilly will base his request for a further postponement on the ground that certain evidence which he expects to present is being utilized in the Thaw habeas corpus proceedings. Mrs. Thaw contends that her husband was insane at the time of their marriage on April 4, 1905.

Col. Franklin Bartlett, one of Thaw's attorneys, says that he will move to have the proceedings dismissed when the case comes up Tuesday. He probably will object to a further postponement.

UNIONS ATTACK THE MAYOR.

Central Federation Aroused by Veto of City Vacation Bill.

There was a heated debate at yesterday's meeting of the Central Federated Union over a letter received from Mayor McClellan explaining why he vetoed the Hoey Vacation bill for city employes. A committee of the central body had been appointed to go before the Mayor when the bill came before him, but, according to the committee, Assemblyman Hoey, who was there, shut off debate when only three persons had spoken.

Mayor McClellan wrote that he favored the bill as originally drawn and would sign a proper bill, but objected to a number of amendments which had been introduced. One was that there should be no vacation in the months of October and November, and another was that the employes should be given a vacation with pay for at least one week every year, no vacation to exceed a month. "This is necessary very often," he said, "to fix the vacations of some of the men for October and November. The limitation of one month he thought ill-advised, as, if the bill became law, the heads of the departments could not lay men off more than a month with pay for illness. Another feature he objected to was that the bill excepted the Department of Education. This, he said, was evidently intended to mean that the Department of Education vacations would remain as before, but it was too vague, and might be construed as cutting out the two months' vacation of the school teachers in the Summer.

Several of the delegates criticised the Mayor. Delegate Scofield of the International Association of Machinists said:

"This is only a flim-flam. I never took much stock in the Mayor, but I am surprised that he would have the nerve to veto this bill."

"We'll veto him when he is a candidate for any office," shouted a Socialist.

The Mayor was defended by Samuel Prince of the Cigarmakers' Union.

The Socialists insisted on the motion being passed condemning the Mayor, and after a discussion of two hours it was decided to leave the matter to the Executive Committee.

PROTEST AGAINST PEARSONS.

Central Federation Says Siphon Bid Shows They'll Hire Non-Union Men.

The Central Federated Union took up the question yesterday of the old fight against Pearson & Son, who had the contract for the Thirty-fourth Street tunnel. Pearson & Son is an English firm and is the lowest bidder for the Wallkill Valley siphon of the Catskill Aqueduct.

Delegate McConville of the Safety Engineers' Union said that the firm had always employed non-union men, that there was an enormous death rate when it was building the Thirty-fourth Street tunnel, and that instead of employing citizens it imported men to do the work. The bid of the firm for the Wallkill Valley contract was $1,000,000 lower than that of any other firm, which meant he said that it would employ non-union men. The Secretary was instructed to write to the Mayor and Commissioner Bensel of the Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, and ask that the contract be withheld from Pearson & Son. A committee was also appointed to make the same request.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BURGLARS RAIDING EAST SIDE HOMES

Pair of Them Having a Free and Easy Time in Apartment Houses.

THEY MAY USE CHLOROFORM

Good Hauls Made In Nearly Every Flat—Detectives Can't Get Trace of Them.

Residents on the east side, from Eighty-ninth down to Eighty-second Street, have been visited in the last two weeks by an enterprising pair of burglars, who have entered the first-floor flats in each house by the fire escape and the kitchen window, and carried off all the jewels, cash, and other valuables. The police of the East Eighty-eighth Street Station have detectives out after clues, and are being assisted in their search by Detective Lieutenant Browne from Police Headquarters, but so far no trace of the burglars has been discovered.

The series of robberies commenced ten days ago at the Media apartment house, at Park Avenue and Eighty-ninth Street, where the thieves got away with $600 in cash. They ran the electric elevator up and down to the different floors where eight men were sleeping at the time. Between 2:30 and 4:30 on Thursday morning the burglars robbed four first-floor flats at 336, 338, and 342 East Eighty-seventh Street, and got away without being detected, although all the flats were occupied.

Edward A. Jacobs, who lives on the first floor of No. 336, said that the burglars took a gold watch valued at $125 and $100 in cash from his apartment. There are five strong young men living there, and it seems difficult to realize how the robbers ransacked the rooms, actually taking clothing from under the pillows of sleeping men without disturbing anybody. Mr. Jacobs said that the Fire Department insisted upon the extension escapes being permanently fixed so that the ladders were within less than two feet from the ground, which made it easy for the thieves to climb up at the back of the house.

Alexander Marburger, manufacturer of novelties at 17 Ann Street, who lives on the first floor of 338 East Eighty-seventh Street, had his flat entered the same morning, and had diamond rings, earrings, watches, and cash stolen to the amount of $500. The robber took Mr. Marburger's clothes from under his pillow, but missed a bag that contained $800 in cash that was hidden in the same place.

The burglars then entered the next flat on the same floor that was occupied by a Mr. Roth, where they only succeeded in finding $6 in cash. In revenge, they took a new suit of clothes out of a wardrobe and a new gown, put them both in the sink, and turned the water on. The next flat visited was that of Mr. Stopfler, landlord of the flathouses, which are built on the Rhinelander estate and kept select in the way of tenants, at 342, where the burglars got away with a gold watch and $60 in cash.

Two second floor flats at 327 and 329 East Eighty-sixth Street were entered that same morning from the rear and robbed. As a rule the burglars did not go above the first floor, but in these two cases the first floors were empty, so they went one floor above. These houses are between Second and First Avenues. A man who returned home at 2 o'clock on Thursday morning was held up in East Eighty-seventh Street, opposite No. 336, and robbed of all he had on him except a car fare, which they left him at his own humble request. Since then other robberies have taken place in Eighty-eighth, Eighty-ninth, and Eighty-second Streets. The police say they are doing all in their power to run the burglars down.

Mr. Jacobs says the robbers must have used chloroform, otherwise his boys would have heard them. All the tenants are now armed, and the kitchen windows are secured every night at 10 o'clock.

OIL STEAMERS FOR J. W. GATES

He Is Forming a Company to Handle His Texas Product.

Plans are on foot for the organization of a steamship line to be backed by John W. Gates, which will operate between this city and Southern ports. For several weeks Mr. Gates has been actively engaged perfecting plans for the new line. It was said yesterday by several steamship men that the new line will probably build a fleet of six or more steamers, two of which at least will be tank steamers, for the transportation of oil from Texas.

The object of Mr. Gates in financing the company will be to find a profitable outlet for his extensive oil properties in Port Arthur, Texas. It is said in shipping circles that Theodore G. Egar, formerly General Manager and Vice President of the Clyde Line, will be at the head of the new company. Mr. Egar is now in Europe, and is expected back in a few weeks. The new steamship line will compete with the Clyde and Mallory Lines for the Southern business, it is said.

It is purposed to establish wharves at several of the Southern seaport cities, including Charleston, S. C.; Jacksonville, Fla., and New Orleans. It is generally understood by shipping men of this city that the promoters of the new concern are now looking for wharf property on the North River to use as the Northern terminus for the line.

The vessels which will engage in the coastwise trade for the new company will have to be built in this country, owing to restrictions imposed by the coastwise laws. It will be at least a year before such a company could be in a position to begin operations, according to experienced steamship men who discussed the project yesterday.

10,000 Bibles for Sailors and Immigrants.

Ten thousand Bibles were distributed to sailors at this port and among immigrants at Ellis Island in the last four weeks, according to the Rev. George W. Carter, General Secretary of the New York Bible Society. Every arriving and departing sailor at this port receives a Bible whenever it is possible to reach him.

Brazil May Own Embassy in Washington.

RIO JANEIRO, May 17.—A bill for the appropriation of $200,000 will be introduced shortly in the Chamber of Deputies for the purpose of acquiring a property in Washington for a permanent home for the Brazilian Embassy.

RIOT IN MULBERRY STREET.

Not a Policeman Shows Up While Gang Battles at Headquarters.

The activities of a group of young men who call themselves the "Mulberry Street Gang," and whose pastime is to make life uncomfortable for the Italians of the district who put in every Sunday trying to learn how to ride bicycles up and down Mulberry Street from Grand to Bleecker, resulted yesteday in a riot in front of Police Headquarters and the severe beating of two victims without a single policeman interfering.

The favorite method of operation of the gang is to wheel down the street in a solid phalanx and ride down any of the beginners that are so unfortunate as not to be able to get out of the way. Just before dark last night five of the gang were carrying out these tactics in front of the Puck Building at Mulberry and Houston Streets. Two young Italians swung around the corner into Mulberry Street manipulating their wheels with more or less success only to be run down by the doughty five.

Before they could get to their feet they were set upon by the five, who loudly cursed them for "getting in the way." One of the victims succeeded in breaking away and headed for Police Headquarters, half a block away. The gang followed, beating him as he ran, and stopped him at the steps of the building. Then he sought refuge across the street, where his companion had already hidden in one of the rooms occupied by the newspaper men stationed at Headquarters.

The crowd, still keeping up their assault, would have followed him into the building had not several reporters succeeded in barring the door. By this time fully 200 persons had collected in the street, and still not a policeman appeared. The big gray building across the street looked deserted, and no policeman even put his head out of a window to see what it was all about.

After half an hour the two young men washed their battered faces, bandaged up the worst of their cuts and tried to get away. The gang was waiting for them at the corner with reinforcements, and when last seen from Headquarters the riot was moving out of sight down Mulberry Street.

Another bicycle mix-up gave the reserves of the Eldridge Street Police Station a busy half hour a little later in the evening. At 8 o'clock a riot call was sent from Ludlow and Stanton Streets, and Sergt. Hackett hustled out with a dozen men. When he arrived at Ludlow Street he found it jammed, but no one seemed to know what had happened except that two shots had been fired somewhere by some one.

The reserves had just got back to the station house when Samuel Schwartz of 177 Ludlow Street presented himself with a badly battered face and head. He said he was walking along Ludlow Street when a man on a bicycle ran up on the sidewalk and bumped into him, knocking him down. He got up, only to be attacked by the man who had bumped into him and two others.

Detective Fitzgibbons was sent out with Schwartz, and half an hour later they found a young man at Ludlow and Delancey Streets whom Schwartz said was the man of the bicycle. At the station house he said he was Abraham Roth of 209 Stanton Street. In his pocket was found a revolver with two chambers recently exploded. He denied that he knew anything about either the shots or the trouble with Schwartz's face. He was locked up on a charge of carrying concealed weapons.

Scotch Night at the Hungry Club.

The ninety-second dinner of the Hungry Club at the Hotel Flanders on Saturday was celebrated as "Scotch Night" by 150 members and their guests. Following the dinner there was a programme of Scottish songs, music, and dances by Scottish artists in Highland costume.

IN NEW JERSEY.

Having nearly completed fifty years of active service in the ministry, the Rev. Alexander McKelvey has resigned the pastorate of the First Reformed Church of Boonton, his resignation to take effect the last Sunday in July. Mr. McKelvey has been pastor in Boonton for fourteen years. He was born in the north of Ireland eighty-one years ago, and came to the United States when he was 21, graduating from the Theological School of Rutgers College in the class of 1858.

Following the announcement of James N. Pidcock, Jr., of High Bridge, the County Democratic leader, that he would not be a candidate for State Senator, former Assemblyman L. E. Trimmer of Crestmoor has stated that he will be a candidate to succeed Senator William C. Gebhardt.

A small power boat, from Philadelphia to Whale Beach, ran ashore near Wildwood, near Atlantic City, yesterday. A big hole was punched in the boat, and one of her crew of two men was injured. The boat was taken ashore by the life savers at Haverford Inlet.

Following the success of the pay-as-you-enter trolley cars on one line in Newark, the Public Service Corporation yesterday put in operation another, the Roseville line, which runs from the centre of the city to East Orange, and is one of the most heavily patronized branches of the system. The installation yesterday was a success. As soon as cars can be built, other lines will be equipped with them.

Twenty stolen bicycles were captured by the Newark police late Saturday night, and their custodian, Antonio Delliso, 21 years old, was made a prisoner. He is charged with the theft of a motorcycle, owned by Essex County Park Policeman James Wilson, which was found with the others when the Newark police visited Delliso's place. Detectives traced the man to 58 Crawford Street, where he conducted a bicycle repair shop, and there found the other wheels, some of which were identified by their owners yesterday.

Announcement has been made in Newark, following the address there Saturday night by Gov. J. Frank Hanly of Illinois in favor of local option, that James R. Sayre of that city had presented $25,000 in furtherance of the cause. The money will be paid in yearly installments of $5,000, and must be used to meet expenses incurred while prosecuting a campaign against the sale of liquor.

A break in the large pipe near Little Falls put out of commission both of the large mains carrying water to the City of Newark. The break occurred in a pipe at the gate whose function it is to regulate the pressure of the water carried to the Cedar Grove reservoir from Macopin. The rush of water did considerable damage. A big force of workmen is at work repairing the damage and mending the break. The latter will be completed in a few days.

Fear that he was suspected of holding up and robbing hotel keeper Levi Grant of Chesterfield, a few miles below Trenton, so preyed on the mind of Walter Johnson that he committed suicide last night at his Chesterfield home. Johnson was subpoenaed as a witness at the trial of the men who robbed the hotel keeper, but he could not understand that he was only wanted to identify them.

United States Marshal Alcott left Trenton secretly late Saturday night with three guards heavily armed to take to the Atlanta, Ga., prison John Burns and William McCoy, the South Jersey yeggmen who robbed the Bridgeport and Pedrickstown Post Offices and threw nitro-glycerine at police who chased them. The secrecy observed by the Marshal was due to the report that there was a confederate abroad who was watching a chance to rescue Burns and McCoy.

While William Haver, 15 years old, of 214 Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City, was watching a baseball game on Hilside Avenue yesterday he was struck in the mouth by a foul ball and four of his teeth were knocked out. After his wound had been dressed at Christ Hospital he went home.

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